

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Saturday, Dec. 14, 1901.

VOL. XXIX, NO. 32.



A Christmas Privilege

If your present has been acceptable, as it's sure to be if it's comprised in our really handsome aggregation of parlor, dining room, drawing room and bedroom furniture. All sorts of upholstered easy chairs and comfortable rockers—in fact, everything in furniture for the season.

JOHN MCGLOIN.

M. A. BOGGER'S old stand.



THINK IT OVER.

Balance "I Need" against "I Can Afford" and even if the balance is the wrong way, don't fear to come here. We don't shriek "low prices" much, but we do give them, and you know what you are getting. Our lumber is the best that can be bought.

KELLOGG BROS. LBR. CO.

—YARDS AT—

East Grand Rapids.

West Grand Rapids,

Nekoosa, Wis.

BARNES the Confectioner

Has the nicest all-around line of candies to be found in the city, and they are being sold at prices that are within the reach of all.

Christmas Presents for Little Folks.....

There is a large assortment of presents for the little people, Toys, Games, Musical Toys and Christmas Tree Decorations. A fine line of....

CIGARS IN BOXES

That make a nice gift for a gentleman friend. These are all reliable goods and you need not be afraid to invest even if you are not a smoker.

W. H. BARNES,

West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

MICHAEL STROGOFF.

Rendered in fine style by Our Home People.

A full house greeted the production of Michael Strogoff on Thursday evening, and the audience had no reason to feel disappointed at having attended. The piece was well handled throughout and the music, which had been specially prepared for the occasion, was good. Between the two last acts the orchestra played "Howery Luck," which so caught the audience that proceedings had to stop right there until it had been played a second time.

The part of Michael Strogoff was taken by E. L. Kromer and was handled in a masterful manner, and certainly exceeded all expectations. Charles Podawitz took the part of Ivanogoroff and was very good, and made a first class Russian villain, with plenty of vim. Otto Roennin also did first class as the Czar of Russia.

The two newspaper correspondents, Messrs. Blunt and Laidlaw, which parts were taken by Elbert Kellogg and Marcellus McCarthy, amused the audience from start to finish. As revolver shots these two gentlemen were certainly wondrous. Some of the audience even hinted that their revolvers must have been loaded with buckshot but this is a base slander. Any self-respecting American ought to be able to plunk two scurvy Arabs at every shot, and this is better than the reporters did, but of course some allowance has to be made for one of them being an Englishman.

Miss Matilde Hunge as Nadia, Ethel Kelly as Saugaree, Ethel Youte as Maria Strogoff and Amelia Baudelin as the susceptible Madam Gogol were all good, and it would be hard to pick out the best one of the quartet.

Everybody expressed themselves as well pleased with the show, and it was certainly the best thing by home talent that has been produced for some time. A large number remained after the performance to take part in the social hop, at which the New Monarch orchestra rendered some nice music.

Officers Elected.

Mystic Workers.

The Mystic Workers held their election of officers on Thursday, December 5th, with the following result.

Prefect—J. B. Bridge.
Monitor—C. E. Mullen.
Marshall—Fred Alexander.
Banker—W. H. Barnes.
Sentinel—G. McCrossen.
Picket—Chas. Anderson.
Secy—O. E. Mickelson.
Physician—J. J. Looze.
Attorney—Fred Duchanic.
Installation will occur at the first meeting in the new year, which is Thursday, January 2.

Woodmen of the World.

The Woodmen of the World elected officers on the 10th instant, as follows:

C. C.—Jos. Bogger.
A. S.—A. Knudson.
Banker—J. W. Natwick.
Clerk—C. E. Kruger.
Escort—O. Erdman.
Watchman—M. Lemense.
Sentry—C. B. Green.

Modern Woodmen.

Venerable Consul—James Hanna.
Worthy Advisor—O. E. Mickelson.
Banker—W. G. Scott.
Clerk—A. C. Timm.
Escort—James Pickett.
Watchman—Fred Ebert.
Sentinel—W. E. Little.
Manager—Fred Bossert.
Physicians—F. Pomerville, C. A. Boorman, F. D. Humphrey.
Installation occurs at the first meeting in January.

Equitable and Fraternal Union.

President—Jos. Bogger.
Vice Pres.—W. G. Scott.
Secretary—Walter Denis.
Treasurer—W. H. Barnes.
Advisor—Jas. Bronson.
Warden—Grant Babcock.
Installation will occur on first Tuesday in January.

Map of Wisconsin Free.

I have a limited supply of Rand & McNally's large wall maps of Wisconsin which I will send, until the supply is exhausted, to any teacher in this county sending 25 cents to pay express charges and agreeing to the following: First, the map shall be hung up in the school room until the close of winter term. Second, to agree to place one of my large illustrated posters in the post office or some other prominent place securely fastened. Third, that the map be kept open at all times and not rolled up. This map retails at from \$2 to \$2.50. The winter term of the Toland universities begins January 2nd. Send for beautiful booklet containing portraits of hundreds of graduates now holding first-class positions. Address F. J. TOLAND, La Crosse, Wis.

Death of Robert Blow.

Robert Blow, one of the old residents of this section, died on Saturday last at his home about two miles east of the city at the age of 74 years.

The deceased came to this city about forty years ago and has lived in this immediate vicinity ever since. He leaves a wife and four children to mourn his loss. The funeral occurred on Tuesday afternoon from the Methodist church, Rev. W. A. Peterson officiating.

Rockers

For young or old, large or small, black or white, at prices that will fit any size pocketbook. Remember a picture goes with every sale at GEO. W. BAKER'S furniture store. East Side.

New Library Books.

Following is a list of new books at the library which were recently received and are being catalogued preparatory to circulation. They will be ready on Monday.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Briggs, L. B. R.—School, college and character.

Brooks, Geraldine—Dames and daughters of the colonial days.

Davenport, H. J.—Outlines of economic theory.

Dunbar, P. L.—Candle lightin' time.

Farrelly, M. J.—The settlement after the war in South Africa.

Grimm, G. Bird—The punishment of the stingy and other Indian stories.

Hadley, A. T.—The education of the American citizen.

Halsey, F. W.—American authors and their homes.

Hough, P. M.—Dutch life in town and country.

Lahee, H. C.—Grand opera in America.

Livingston, W. F.—Israel Putnam.

Mervin, H. C.—Aaron Burr.

Pahner, F. H. E.—Russian life in town and country.

Thompson, E. Seton—Lives of the hunted.

Sparks, E. E.—The expansion of the American people.

Inge, W. F.—Life in Rome under the Caesars.

FICTION.

Barbour, R. H.—Captain of the crew.

Baum, L. F.—American fairy tales.

Becker—Gallus.

Benefactress, The—By author of Elizabeth and her German garden.

Butterworth, Hezekiah—In the days of Audubon.

Cable, G. W.—The Cavalier.

Caine, Hall—Eternal city.

Chambers, R. W.—Cardigan.

Doubleday, Russell—A year in a yawl.

Gordon, C. H.—The man from Glen-garry.

Ray, A. C.—Teddy her daughter.

Stevenson, R. L.—Black arrow.

Van Dyke, H.—The ruling passion.

Wells, Carolyn—Patty Fairfield.

IN DURANCE VILE.

Soldier Who Thought War was over, Finds Himself Pinched.

William Bell, an old soldier, and member of the Wood county post, was arrested on Wednesday evening by his comrades, but managed to escape from the court martial with his life.

The members of Wood county post had decided to give Uncle William a genuine surprise, and according to all accounts, they did what they started out to do. At 8 o'clock the meeting of the post was adjourned for one week, and the members with solemn visages and martial tread proceeded to Mr. Bell's home, where the old gentleman was placed under arrest with all the necessary pomp of an affair of this kind.

From his home he was marched to the M. E. church parlors where all were seated with Uncle William in the foreground. Then the young people and ladies rendered a fine program consisting of war songs, war stories etc. after which Commander M. S. Pratt escorted Uncle William to the head of a row of tables which had been placed by the ladies for the occasion, and all partook of a fine supper. After this the old comrades spent a pleasant hour in each others company, during which time Dr. Humphrey rendered two fine solos. There were about twenty-five old soldiers present and a very enjoyable time was spent.

One of the best parts of the whole affair was the complete surprise of Uncle William when placed under arrest. He was so bewildered, in fact, that he entirely forgot his hat when he started for the "guard house" and his attention had to be called to the fact by one of his comrades.

Uncle William says it was the greatest surprise he has had in years and proved in the end to be as great a joy as it was surprise. Everybody seemed to enjoy the affair hugely and did not feel like leaving until ten o'clock.

A COMRADE.

St. John's Church.

On Sunday December 15th the Right Rev. Reginald Heber Weiser, D. D., Bishop coadjutor of the diocese of Fond du Lac will confirm a class at St. John's church in this city.

Services for the day will be celebration of Eucharist at 7:30 a. m., confirmation service and celebration of Eucharist with a sermon by the Bishop at 10:30 a. m., evening prayers and children's service with an address by the Bishop at 4 p. m.

After this service a public reception will be held in the Vicarage to which all members of the church and strangers are invited.

Blaisdell-Laramie.

James Blaisdell of Trout Lake, and Miss Louise Laramie of Grand Rapids were united in marriage December 1, by Justice Daniels. The marriage took place at Mr. Blaisdell's home, where a wedding dinner was served to the happy couple and a number of guests who wished them a happy wedded life.

Unclaimed Letters.

West Side.

List of letters unclaimed in the west side postoffice, for the week ending Dec. 11, 1901.

Guy, Jesse J. Klantin-Whitehead, B. E.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say "advertised."

W. H. COCHRAN, Postmaster.

Remember that watch you promised for a Christmas present? W. G. Scott has a full selection.

LIKED HIS BOARD.

A Degenerate Who Wanted to Live on the Town.

Henry Fisher was arrested on Wednesday for petty larceny and sentenced to fifteen days in the county jail.

Fisher it seems, who hails from Nekoosa, had just finished a ten days sentence in the hotel McLaughlin, and he had been treated so well that he fell in love with his surroundings and the life of ease he was leading and evidently decided that the best thing he could do would be to go back for another term.

When first noticed on Wednesday Fisher was in Monian's saloon where he attempted to sell a pair of rubbers. He failed in this, but managed to kick up enough disturbance so as to attract Officer Gibson's attention. When the officer appeared on the scene Fisher took him off to one side and explained that he had stolen a pair of rubbers, and that it would be to the officer's benefit to arrest him.

Mr. Gibson supposed that the man was intoxicated and he was ejected from the saloon. Later he was found on the street corner using obscene language, and when again approached by the officer, he immediately surrendered and informed that gentleman that he was just trying to get arrested and that he wanted to get sixty days.

It developed that he had stolen the rubbers from Joseph Cohen on the east side, and had made a display of the fact about town in order to attract attention.

He afterward explained to the officer that he had been working on the railroad all summer and that he was 57 years old, and that he did not propose to stay this winter if he could find a nice place to spend his time as our county jail had proven to be.

Doins on the Bowery.

A printing office, three saloons, two second-hand stores of Jewish extraction and a grocery store ought to make any thoroughfare a busy one, even though it was of great length, but when the whole conglomeration is onto a stretch of street scarcely 200 feet in length, the effect can only be conceived by one who is right on the ground. This is the condition of affairs in the immediate vicinity of the Tribune office. Things have been lively on the Bowery for some time past, especially on nice days when the weather would permit of interested parties standing in front of their places of business and "chewing the rag" across the street.

It seems that a great deal of jealousy has sprung up between the two parties conducting the second-hand stores and the consequence was that a full-fledged hardwood stove was often sold for 99 cents that ought to bring at least a dollar in the hands of any reputable dealer.

While there is an old adage to the effect that competition is the life of trade, in this instance it also seemed to furnish the life for a daily quarrel between the two rival houses, weather permitting.

Matters came to focus on Tuesday when Jake Smuckler swore out a warrant for the arrest of Sam Springberg, Sam works for Max Steinberg and was accused in the complaint of having used foul and abusive language to Mrs. Smuckler.

The case was tried on Wednesday afternoon before Judge Croteau and a large concourse of interested spectators listened to the proceedings. For once a graveyard quiet reigned on the Bowery. There wasn't a Jew left to run the business, and it was a surprise that there were so many in the city to be at the trial.

When placed on the witness stand Sam Springberg swore that he hadn't said a word derogatory to anybody's character, but said that Mrs. Smuckler had put herself out to make his life miserable, and that she sent the children out with baskets and a lantern to parade in front of his place of business. Sam explained that in Jewish this meant that he could not see after four o'clock and that he had better go to picking rags.

This was all denied by the other side, and as all the quarrels had been in what was termed the Jewish language and could not be understood by the surrounding inhabitants no light could be thrown on the matter by outside witnesses.

After hearing all the testimony the jury apparently came to the conclusion that it was about a horse apiece, and the prisoner was discharged.

Married.

BAKER-SWEENEY—On Thursday, December 5th, 1901, Rev. B. J. H. Shaw officiating, George Warren Baker to Mary Elizabeth Sweeney, both of this city.

Only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties were present, the wedding being a very quiet one. George is like Joey Bagstock, he's devilish sly, and he thought he could fool the boys, but on Friday night they had found him out and assembled in overwhelming numbers and many people whose musical ear is not just what it should be, thought that the brass band had turned out for an evening concert which, however, was found to be a mistake.

Mr. and Mrs. Baker will make their home in this city and the Tribune extends congratulations.

No one can reasonably hope for good health unless his bowels move once a day. When this is not attended to, disorders of the stomach arise, biliousness, headache dyspepsia and piles soon follow. If you wish to avoid these ailments keep your bowels regular by taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when required. They are so easy to take and mild and gentle in effect. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co.

CHAS. S. WHITTLESEY, FIRE INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

Office over Bank of Grand Rapids, West Side.

All business promptly attended to. First class fire insurance at Current Rates.

Over 20,000 acres of wild and improved farming lands for sale. Houses and lots for sale in the city.

General agent for The United States Fidelity & Guaranty Co.

Fidelity, Judicial and Contract Bonds furnished.

Will insure banks and business houses against burglary.

HOUSES TO RENT.

FOR SALE—100 acre farm, 40 acres cleared, good house and barn, team, stock and farm machinery, situated town of Pt. Edwards, one mile from city limits.

FOR SALE—100 acre farm six miles east of city, good house, small barn, cheap.

FOR SALE—80 acre farm, fine house and barn, town of Hansen, 10 miles from city, excellent location, can be secured at a bargain.

FOR SALE—Two lots with fine 10-room house, good barn and woodshed, situated in desirable residence part of the city, east side.

FOR SALE—One lot with fine house, modern improvements, good location close to business part of city, west side.

FOR SALE—One lot with fine modern residence, French St., close to business part of city.

FOR SALE—Two good farms, town of Arden, Juneau county, 120 and 200 acres respectively. Prices and terms very reasonable.

Prices, terms and full particulars furnished at my office.

C. S. WHITTLESEY, GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

Candy!

If you want pure home-made Candies go to the White Front Candy Kitchen. Also leave an order for plain or fancy Ice Cream. It will receive our prompt attention.

AIKEN'S Candy Kitchen, East Side.

GEO. W. BAKER,

Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer.

All business intrusted to my care will have prompt and careful attention. A qualified lady assistant. Special attention given to night calls.

Telephone 313. Center St. East Side. GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

To our many friends and patrons we beg to announce that on and after January 1st, 1902, we will do a strictly cash business. No discounts and only one price to all will be our motto.

Very respectfully yours, SPAFFORD, COLE & CO.

ALL KINDS OF

COAL

PRICES RIGHT.

E. C. KETCHUM.

TELEPHONE: Office, 164. Residence, 51.

C. M. DOUGHARTY, Electric Light and Bell Wiring.

Full line of Batteries, Electric Fans and Electrical Supplies. Telephone 386. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

Articles were also filed by the Music Lybricator of this city with a cash stock of \$20,000. The incorporators are A. A. Stelling, B. J. Larkin and C. Lamb, and the Nevada Auditorium company to build a theater. The company has a capital stock of \$20,000 and the incorporators are F. J. Seussbrenner, M. H. Brown and S. S. Morgan.

Wife of Menasha Saloonkeeper Len
Home with \$3.00.
Menasha, Wis., Dec. 10. [Special
The Menasha police are looking for
John Bublitz, the wife of a saloonkeeper
in this city, who disappeared Saturday
night with a 4-year-old son and \$200

**Charles Burnett of Newblville Pa
Awny at His Home.**
Madison, Wis., Dec. 9. (Spec.) Charles Burnett, the capital police who was taken home to Newblville, Pa. last week, died there Sunday night. He leaves a family.

Cumberland, Wis., Dec. 9.—[S.]
—William M. Simpson, county of
Barron county, died at his home
yest.

When a man stops smoking and begins again, he is mighty timid about first offenses.

PAPERS BY THE PEOPLE

Danger of "Educated Ignorance."



Our government can be no purer than a majority of its citizens. Our aim should be to teach our youth that the first duty of citizenship is the exercise of the divine right guaranteed by our constitution through active participation in the selection of their public servants and in deciding upon those policies of government which shall prevail. Government cannot be made perfect any more than the human mind may attain omniscience, but as education advances we can improve upon old methods, and we can demand from our public servants honesty and fidelity, and by the exercise of the elective franchise in our primaries and caucuses secure the highest standard of ability. If, however, as is too often the case, the so-called higher education leads us to forego this right, then we deserve misgovernment and spoliation and the arraying of one portion of our people against the other. Ignorance provokes discontent, and if I may be permitted to use the term, "educated ignorance" provokes anarchy and confusion.

Teach our youth that the principles for which our forefathers fought are as dear to them as to those who took part in that great struggle; teach them that the great battles which ended in the emancipation of the slave are the glory of our country and were but another step in advance in our system of government; inculcate in them with respect for our flag; teach them that our country is really the home for those who love liberty, that it is truly the refuge for the oppressed, and that it offers equal opportunities to all.

BENJAMIN B. ODELL, JR.,
Governor of New York.

Passing of the Hawaiian.



The civilization of the white man is not always a boon to the savage; it means, sooner or later, his doom. The red men are nearly gone, the aborigines of Australia are passing, and the Hawaiian race is rapidly melting away before the sunlight of civilized enterprise.

In 1893 there were 71,019 Hawaiians in the islands still, even though foreigners had already begun introducing civilization. In 1872 the native population had dwindled to 49,014, to which must be added 1,487 part Hawaiians—children of an Hawaiian mother and a foreign husband.

The next twelve years saw a further drop to 40,144, and an increase of part Hawaiians to 4,218, while in 1890 there were only 34,436 Hawaiians and 6,186 part Hawaiians. Six years later the Hawaiians number 31,019, and the mixed population 8,485. The latest census brings to light the fact that not only has the pure native population continued to diminish, but the part Hawaiian numbers have decreased from 8,485 to 7,825. The Hawaiian population is now actually one-third the number of the Japanese in-



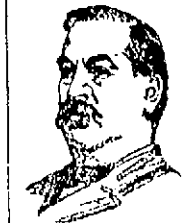
migrant; there have been 29,831 to over 61,000 Japanese. In fifty years there will be scarcely any Hawaiians left to inhabit the Hawaiian Islands. The old customs and habits of the Hawaiians are dying out faster even than the race itself.

The Hawaiians do not work hard or systematically. In the old days, before the advent of missionaries and traders, all the Hawaiians lived comfortably without the need of working, thanks to the natural resources always available. Civilization brought to them the necessity of working for a living and seeing others occupy the lands which once were theirs. Japanese and Chinese and other alien races have come into the land, and do the better kinds of work, and the Hawaiian is left principally to fishing and boating, though even here the Chinese have intruded, and will soon drive out the poor Hawaiians.

It is sad to watch the passing of any race, and doubly so when the natives are such fine, well made, generous and good-natured souls. But the civilization of the white man is not kind to any of the colored races, and they go out one by one. With the end of the Hawaiians another picturesque race will have disappeared from this earth.

ALFRED STEAD,
Fellow Royal Colonial Society.

Capital and Labor.



The most serious and persistent evil that disturbs co-operation among our people is found in the contentions and quarrels between employers and employees. Surely, as an original proposition there should be no antagonism in this country between labor and capital. On the contrary, they should be in one close alliance and friendship. Our institutions forbid that an explanation of such antagonism should be found in class jealousy and abuses.

I desire distinctly to disclaim any intention to suggest what may be the cause or causes of the dislocation which unfortunately so frequently occurs in the relationship of labor to capital. Whether it results from unreasonable and irritating demands on the part of labor, or whether our workmen listen too credulously to malign counsels, or whether again the trouble arises from the greed and avarice of capital and of its immense aggregations, I do not pretend to say. Perhaps all these have a share in creating the difficulty. But there is antagonism in this relationship where there should be a generous unity of purpose.

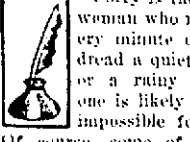
The situation itself proves that somewhere there are members of our partnership in American citizenship who are in violation of partnership duty; and I am sure that I venture nothing in making the assertion that the only remedy for this situation must be found in a return to the observances of the law of American co-operation. This return will not be accomplished by nursing real or im-

aginary injuries on the part of labor, nor by lordly and selfish arrogance on the part of capital. A beginning must be made by conspicuous examples of a recognition of the duty and obligations which are the conditions upon which the full enjoyment of our partnership advantages depends.

These examples should induce conservative and tolerant counsel; they should be prominently recognized and appreciated, and constantly pressed upon the view of all who may be remiss in their obligations to American co-operation—whatever the scope and nature of these obligations may be.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

People Who Must Be Amused.



Sorry is the lot of the man or woman who must be amused every minute of the time. They dread a quiet Sunday afternoon or a rainy evening, when no one is likely to come in or it is impossible for them to go out. Of course, some of these people "grewed that way." When they were in infancy their mothers spent days and weeks doing nothing but keeping them in a good humor. They were never thrown upon their own resources nor had to make the best of circumstances. On the other hand are the cheerful folk who are "pleased with a rattle and tickled with a straw." They manage to have a good time almost anywhere. A blessing upon those simple hearts who take the world as they find it, without a murmur and, always looking for the good and pleasant, realize essentially what they expect! They are the conservators of sane living in the world.

There is a class which amuses itself directly at the expense of others. It is composed of those who pride themselves upon their wit. Repartee and sharp little turns that have reference to another are a sort of revel to them. Bringing into notice the foibles and peculiarities of even a friend is not beneath their purpose to pose as wits. But retaliation in the form of the loss of friends and the faculty for perceiving the ludicrous, becoming at last weakened through overwork, degenerates into caricature, or positive silliness.

It does not need a long experience to show us that those who surrender themselves to the desire for amusement miss its realization. The everyday duties, the close-at-hand service, the longing to be worthy of the gift of life, while driving from the mind the unworthy aim toward getting a good time out of the world, will instead supply that peculiar, broad, varied, interest, which furnishes happiness, including that lower order of satisfaction named amusement.

MARY B. BALDWIN.

Ought to Have Pool Tables.



Physiological and biblical science demonstrates that the primal and universal desire on the part of children is to play. The church ought to provide a place for its young people to hold social dancing parties. The modern church ought to have billiard and pool tables and ten pin alleys for its members. Instead of belaboring legitimate amusements let the church recognize their value and their necessity in life.

R. A. WHITE, D. D.

HOLD MOCK TRIALS.

A NOVEL ENTERTAINMENT FOR CLUBS AND SOCIETY.

Legal Proceedings Gives Opportunity for Dramatic Display—Culture Club, Hears Divorce Case Unrestrained by Bailiffs.

Seekers after novel entertainment for winter evenings have caught upon the mock trial, which is consequently doing its turn at popular favor. Fortunately, the trial adapts itself to any company, and may be just as amusing or just as educational as its managers care to make it. It gives opportunity for a play of wit which livens the monotony of the regulation court proceeding and it gives plenty of room for such personal touches as will add to the entertainment of an audience composed of friends of the players. Moreover, as a large part of the company can be subpoenaed for the trial the interest will be most undying. From the impaneling of the jury to the final verdict the audience will receive enthusiastically every stage of the trial's procedure.

A ridiculous charge is brought against a member of the party; often this is a club meeting. A young lawyer or law student is chosen for judge, as he can at the same time direct the conduct of the trial. The greatest care is taken to have everything in strict accordance with the legal custom and the slightest deviation from the regular order of trial is zealously guarded against. The lawyers appear with a burden of dignified leather-bound volumes, which they consult frequently and with ridiculous effect. The dignity of the judge is boldly overdrawn and his peremptory rulings unimpaired until the figure becomes a laughable caricature. Pleased for the occasion, the questions and answers of the lawyers and their witnesses.

Further and further from the ways and means of transport each year the expense of working out the forest is increased by the extra distance the logs have to be carried. Then, owing to the nature and manipulation of the trade, consumption and supply cannot keep pace with each other; one is continually catching up the other, and the consequences are rises and depressions. But, in the opinion of all who know anything about timber and have studied the great question of supply, there must be a steady increase in the price of every description of wood goods, and each wave of higher prices will attain a higher level than its predecessor.

As far as the Riga sawing trade is concerned, the forests which furnish the timber are now so far away from the rivers which carry the logs that Riga cannot be supplied unless prices are fairly high. If 70 per cent of the cost price of a log in Riga consists of the expense of bringing it down from the forests, it is clear that a reduction can only be made on the remaining 30 per cent.

"By the remarks I have made I do not intend to imply that the supply of timber is reaching its end. There is still plenty of timber, but it is becoming comparatively so inaccessible that in many parts it can only be worked out when prices rule high. Higher prices will always render accessible for supply those forests which it was not considered worth while to work at low rates. It is much the same, in fact, as with coal and the working of deeper levels."

ARGUMENT THAT FAILED.

How Admiral Kirkland Squelched a Would-Be Son-in-Law.

Apropos of the marriage of an impetuous ensign in the navy a short time ago, some of the veterans at the navy yard recall this story of Rear Admiral William Kirkland, who was affectionately known in the navy as "Red Bill." "A young ensign hesitating found his way into the admiral's cabin one day



MOCK TRIAL FOR WINTER EVENINGS.

as intentionally mirth-provoking and the stupidity of the jurymen is meant to add to the fun.

Although some of the most difficult problems of law are thus sometimes given an airing, a straightforward criminal case is most frequently chosen as of greater interest to a fun-seeking community. J. Brown is tried for the murder of his sister's cat and a series of interesting exhibits are shown to prove the assertion. At the end of several hours of earnest argument J. Brown clears himself by producing the cat, which has joyfully returned from his hiding place under J. Brown's chair. All of this gives plenty of opportunity for fun at the expense of Brown and the members of the court and it also gives an opening for a display of dramatic ability, which is another thing the public is fond of.

Gives Play for Dramatic Ability.

Perhaps the most commendable feature of the mock trial is the fact that it gives opportunity for theatrical ability or the sensibility of the average person. Everyone likes dramatic opportunity if it is not overwhelming, as is so often the case with the out-and-out amateur theatricals. Everyone likes the play of imagination which the trial makes possible and the dramatic incidents which its development produces. As a spectacular performance it pleases the dramatic sense of everyday people without displeasing their sense of congruity in their own actions.

At an evening gathering where some other form of amusement is the prevailing entertainment a mock trial is often interspersed with the greatest satisfaction. The members of the company assume the various roles easily and if ready of wit can find good opportunity for fun-making. When conducted in this way the trial soon becomes a battle of wits in which the cleverest is bound to be the victor. And besides furnishing the most satisfactory entertainment for those engaged in the repartee it is the greatest fun for the listeners, who perhaps can appreciate a joke even though they cannot make one.

TIMBER INCREASING IN PRICE.

Product Becoming More Inaccessible and Therefore More Costly.

In an interesting report on the trade of Riga, the British consul writes that "as regards the wood trade of the world in general, one broad fact is ever before us. It takes from sixty to seventy years to grow an average convertible tree and two minutes to hew it down. Thus each year the supply of timber is diminished, the forest fringe recedes

and with a great deal of eloquence and coughing finally let it be known that he loved the admiral's daughter and would be the happiest man on earth if he had her parents' consent to marry her.

"No, sir," thundered the admiral. "No siree. Not now, anyhow. No pauper of an ensign is going to marry my daughter. You'd better wait until you are promoted and are able to support yourself before you think of marrying."

The young officer astounded the admiral by not retiring precipitately. He even ventured the remark that the admiral himself had married when he was but an ensign, and that his married life had been a happy one.

"Red Bill" Kirkland glared at the presumptuous speaker for a moment, says the New York Times, and then thundered:

"I know I married when I was an ensign. My father-in-law supported me for several years, too, but I'll hang on if you will!"

A Bee as a Barometer.

Such should be the title of these lines, for whoever observes these interesting insects finds it easy enough to forecast exactly the kind of weather to be expected. At least, that is the opinion of many raisers of bees.

Generally the bees stay at home when rain is in the air. When the sky is simply dark and cloudy these busy workers do not leave their dwelling all at once. A few go out first, as though the queen had sent out messengers to study the state of the atmosphere. The greater number remain on observation until the clouds begin to dissipate, and it is only then that the battalions enter, rush out in search of nectar. A bee never goes out in a fog, because it is well aware that dampness and cold are two fearsome, redoubtable enemies. We do not mean, however, that the bee is a meteorologist in the absolute sense of the word. Its cleverness consists in never being taken unawares, for it possesses unerring vigilance. Often one may observe the sudden entrance of bees into the hive when a dense cloud hides the sun, and even though the rain is not in evidence.

Early Marriages.

Miss Babb: "Do you approve of early marriages?"

Mrs. Malaprop: "Not too early, should say not before high noon."

Some men are born poor, some achieve poverty, and some marry extravagant wives.

Poets may be born, but as a rule cooks are better paid.



Who is the hero of the play?

"I can't tell you his name, but he's an angel."

"Is she a polite girl?" "Not at all. She finds it impossible to break herself of the habit of telling the truth."

He: Now, don't you bother to help me on with my coat. She: It's no bother. It's a pleasure.—Peanut Topper.

Heddy: "Wot you deah, eh?" "Nothin', mammy. My, but you is daint like yeh father."—Baltimore World.

Hobbs: "Wagwag must be making aw awful lot of money." Slechts: "I should say he is. I actually believe he is making more than his wife can spend."

"I believe Mrs. Hemlock would rather quarrel with her husband than with anybody else." "Decidedly! Force always seeks the line of least resistance."

Doctor: Did you take my prescription, ma'am? Patient: Yes; but, say, doctor, paper's awful hard to get down, and it didn't seem to do me no good.—Chicago News.

Employer:—And how long were you in your last place, my good man? James (just out of Folsom penitentiary):—Ten years, sir, and I never had a single evening out.—EX.

"Why, gentlemen," cried the after-dinner speaker, tragically, "what would this nation be without the ladies?" "Stagnation, of course," murmured the cheerful idiot. Judge.

"Didn't you go away at all, Mrs. Dash?" "Not Mrs. Dash said he was so well fixed now that we could afford to stay at home if we wanted to—so we did."—Detroit Free Press.

He: I shall never marry until I meet a woman who is my direct opposite. She (encouragingly):—Well, Mr. Duffer, there are plenty of bright, intelligent girls in the neighborhood.

A Guarantor and a Promise. "Do you guarantee this goods not to fade?" "Absolutely! And if it does we will sell you new goods to match the changed color."—Indianapolis News.

Not His Fault. "Do you realize," said the economist, "that there is a heavy surplus in the United States Treasury?" "Well," answered Senator Sargham, "it ain't my fault."—Washington Star.

Newlywed: "Why don't you take a wife?" Bachelor: "My income is only sufficient for one." Newlywed: "Well, if she really loved you she would probably be satisfied with that."—Puck.

"Don't you miss you husband very much now that he is away." "Oh, not at breakfast I just stand his newspaper up in front of a plate and half the time I really forget he isn't there."—Exchange.

"That is your husband rapping?" announced the medium in a solemn voice. "My husband rapping?" said the widow, absently; "certainly; he must have forgotten his night-key."—Philadelphia Record.

In His Favor. She: Papa says that a young man who smokes cigarettes will never set the world on fire. He:—Well, that's the first good thing I ever heard any one say of a cigarette smoker.—Yonkers Statesman.

Dr. Brown: "Well did you keep the thermometer in the room at 70 degrees, as I told you?" Mrs. Murphy: "I did, indeed, doctor, but I had a hard time to do it. The only place it would stay at seventy was for a minute, the chimney-piece."—Life.

Poor: I was pleased to see my poem in your paper. Is there any money—Editor: Oh, no; we shan't charge you anything this time. It is your first offense, you know. If, however, it is repeated, we can not let you off again so easily. Boston Transcript.

Young Wife: "I received to-day a beautiful diploma from the cooking school on parchment and I've celebrated by making you this dish. Now, just guess what it is." Young Husband (tossing on his burnt moustache): "The diploma?"—Fliegende Blätter.

Memoirs. Lieutenant Nobs (just arrived): How long will you take to drive me to the fort, cabby? Cabby: "Ten minutes, capting, by the short cut through the ballers. But the military alms goes the long way round, through the fashionable part of the town, yeh honor, which takes an hour. (Cabby sets his horn) PUNCH.

"Gordin C's" statistics," began Judge Wayback, as he stood up. "Oh, hey C give y' ten years C' penny-ten-harry."

"But," exclaimed the lawyer for the defendant, jumping to his feet, "there are extenuating circumstances." "They is?" roared the judge in alarm. "Ef I thought that, darned if I wouldn't give him five ten years!"—Columbian Journal.

"There, my dear," said the returned hunter, "there's one bird for you, anyway. Bagged him just as I was about to give up in disgust." "Oh, George," she exclaimed, "it's a carrier pigeon, isn't it?" "Not much! It's a quail."

"But it has a card tied to its leg, with some message on it. Let's see. It says: John Jones, Ponty and Gange, Central Market."—Philadelphia Press.

The doctor examined his patient carefully, and, with a grave face, told him that he was very ill, and asked if he had consulted any one else. "Oh," said the man, "I went to see a druggist and asked his advice, and he—" "Druggist?" the doctor broke in, angrily; "what was the good of that? The best thing you can do when a druggist gives you a bit of advice is to do exactly the opposite." "And he," the patient continued, "advised me to come to you."—EX.

VICTIM OF HER OWN BEAUTY.

Miss Helen Vanderbilt-Wackerman Slandered Into Insanity.

In St. Giles' Infirmary, London, is a young woman in the worst stages of insanity. Her eyes have a terrifying look, her once handsome features have lost much of their beauty, and she suffers from delusions, refusing to eat because



MISS VANDERBILT-WACKERMAN.

she believes that some one has attempted to poison her.

A year ago this young woman was a merry creature one of the most idolized persons in London society. She is Helen Vanderbilt-Wackerman, and her home is in Buffalo, from which city she went to London three years ago to study music and art. Her beauty won men. Her face, forehead, hands and neck were all of a soft ivory tint. Her hair is golden, her eyes are brown, and her shoulders and neck of such formation that artists raved over them. Several painted her and others sought her for a "pose." One of the portraits was by Ellis Roberts, and so strikingly handsome was it that when it was hung in the Royal Academy by the Hanging Committee, of which Hubert von Herkomer was a member, he objected to it, for he said it was "too beautiful to be true." It was not like anything on earth. When introduced to the subject he realized that the portrait was not false and he appealed to her to sit for him. She granted the request, and

while posing for him was treated as a member of the family. In society she continued to be a favorite.

One day, as unexpectedly as the lightning flashes from the sky, there came to her a request from the artist to whom she was sitting to leave his home, because of certain things he had heard concerning her conduct prior to entering his home. Pained and indignant, she demanded the name of her detractor. Herkomer refused to say more than that he himself believed her good, but that the stories besmearing her name compelled him to insist upon her leaving his home.

The matter did not end there. The friends of Miss Wackerman took up her cause, such men as the bishop of London and United States Ambassador Choate demanding an explanation, which was not forthcoming. Herkomer was finally obliged to leave London in disgrace and is now living in Germany. He at one time lived in Syracuse, N. Y. That was before his departure for Europe.

Despite the magnificent expression of faith in her given by her friends and by eminent persons, Miss Vanderbilt-Wackerman worried about it until her mind finally gave way.

"VERY WELL FOR WOMEN."

This Is Not Good Enough for Lady Henry Somerset's Prototypes.

Lady Henry Somerset, who has advised her young women proteges in an English industrial school so to perfect themselves that no body can say of them, "Oh, they do very well for women," is probably the foremost leader of the feminist movement in Great Britain.

She is the daughter of the Earl and Countess Somers-

et, and is now just 50 years old. In 1890 she first achieved considerable importance by her election to the Presidency of the British Women's Temperance Association, now the largest company of its kind in England. In 1892 she was elected Vice President of the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union, and in 1898, on the death of Miss Frances Willard, she succeeded that famous woman as President of the International Association, which numbers over 500,000 members in various parts of the world.

She founded the Industrial Farm Colony at Duxhurst, which has grown to remarkable dimensions. She succeeded to her father's vast estates in Hertfordshire, Worestershire, Surrey, London, and since 1884 she has used her wealth for the good of her fellowmen.

Looked Like Cherries.

There are many varieties of red peppers, or chili peppers, in the market, of many shapes and sizes. They are all "hot" to the tongue, but some are hotter than others. One variety resembles a cherry in appearance, and these are called cherry peppers, and are hotter than all the others; in fact, no thermometer can go high enough to show their hotness. A box of these peppers was displayed in front of a commission store on Front street yesterday, the top layer packed with stems down, so that even an Oregonian might have taken—or, rather, mistaken them for Royal Anne cherries. A passerby stopped to ask the price of the "cherries." He was told \$1.50 per box. He asked how much the expressage would be to his home in Kansas and was told 90 cents. He plunked down \$2.40 and the box was marked with his address and handed to an express messenger.

When the Kansas man had gone a person who witnessed the transaction asked the dealer what he meant by swindling him. The dealer asked how. "By selling him peppers for cherries," was the answer. It then dawned on the dealer that the Kansas man had really supposed he was buying Oregon cherries, and he began to wonder what would happen in suffering, bleeding Kansas when the peppers reached there and were tasted. And he is still wondering. Portland Oregonian.

Quiver.

The prosaic individual who has outlived romance finds it hard to understand how two people can dawdle away hours and at their conclusion feel morally certain that only minutes have taken flight.

Lots of people are known as wicked because the towns they live in happen to be small.

If there is anything in hypnotism, why don't the bill collectors take it up?

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMS & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Dec. 14, 1901.

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75

A Needed Reform.

Monday night's fire of last week demonstrated one thing quite forcibly and that was that the city of Grand Rapids is sadly in need of some sort of fire protection.

Some people may have the nerve to say that we now have some sort of protection, but they are mistaken. From the standpoint at which fire protection is looked by those interested in the matter, we have no protection whatever.

People who kept track of the matter on Monday night say that it was forty-five minutes after the bell rang before the first stream was played on the conflagration. It seems hardly possible that such a time could have elapsed, but not having timed it we are not prepared to dispute the matter. At any rate, it was a long time, and had the fire been a quick one, the building would have been entirely destroyed before anything was done. And all this happened at eleven o'clock at night. Had it been two hours later it is entirely probable that there would have been no turn out at all.

Now we do not want it understood that we are making all this kick on the fire company. The east side company, in limited numbers, got to the scene of action before any great time had elapsed and the west side claim that no team was procurable to haul the apparatus to the scene of action. The writer knows this to be a fact, as he saw the horse cart being drawn by hand, and the outfit was nearly halfway to the fire before a team appeared.

What the city needs is a man who is paid to remain in the engine house all night, not necessarily awake, and there should be a team stabled in the house, with an automatic harness hanging in place in front of the engine or hose cart, as the case may be. Then the horses should be trained to trot to their places when the gates to their stalls are swung open and under ordinary circumstances the apparatus could be well on its way to the scene of conflagration inside of a minute after the alarm was sounded.

The team could be used during the day for city work, and although a run could not be made as quickly, the fact of it being daytime, and many people about to assist in quenching small blazes would compensate for the extra time consumed.

The fact that the department can get out in good time during the day was demonstrated last Saturday, when pretty fair time was made to the burning barn at the north edge of the city on the west side.

A department of this sort would cost the city some money, but a loss like occurred on last week would pay for the maintenance of the system for a number of years and the lowering of insurance rates would more than compensate for the cost.

Smaller towns than Grand Rapids maintain companies in this manner and we never heard of one of them going back to the old system when once the new method had been thoroughly tried.

The men composing the companies should also be men who are young and active enough to properly assume the duties of a fireman, men whose health is unquestioned, and who will not feel too tired to jump into another's place after the work has been pretty stiff for an hour or two.

The most important thing in fighting a fire is promptness. Often a bucketful of water at the start will do more good than thousands of barrels fifteen minutes later, and it is here that the waiting team, the man in readiness and the automatic harness come into play. Promptness is the great aim of all city fire companies and they count the seconds, not minutes, that takes them to get out to the ground and ready for action.

Another necessity is that a fire company should be drilled regularly and often. A man who is too lazy to go to drill and take part in it is too lazy to make a fireman and he should be bounced unceremoniously and his place filled by a man not so tired. A company should be drilled at least once a week while green, and at least once a month during the mild weather after they think they know it all. Drilling doesn't consist in three or four men meeting at the engine house and playing seven-up for the drinks, while the remainder forget it was drill night, or fail to come on account of business. A man who is too busy to drill is too busy to be a fireman and should be treated accordingly; not necessarily with harshness, but firmly.

These are no idle wanderings, but are necessities that the citizens have a right to expect and do expect from the city government. A good system of fire alarms is also a necessity, but always prove a farce in a small city where they are never kept in proper working order and cannot be depended upon.

The firemen also have a right to expect all the conveniences that can conveniently be provided them, as slowness in getting out is always saddled onto their shoulders, even when they have exerted themselves to the utmost and come home after many hours of labor, tired out, singed and dirty. Give the firemen a decent chance and it won't be regretted.

—A large assortment of couches in velours, tapestries, plushes and leather any of which would make a welcome Christmas gift. Remember and call for one of these beautiful pictures which goes with every purchase at Geo. W. Baker's furniture store.

—The happy fellow who will be ringing the Christmas bells must look in at W. G. Scott's to learn what's what in proper furniture for the dear girl's hand. Scott's stock is fine.

GATES FOR RAILROADS.

A Diversity of Opinion Regarding Merits of Methods.

So far as can be learned neither the St. Paul nor the Wisconsin Central railroad companies have made any move in the matter of establishing gates, flagmen or other protection at their crossings in this city although the time for establishing them expires on the 15th instant. After this time each company is supposed to forfeit \$10 per day for each day that the law is not complied with.

George H. Atkins of the St. Paul road was in the city on Tuesday and interviewed city attorney Goggins on the matter, but gave that gentleman no promise, nor did he make any statement as to what the company intended doing about the matter.

Opinion seems to be divided on the matter of flagmen, as to whether they would answer the purpose and take the place of gates. Some seem to think that a flagman would answer all the requirements, while others do not think so. There are many crossings in large cities that are only protected by flagmen, and still there are crossings in small towns where flagmen have been tried and found wanting.

It is certainly to be hoped that the companies will realize their responsibility in the matter and comply with the law before any litigation results.

The Hoar Remedy.

Milwaukee Sentinel: Senator Hoar defends the constitutionality of his bill to bring the crime of lynching under the jurisdiction of the United States courts by arguing that to lynch a man is to deprive him of his guaranteed constitutional right to the equal protection of the laws. The plea is plausible and might possibly justify the measure before the courts. But would the law prove effective in practice?

Those accused of lynching would still be entitled to trial by jury and the great difficulty would be, as it is now, to get juriesmen, in districts where lynching is vogue, to indict and to convict. The only real remedy for the practice must go to the root of the matter, and consists in the formation of a force of local public opinion strong enough to counteract the sentiment in favor of lynching that unfortunately prevails in some districts. It rests largely with the pulp and the press in such districts to spread the right view of this barbarous and criminal practice, and to shame courts and sheriffs and juriesmen into doing their duty under the laws, and repressing our local and native brand of anarchy.

A Gifted Boy.

Wausau Record: It may not be generally known to the readers of The Daily Record that Prof. Reuter has a son only ten years of age who is the greatest musical prodigy of modern times. For several years he has been in Europe studying with the world's greatest master on a violin. A few months ago he gave his first concert at Geneva, Switzerland, when the "Imperial Musical Chronicle," of that city, one of the greatest musical journals in the world, describes. After a preliminary recital of the stage surroundings and the large and critical audience which had assembled to hear this boy wonder, the editor says:

Now watch him seize his violin, touch it with his bow, and the child vanishes to yield the place to a being extraordinary, prodigious, supernatural.

This child of nine years plays from Paganini, as others recite the "a, b, c,"—from Paganini, who is hardly ever put on concert programs any longer, because he is too difficult and whose tradition will soon be lost; from Paganini, whom not even Savori ever touched without wavering and who has utterly disheartened so many virtuosos! This child of nine years, with his little fingers, slender and frail, triumphs over the utmost perils which only the imagination of a composer in delirium could invent. This child of nine years has an immense soul, very deep, intensely vibrating, very old, very sensitive, capable of the subtlest delicacies, as well as the most impetuous energy.

Reason stands confounded before so strange a combination of elements so hard to reconcile. One asks one's self how this is possible, and is at times fairly awed by this mysterious power of nature, by her caprices, by her inconsistencies, by the delight she takes in contradicting herself, in defying her own laws, in creating the supernatural. And it is quite rare in such cases that she should leave in such creations no trace of her efforts. That is what is particularly marvelous in Florizel von Reuter. His case is perfect. He plays from Vieuxtemps, from Wieniawski, and Paganini, as others amuse themselves playing tennis or marbles. He shows no signs of being incommoded by his genius, or of having suffered by what he has learned. He is absolutely stupefying!

And he was not cheered? He has even been somewhat imposed upon. In a most genteel way he played all the "encores" that were called for. Then, as he had a slight cough, his mother wrapped him up and he departed. This adorable little boy, with long blond locks, with his magic violin, his palm entwined with gold, silver, and azure ribbons and his box of candy. Au revoir, pretty Florizel!

In composition this wonderful boy, like his father, is especially gifted, often composing by the hour without touching violin or piano, and playing the composition only when finished.

J. B. Pond, the well-known theatrical manager, has engaged the boy for an American tour, and will give concerts in a few of the largest cities. He has also secured a large company of first-class artists to support him.

—Have your watch repairing done at Scott's. Watch inspector for the Chicago & Northwestern railway company.

A new Russian apparatus for restoring hearing consists of a light rubber shell, furnished with a miniature microphone, which is connected to a small galvanic battery. It is claimed that the microphone causes even the softest speech to react on the auditory nerve of the deaf when the apparatus is placed to the ear.

—Smoke the Wineschek cigar. The best ten cent smoke on earth.

Telephones on Trains.

A novel plan for telephoning from trains to different parts of Chicago is now being considered by the Northern Western railroad. The idea is to equip the overland limited train with telephones and connect them with wires to the Chicago telephone company for the convenience of the travelers who may desire to use the instrument before the train is started. So far as can be learned this scheme has never been tried by any railroad in the world. It is further planned to equip the cars with telephones to be used between the different parts of the train while the latter is running. This was done recently by the Canadian Pacific road in the special train used for the sake of Comaught. The plan is to place small telephones in every compartment and in one end of the open sleepers. In this way if a patron desires something from the dining-car, or even a cigar or newspaper, all that will be necessary will be to ring up and order what is wanted. This will obviate the necessity of calling a porter and waiting his pleasure.

YOUR FAITH will be as strong as ours if you try

Shiloh's Consumption Cure and ours is so strong we guarantee a cure or refund money, and we send you free trial bottle if you write for it. SHILOH'S costs 25 cents and will cure Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and all Lung Troubles. Will cure a cough or cold in a day, and thus prevent serious results. It has been doing these things for 50 years. S. C. WELLS & Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Karl's Clover Root Tea corrects the Stomach. —A new and beautiful assortment of Burnt Leather Goods just arrived at Johnson & Hill Co.'s Drug Dept.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

South Bound		North Bound	
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Chicago.....	Ar. 1:15	6:10	2:00
Milwaukee.....	Ar. 10:45	3:35	5:15
Fond du Lac.....	Ar. 9:55	1:55	3:55
Fond du Lac.....	Ar. 8:20	1:25	6:15
Wauwatosa.....	Ar. 8:25	1:30	6:20
Hollands.....	Ar. 8:25	1:30	6:20
Elkhart.....	Ar. 8:25	1:30	6:20
Rosendale.....	Ar. 8:10	12:25	7:10
West Boscawen.....	Ar. 8:10	12:10	7:00
Wauwatosa.....	Ar. 7:20	12:30	7:25
Ripon.....	Ar. 7:55	12:35	7:28
Arcade Station.....	Ar. 7:52	12:30	7:25
Green Lake.....	Ar. 7:40	12:25	7:15
St. Marie.....	Ar. 7:35	12:17	7:10
Princeton.....	Ar. 7:20	12:05	6:55
Edgemoor.....	Ar. 7:20	12:05	6:55
Neshkoro.....	Ar. 6:58	11:40	6:25
Red Granite Jct.....	Ar. 6:50	11:30	6:15
Red Granite Jct.....	Ar. 11:30	11:30	10:40
Spring Lake.....	Ar. 11:35	11:35	10:44
Red Granite Jct.....	Ar. 10:55	10:55	10:35
Red Granite Jct.....	Ar. 6:50	11:30	6:25
Wauwatosa.....	Ar. 6:35	11:21	6:15
Wild Rose.....	Ar. 6:22	11:18	6:05
Almond.....	Ar. 6:00	10:50	5:25
Bancroft.....	Ar. 5:54	10:38	5:10
Kellner.....	Ar. 5:44	10:14	4:45
Grand Rapids.....	Ar. 5:00	10:00	4:25
Vesper.....	Ar. 4:52	9:52	4:15
Arpin.....	Ar. 4:47	9:47	4:10
Marshfield.....	Ar. 4:15	9:15	3:45

All trains daily except Sunday. J. P. WILLARD, Agent.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.

South Bound		North Bound	
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Marshfield.....	7:30	2:20	10:35
Arpin.....	7:55	2:45	10:55
Vesper.....	8:07	2:57	10:08
Grand Rapids.....	8:30	3:20	9:45
Port Edwards.....	8:40	3:30	9:55
Neshkoro.....	8:50	3:40	10:05
Minneapolis.....	7:25	5:35	6:05
St. Paul.....	8:00	5:00	6:20
Eau Claire.....	11:30	2:30	8:20
Chippewa Falls.....	11:30	1:50	8:50
Marshfield.....	2:11	10:45	6:45
Grand Rapids.....	2:20	6:35	5:35
Ashland.....		P. M.	A. M.
Duluth.....		1:30	7:35
		A. M.	
		11:15	11:45

Tickets sold and baggage checked to all principal points in the United States and Canada. For rates and other information apply at the ticket office. C. W. HOBBS, Agent.

C. M. & St. P. R. R.

THAINS NORTH.
No. 3 Passenger, daily except Sunday..... 7:20 A. M.
No. 5 " " daily except Sunday..... 5:43 P. M.
No. 25, " " Sundays only..... 11:14 A. M.
No. 61, way fr't daily except Sun..... 11:10 A. M.
THAINS SOUTH.
No. 2 Passenger, daily..... 8:42 P. M.
No. 6 " " daily except Sunday..... 12:02 P. M.
No. 92, way fr't daily except Sun..... 1:35 P. M.
Trains Nos. 2 and 3 make close connections at New Ashland east and west. Nos. 5 and 6 make close connections at Toms, east and west.
Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points in United States and Canada.
L. M. SCHLATTERER, Agent.

G. B. & W. R. R. Co.

No. 1 Passenger, going West leave 11:30 A. M.
No. 4 " " arrive 9:30 P. M.
No. 3, Freight " " leave 4:20 A. M.
No. 7 " " arrive 7:30 P. M.
No. 4, Passenger, going East leave 6:40 A. M.
No. 2 " " leave 2:42 P. M.
No. 8, Freight " " leave 6:00 A. M.
No. 10, " " arrive 6:15 P. M.
A. D. HILL, Agent.

AHEAD AS USUAL



I have a large line of

Fine Furniture.

You will miss it if you do not look it over. Nothing so appropriate for a

Holiday Present.

J. N. NHTWICK,

West Side, Grand Rapids.

Ohio's Iron Industry.

The beginning of the iron industry of Ohio dates from 1813, in which year its first furnace, Hopewell, was commenced by Daniel Batton, and in 1804 it was finished. The furnace stood on the west side of Yellow creek, about one and one-quarter miles from its junction with the Mahoning river, in the township of Poland, in Mahoning county.

Training of Military Balloonists.

The Swiss military authorities have determined that next year the training of military balloonists shall be systematically taken in hand. The first balloon company to be formed is to consist of eight officers, twenty-two non-commissioned officers, 161 privates, with an establishment of nine riding and ninety-nine draft horses, with twenty-eight vehicles.

People who are Particular

What They Eat always insist upon having **Dewey, Victoria or Sunbeam Flour.** Bread made from it contains all the elements of the wheat that goes to make brain and strength and has a delicious wheat flavor that is all its own. Sold by all grocers. If not at yours, write the mill.

Grand Rapids Milling Co.

All Arguments Halt when you face Facts.

—Spafford—

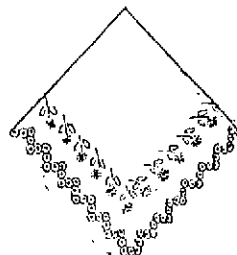
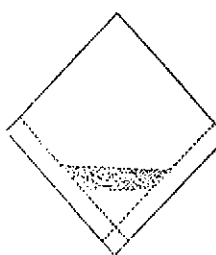
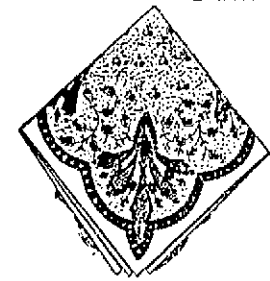
SATURDAY and MONDAY, December 14th and 16th

We will offer for sale a most complete line of Ladies' and Gents'

Silk, Linen and Cotton

* * * *

HANDKERCHIEFS



No. 115.

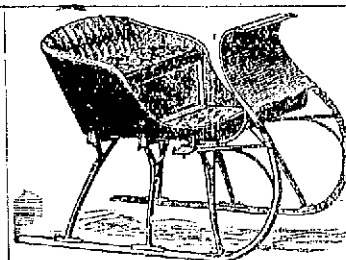
This is the finest line ever offered by any firm in Wood county at the price. By our system of buying goods in large quantities we are able to sell to the public at a price as low as the average merchant buys for. This fact was thoroughly demonstrated the past week on Sterling and Ebony novelties.

50 doz. Ladies' very fine Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 25c quality..... 10c
50 doz. Handkerchiefs, pure linen, worth 10c..... 5c
50 doz. Gents' Japanese Silk Initial, worth 15c..... 9c
50 doz. Ladies' Japanese Silk Initial, worth 10c..... 5c
50 doz. Ladies' plain..... 3c
50 doz. Gents' extra large white, worth 10c..... 4c

SPAFFORD, GOLE & COMPANY.

CUTTERS

CUTTERS



CUTTERS

Just received another consignment, several different styles. All Grades.

Look us over before you buy

STOVES.

We still have a few carloads to select from and if you should happen to be in need of anything in this line you cannot do better than to call on us. Our stock comprises Hard Coal, Soft Coal, and Wood Heaters, Cook Stoves and Ranges. We handle the Famous Round Oak Heaters.

Xmas Presents.

We have many useful and beautiful articles suitable for Holiday gifts. Among these you will find granite ware, fine cutlery of all kinds, nickel plated ware for the housewife, games for the children, and many articles we cannot enumerate here.

CENTRALIA HARDWARE COMPANY,

West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

SUPPLEMENT
Grand Rapids Tribune
BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Dec. 14, 1901.

COUNTY BOARD PROCEEDINGS.

CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS., Nov. 15, 1901.
Court House 2 o'clock, p. m.

Board was called to order by Chairman John Juno.

Roll was called and a quorum found present.

On motion reading of the minutes of previous meeting was dispensed with.

W. H. Budge, M. D., bill for \$4.20 was presented and on motion referred to the judiciary committee.

Dr. W. H. Budge also presented a bill for extra medical attendance for the poor for \$321.75 and for \$11.00 and on motion the same was disallowed.

It was moved to reconsider the claim of Dr. W. H. Budge for \$11.00 and the same was referred to the superintendents of the poor.

Supervisor W. D. Connor moved that the ordinance as corrected forming the new town of Hiles and town of New Dexter be passed as follows:

AN ORDINANCE.

Of the County Board of Supervisors of Wood County, Wisconsin, vacating the Town of Dexter, as now and heretofore existing, in said Wood County, and forming and organizing of said territory certain new towns, to be known as the town of New Dexter and the town of Hiles, as hereinafter more expressly stated.

Whereas, it has been shown to the satisfaction of the County Board of Supervisors of said County, convened in regular session, that Township No. Twenty-two (22) North of Range No. Two (2) East, in Wood County, Wisconsin, contains a population of more than one hundred and twenty-five inhabitants, and more than twenty-five of said number have been actual electors of this State and have resided within said territory more than six months prior to this time, and that Township No. Twenty-two (22) North of Range No. Three (3) East, in said Wood County, contains a population of more than one hundred and twenty-five inhabitants and more than twenty-five of which said number have been actual electors of this State, and have resided within said territory more than six months prior to this time.

Now, THEREFORE, The County Board of Supervisors, of the County of Wood, do ordain as follows:

SECTION I. The Town of Dexter, in this County, as heretofore organized and acting, and being now composed of the following territory, to-wit:—The whole of Township No. Twenty-two (22) North, of Range No. Two (2) East; and the whole of Township No. Twenty-two (22) North, of Range No. Three (3) East, is hereby vacated.

SECTION II. All of the following described territory, heretofore comprising and being a part of said Town of Dexter, hereby vacated, to-wit:—All of Township No. Twenty-two (22) North, of Range No. Two (2) East, is hereby formed and organized into a new town to be known and called by the name of the Town of Hiles.

SECTION III. All of the following described territory, heretofore comprising and being a part of the said Town of Dexter, hereby vacated, to-wit:—All of Township No. Twenty-two (22) North, of Range No. Two (2) East, is hereby formed and organized into a new town to be known and called by the name of the Town of Hiles.

SECTION IV. The first Town meeting in said Town of Hiles, shall be held on the first Tuesday in April, A. D. 1902, at the school house of School District No. Six (6), of the Town of Dexter, as heretofore existing.

SECTION V. The first Town meeting in the said Town of New Dexter shall be held on the first Tuesday in April, A. D. 1902, at the school house of School District No. One (1), of the Town of Dexter as heretofore existing.

SECTION VI. The said Town of Hiles shall be entitled to have access to all records, books, files and papers, ordinances and proceedings, for the purpose of making and taking copies thereof, of the Town of Dexter, hereby vacated, as may effect the territory of such Town of Hiles.

SECTION VII. The Town of New Dexter shall be entitled to have, hold, own and enjoy, and be entitled to collect, receive, receipt for and discharge all of the credits, claims and accounts and town property, which may be owned by, due, or to become due, to the Town of Dexter, at the time this ordinance takes effect, and shall be liable to, and shall assume and pay all of the debts, orders and claims that may then be due, or to become due, of and against the Town of Dexter, hereby vacated, and the said Town of Hiles shall be liable for, and shall assume and pay to the Town of New Dexter so much of the existing indebtedness of the Town of Dexter, hereby vacated, at the time this ordinance takes effect, less the value of the town property; meaning property owned by the said Town of Dexter, hereby vacated, as a town, kept by said new Town of New Dexter; in such proportion as the assessed valuation for town purposes for the year 1901, of the territory taken from said Town of Dexter, hereby vacated, by said new Town of Hiles, bears to the total assessed valuation of all the territory of said Town of Dexter, so vacated.

SECTION VIII. In case the said Town of Dexter, so vacated, shall have at the time this ordinance takes effect, any surplus of moneys, credits or town property, that is of more value than the existing indebtedness, in any, of said vacated town, then, in that event, the successor of said town so vacated, shall be liable to, and shall pay to said town of Hiles, receiving a part of the territory of said town, so vacated, such proportion of said over-plus as shall be equal to the assessed valuation of the territory

taken, as compared with the assessed valuation of all the territory of said town, so vacated, for the year 1901.

SECTION IX. This ordinance shall take effect, and be in force on and after the first Tuesday in April, 1902.

JOHN JUNO, Chairman.
E. S. RENNE, Clerk.

STATE OF WISCONSIN)
WOOD COUNTY)

We do hereby certify that at the regular meeting of the County Board of Supervisors of Wood County, held at the Court House, in the city of Grand Rapids, the above and foregoing ordinance was duly passed and adopted on the 15th day of November, 1901; the majority of all members entitled to seats in said County Board, voting in favor thereof.

JOHN JUNO, Chairman.
E. S. RENNE, Clerk.

The motion was seconded and adopted by call of roll.

Ayes—Jos. Z. Arpin, N. M. Berg, Wm. Mews, John Ommott, James K. P. Hiles, E. P. Arpin, Geo. T. Rowland, Ira Bassett, John Bell, Nels Johnson, J. D. R. Voigt, P. F. Bean, James Tallant, E. F. Mehlner, W. D. Connor, John Juno, Henry Fechtelm, Michael Krings, Wm. Hooper, E. Eichstadt, J. D. Potter, L. W. Pits, A. B. Coty, W. F. Nolter, J. C. Davis, Ed. Provost, John McFarish, Harry Thomas, Claus Johnson, Peter Mullen, Martin Jackson, P. F. Bean, E. D. Ayers—32.

Absent—Brazeau, Scott, Christenson, Hahn, Rausch—5.

District Attorney Wiperman reported on the charge of \$1.00 for docketing in Justice R. A. Andrews's statements, that the same in his opinion should be 25 cents instead of \$1.00.

It was moved by Supervisor W. D. Connor that the statements of R. E. Andrews, municipal judge, be allowed as presented, less seventy-five cents on the charge for docketing. Carried.

It was moved to accept the report of District Attorney H. Wiperman on Mrs. Henry Schmidt, a poor person having a residence in Wood County, and cared for by Calumet County, and allow the claim of Calumet County for \$180.97 in full. Carried.

Supervisor E. P. Arpin moved that the chair appoint a committee of three to include the District Attorney to investigate and ascertain the amount paid by cities that maintain their own bridges in aid of building bridges for towns.

The motion was amended to include towns that have maintained their own bridges.

The chairman appointed as such committee E. P. Arpin, W. D. Connor and H. Wiperman, district attorney.

It was moved that the matter of expense of the Tax Commission in regard to the liability of the city of Marshfield be submitted to the district attorney.

The county clerk presented the following report on outlawed county orders:

REPORT OF UNCLAIMED ORDERS.
To the Board of Supervisors of Wood County, Wisconsin.

GENTLEMEN:—I hereby submit for your consideration the following (70) orders the same having remained in this office two years unclaimed for.

The same appear to have been overlooked by Ex-County Clerk W. H. Reeves during his term, he having reported later orders for cancellation at the last annual meeting of the board.

No. of order. Name. Date. Amt.

4182 L. M. Alexander Feb. 9, 1897 \$ 8.00
4183 Harry Armstrong Nov. 25, 1896 1.15
4184 Miss O. Armstrong Nov. 25, 1896 1.15
4185 C. W. Aubrey Nov. 25, 1896 1.15
4186 Sarah Baldwin Dec. 6, 1897 .88
4187 W. A. Baldwin Dec. 6, 1897 .88
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Council Proceedings.

Council Room, Dec. 3, 1901.

Mayor Wheeler presiding.

Aldermen present: Wood, Lutz, Reiland, Lubek, Otto, Bossert, Kellogg, Jackson and Boles.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

City Attorney Groggins reported on the bill of S. Kingdon as not being a proper charge against the city.

On motion, the report was adopted.

Street committee reported on the petition of E. Teepel and others, recommending the prayer of the same be denied.

On motion, the report was adopted.

A petition was presented praying for the placing of two street lights on Witter street.

On motion, same was referred to street committee.

The offer of Geo. F. Kreiger of \$1,500 for forty feet front on Cranberry street and east of C. & N. W. right of way was, on motion, rejected.

The resignation of Supervisor J. W. Cochran in and for the 14th ward of the city of Grand Rapids was presented and, on motion, accepted.

On motion, H. Flewellan was appointed to fill the vacancy.

Chief Lutz of the east side department presented a petition praying that the city purchase a hose wagon, rubber coats and one-half dozen pairs of rubber boots for the east side department.

On motion, the purchasing committee was instructed to purchase same by following vote, the clerk calling the roll:

Ayes—Wood, Lutz, Reiland, Lubek, Otto, Bossert, Jackson, Kellogg, and Boles. Noes—none.

A claim for Godfried Bruderi of \$300 for damages sustained from a defective street was presented and, on motion, was referred to the city attorney to report at the next regular meeting.

Jacob Winger made the following report as to the condition of the wagon bridge across the Wisconsin river:

To the Honorable the members of the Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin:

The condition of the wagon bridge such that many of our citizens have come to the conclusion that it is unsafe for the travel that it must ordinarily carry. In fact, almost every one of our citizens inform me that they do not consider it safe, and that something should be done.

Following to the apprehension of so many of our citizens, we had Mr. Winger thoroughly examine the bridge and report to the common council as to its condition some time ago, when he decided to lay the matter over until winter, when the bridge could be repaired and overhauled much cheaper than at the present time.

Last Wednesday night, at the meeting of the stockholders of the Electric Water company, several of our representative citizens prevailed upon Jacob Winger, a practical bridge engineer, having charge of the bridge work on the Valley division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway company, to examine the bridge and report to the common council of our city as to its condition.

Winger volunteered to do so, at the cost to the city, and requested permission to prepare his report.

Winger made a thorough examination of the bridge, especially of its uprights and the top latents, and found by such examination most of the posts and top latents in very bad condition.

More than one-half of the uprights are very rotten near the top, so that the posts appear from the outside to be in good condition, while the fact of the matter is that the only sound timber is on the outer edges of the posts.

Winger informed me that the top of the bridge was not alarming, but in order to maintain the bridge for a year it would be necessary to make extensive repairs upon it this winter, repairs that would cost the neighborhood of \$1,000, at his estimate.

He also suggests that if the travel was evenly divided upon one span of the bridge, the bridge would last one year just as well as if it were made, his idea being to employ to look after the bridge, sweep off the snow, move any undue weight to the center of the bridge, and examine the uprights where the same are set on at the bottom or base, so that they were any danger of the bridge we would have warning, very improbable that the bridge would collapse suddenly, without warning whatever. In fact, having the bridge daily, we are warned of any danger of collapse, as the base of the uprights will commence to swell where they set in the water, before there will be any danger of the bridge.

Winger made a thorough test by small brace and bit into the form of test being the test that could be made.

He further informed me that the danger of the bridge would be from a very heavy load, of course, is that we have no control over the present bridge to the year, and would have to wait until the present bridge is built this coming winter.

Dec. 29th, 1901.

J. B. WHEELER, Mayor.

Carried that the mayor be authorized to report on cost of bridge and repairs on it across the Wisconsin river at the next regular meeting.

Jackson, McCarthy and Boles appointed as such committee.

Carried that the application for a street and highway franchise of the Lighting & Power Co. be allowed.

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LOCAL ITEMS.

—Rich cut glass at Scott's.

Judge Webb will open court in this city on Monday, December 16, there being several cases for trial.

—Hawkes cut glass at Chapman's.

A marriage license has been issued by the clerk of Portage county to Fred Harman of Grand Rapids and Louise Hann of the town Grant.

—Bargains in cut glass at Hirzy's.

The battenberg center piece which was raffled by Miss Sadie Bernier of east side, was won by Miss Dora Wood No. 93 being the lucky number.

—Buy your diamonds at Hirzy's and save money.

Our main streets have once more resumed their normal grade, owing to the work on the watermain along these thoroughfares having been finished.

—Talk with W. G. Scott about that watch you want.

Six hundred feet of new hose was received this week by the west side fire company. They now have over 2,000 feet of hose in the house ready for use.

—Have you seen that fine line of ebony at W. G. Scott's?

Hicks, the weather prophet, advises farmers to plant their crops early next spring, so that they may be well developed by July and thus escape the drought, which he says is to prevail again next year.

—See the fine line of sterling silver tableware at Chapman's.

A traveling decorator has put in the greater part of the week here and during his stay he has fixed up many of the merchants' display windows in holiday attire, and they are greatly improved thereby.

—Diamond rings from \$5 up to the highest at A. P. Hirzy's.

Arthur Sickles, the tonsorial artist, has had placed in his shop on the west side an entire new set of mirrors, etc. The wood of the fixtures is nicely polished quarter-sawn oak and greatly improves the appearance of the shop.

—Buy a beautiful mantle clock for your wife or mother at Chapman's.

The five months old baby boy of Mr. and Mrs. M. Coffey, who live on the west side, died on Monday of pneumonia after a short illness. The funeral services took place at the Catholic church Wednesday afternoon at 2:30.

—Call and see the beautiful sterling and plated table ware at W. G. Scott's.

It is reported that the Northwestern company is surveying a line through from Princeton to Waukesha which if built and used for the main line would still further shorten the route between Chicago and points in the north and northwest.

—A. P. Hirzy has a nice line of diamonds which will give bargains on over the holidays.

The ladies of the St. Katherine's guild will hold a sale of Christmas articles at the guild hall on Wednesday, December 18, both afternoon and evening. There will be a large display of useful and ornamental articles suitable for holiday gifts.

—For bargains in everything in Holiday Goods don't forget to call on Johnson & Hill Co.

The entertainment given by the Canadian Jubilee singers and Imperial orchestra at the Methodist church on Tuesday evening was largely attended and there was not a number that was not enthusiastically enjoyed. Everyone seemed greatly pleased with the show.

—Now is the time to get you a good time piece. You can buy one of Chapman on easy payments.

C. W. Hodson, agent at the Wisconsin Central depot, has rented from W. W. Meade the house now occupied by Geo. Boyer and he will remove his family to this city as soon as Mr. Boyer is able to occupy his new apartments over the laundry. This he expects to do some time next week.

—Books! Books! Books!!! An immense assortment cheap at Johnson & Hill Co.'s Drug Dept.

The Wisconsin Central company has put on a freight train between Marshallfield and Nekoosa which leaves here at 3:30 p. m., Port Edwards at 4:50 and Nekoosa at 5:15. Returning leaves Nekoosa at 5:40, Port Edwards 6:10, and Grand Rapids at 6:40. This train will also carry passengers between this city and Nekoosa, but not between here and Marshallfield.

—You can get you a watch that will last a lifetime on easy payments at Chapman's.

Fred Beell will wrestle a handicap match with Farmer Burns at Marshallfield on Saturday evening, and it is expected that a number of lovers of the sport will go up from this city. Burns has been the champion catch-as-catch-can wrestler of the world, but as he has reached his fortieth year it is thought by many that Beell will win on his superior staying qualities.

When the workmen came to the setting of the pumps in the new pump house on the east side it was found that the cement used in the construction of the floor was of inferior quality and as a consequence it will have to be torn up and the work done over. The cement used in the work had failed to harden, either from having been exposed to the air or some other reason.

—FOR SALE—Four horses, cheap, must be sold at once, or will trade for good lively horse. M. A. BOCOCK.

Rev. Leopold Kroll met with a slight accident on Monday which might have proven more serious. He was engaged in splitting wood when his ax struck a clothes line and flew back and struck him a stunning blow in the head, cutting a gash about an inch and a half long. Mr. Kroll wore a heavy cap at the time which greatly protected his head from the force of the blow.

—John Dengler's Capital for 5 cents is a gentleman's smoke.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Ed. Mathon made a trip to Win. K. on Tuesday.

W. W. Meade made a business trip to Marshallfield on Tuesday.

John White of Pittsville transacted business in the city on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. King of Pittsville were in town on Wednesday.

Mrs. F. B. Seymour of Green Bay is the guest of Miss Helen Kerner.

J. L. Poolhill was in the city on Monday and Tuesday on business.

Atty. Theo. A. Brazeeau transacted legal business in Marshallfield on Monday.

L. M. Nash and John Farish transacted business in the city on Wednesday.

Hon. F. A. Cady of Marshallfield was in the city on legal business on Thursday.

John Daly, T. E. Nash and Frank Garrison were in Milwaukee on Tuesday.

Attorney E. C. Pors of Marshallfield, transacted business in the city on Tuesday.

G. W. Paulus made a trip to Marshallfield on Tuesday, returning the same evening.

John Conway of Orient, S. D., was in the city last Friday visiting with relatives.

Geo. W. Paulus visited with his brother, Editor Paulus, at Marshallfield on Tuesday.

Mrs. Richard Scheibe and daughter of Nekoosa were in the city shopping on Tuesday.

Attorney P. A. Williams of Marshallfield transacted business in the city on Monday.

Wm. Hooper and Frank Boles of Nekoosa transacted business in the city on Tuesday.

C. F. Kellogg made a business trip to Almond on Wednesday, returning the same evening.

Mrs. W. H. Fitch of Cranmoor was in the city Wednesday visiting with friends and doing some shopping.

J. W. Cameron of Milwaukee was in the city Thursday and Friday, the guest of his son Frank J. Cameron.

Conductor Fred Kellogg and wife of Green Bay were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Kellogg over Sunday.

Richard Scheibe of Nekoosa returned the first of the week from Chicago where he attended the cattle show.

A. W. Bryant of Rhinelander, was in the city Thursday and managed to find time to take in the show and dance.

Mrs. James Blaisdell of Trout Lake, is home visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Laramie, for two or three weeks.

R. R. DeGross of Marshallfield arrived in the city on Monday and has been spending the week visiting among friends.

Mr. and Mrs. John Daigle of Randolph were shopping in the city on Saturday and paid the Tribune office a short call.

Will Carey had so far recovered from his sickness as to be able to be out again on Tuesday, although still pretty weak.

Mrs. J. E. Thomas of Nekoosa was in the city on Monday evening, having come up to attend the meeting of the Woman's club.

Mrs. L. P. Witter left on Monday for Milwaukee to be absent a week or ten days. She will also visit at Racine before returning.

Peter Jenson of City Point was in the city on Saturday on business and while here favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call.

Mrs. C. H. Wilbur and Miss Gay Wilbur of Milwaukee were the guests of Mrs. John Bell, sr., a short time the first of last week.

Miss Florence Pepin of Helena, Montana, was the guest of Miss Eleanor Slattery in this city from Tuesday until Friday of this week.

Barney Robus, one of the pioneer farmers of Vesper, was in the city Saturday and found time to favor the Tribune office with a pleasant call.

Messrs. C. A. Pelow, Coole Cotey, C. E. Nowatney and D. S. Briggs of Pittsville, attended Michael Strogoff at the opera house, Thursday night.

J. B. Bridge leaves this week for Fruitdale, Alabama, where he will visit with L. H. Read for a time. He expects to be absent for some time.

Miles Grignon departed the first of the week for Bruce, Wis., where he intends to open up a tailorshop. Mrs. Grignon will join her husband later on.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Paulus and Mrs. Beulah Biron expect to spend the coming winter in Washington, D. C. They expect to start shortly after Christmas.

Attorney W. G. Hartwell of Chippewa Falls was in the city on Tuesday and improved the opportunity to visit his friends, L. P. Witter and Atty. Theo. W. Brazeeau.

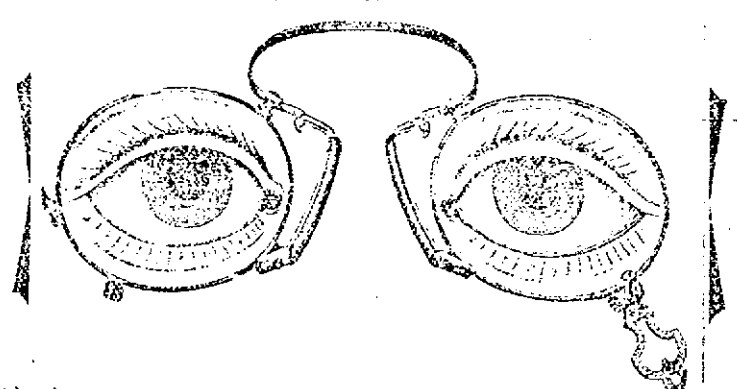
Walter Denis left on Tuesday for Lewiston, Idaho, where he has accepted a position in a large store. Walter's many friends in this city wish him success in his new field.

Miss Lona Johnson returned on Monday from Milwaukee, where she had been attending Downer college, to spend the weeks until after the holidays with her parents and friends in this city.

Marshallfield Times: G. R. Schuman, the Grand Rapids sand merchant, was here Monday interviewing our building material men. Most of the sand used in building in this city is shipped by Mr. Schuman.

Atty D. D. Conway and Dr. O. T. Hungen were in Fond du Lac on Monday. The doctor went from there to Chicago, where he saw Henry Irving and Ellen Terry in "King Charles the First," on Tuesday evening.

Defects in Eyesight



Can be corrected by having your eyes fitted accurately to a pair of glasses by J. R. CHAPMAN. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

If you will watch closely our advertisements hereafter you will find something new every week.

EVERY WEDNESDAY Is A Sales Day

Next Wednesday there will be a sale of

LINENS

Buy Now.

You will find something nice for a Christmas present among these goods. N. B. No trading stamps given on goods advertised on sales day

MRS. J HAMM, EAST SIDE, TELEPHONE NO. 268.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

LATEST STYLES.

You will probably want some photos during the holidays to give your friends, and if so I think it entirely probable that I can please you at my studio. Photos finished in any style to suit the customer. You cannot appreciate how many new styles there are to select from unless you visit my gallery and look them over.

Views, Crayon and Photo Enlargements, Carbon Prints, etc.

I have an extra nice selection of views from this part of the country. Come and look them over.

O. MORTERUD, The Photographer.

HOLIDAY FURNITURE

Call at

Geo. W. Baker's

FURNITURE STORE, EAST SIDE

—And see those beautiful—

AXMINSTER RUGS

Extra fine quality made in choice colors and will wear many years. Sizes 9x12 feet.

Kensington Art Squares

Extra super, all wool. Beautiful designs, sizes 9x7½ to 9x10½ feet.

Philippine Brussels Art Squares, extra fine, in solid two tone effects, exquisite designs. Sizes 9x7½ to 9x13 1-2 feet.

Smyrna Rugs, sizes 18x34 to 30x60 in all of which will go at lower prices than can be obtained at any other place in the city. Make your selections early as these goods are bargains.

Your Choice of a Line of Beautiful Colored Pictures GIVEN WITH EVERY PURCHASE.

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.
DRUMB & SUTOR, - Publishers.
SEVERE TEST FOR
SUBMARINE BOAT.
The Fulton will make trip under
Water from New York to
Washington City.

New York, Dec. 10. The recently completed but already famous Fulton will start tomorrow from its anchorage in Long Island Sound on a 450-mile trip on and under water from New York to Washington. No submarine boat has ever attempted such a task before.

RIVAL TO BONINE CASE.
Woman Found with Skull Fractured
and Jaw Broken—Detectives
are at Work.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 10.—Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis, a fashionable dressmaker, was found in an almost dying condition in her room at 5 o'clock this morning under circumstances that promise to rival the Bonine murder case.

The general belief is that Mrs. Dennis was attacked while asleep in her back room upon the first floor and that the first blow in all probability was administered with the piano stool, which was saturated with blood.

Disaster Averted.
British Attempt to Capture Dewet
Nearly Results in a British
Defeat.

London, Dec. 10.—An obscure dispatch from Pretoria indicates that an attempt has been made to capture Dewet, with the result that the British force itself escaped capture by the timely arrival of Gen. Kinnington after a night march covering fifty miles.

A Game Preserve
ON GRAND ISLAND.
Owners Enlarge a Lake Superior
Isle with Wire Netting—A
Corps of Wardens.

Munising, Mich., Dec. 10.—[Special.]—The Cleveland-Croft's Iron company, which owns Grand Island, located off this village, is planning to make the place an extensive game preserve.

To Search for His Corpse.
Peculiar Request Made of John Karl-
son of Hancock, Mich.

Hancock, Mich., Dec. 10.—[Special.]—To be asked to help search for his own corpse was the experience of John Karlson of this city yesterday.

WOMAN IN THE CASE.
Property Left Behind that will More
than Cover the Amount of
the Shortage.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 10.—Henry J. Fleishman, for years the trusted cashier of the Farmers and Merchants' bank, has dropped from sight, and with him has gone \$100,000 of the bank's currency.

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JUDGE WOODS' SUCCESSOR.
President Selects Judge Francis E.
Baker to Fill Vacancy.

TRUST COMPANY
IS IN DISTRESS.
An Omaha Concern, of Which A. U.
Wyman is President, Loses by
Shrinkage in Values.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 9. The Omaha Loan and Trust company, which in the last sixteen years has placed between \$12,000,000 and \$15,000,000 in real estate mortgages, is in financial distress and liquidation is threatened.

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Washington, D. C., Dec. 10.—It was announced after the cabinet meeting today that Judge Francis E. Baker had been decided upon by the President for the vacant judgeship in the Seventh circuit court of Indiana.

TROOPS IN FREE FIGHT.
British Sentry, Crazed with Liquor,
Empties His Revolver Into a
German Regiment.

Tien Tsin, Dec. 10. Serious international complications may result from an encounter which took place yesterday between a German troop and a company of Punjabi infantry, which is stationed here.

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CONGRESS.
The Senate was the only branch of Congress in session on the 10th. The early hour of the day prevented the session from being a long one.

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When Russians Eat.
Have No Fixed Menu Time, but Many
Preferentials at the Table.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.
MILWAUKEE. Eggs—Market firm, fresh new, 25¢; storage, 15¢; country, 10¢; 1917, 10¢; 1918, 10¢; 1919, 10¢; 1920, 10¢; 1921, 10¢; 1922, 10¢; 1923, 10¢; 1924, 10¢; 1925, 10¢; 1926, 10¢; 1927, 10¢; 1928, 10¢; 1929, 10¢; 1930, 10¢; 1931, 10¢; 1932, 10¢; 1933, 10¢; 1934, 10¢; 1935, 10¢; 1936, 10¢; 1937, 10¢; 1938, 10¢; 1939, 10¢; 1940, 10¢; 1941, 10¢; 1942, 10¢; 1943, 10¢; 1944, 10¢; 1945, 10¢; 1946, 10¢; 1947, 10¢; 1948, 10¢; 1949, 10¢; 1950, 10¢; 1951, 10¢; 1952, 10¢; 1953, 10¢; 1954, 10¢; 1955, 10¢; 1956, 10¢; 1957, 10¢; 1958, 10¢; 1959, 10¢; 1960, 10¢; 1961, 10¢; 1962, 10¢; 1963, 10¢; 1964, 10¢; 1965, 10¢; 1966, 10¢; 1967, 10¢; 1968, 10¢; 1969, 10¢; 1970, 10¢; 1971, 10¢; 1972, 10¢; 1973, 10¢; 1974, 10¢; 1975, 10¢; 1976, 10¢; 1977, 10¢; 1978, 10¢; 1979, 10¢; 1980, 10¢; 1981, 10¢; 1982, 10¢; 1983, 10¢; 1984, 10¢; 1985, 10¢; 1986, 10¢; 1987, 10¢; 1988, 10¢; 1989, 10¢; 1990, 10¢; 1991, 10¢; 1992, 10¢; 1993, 10¢; 1994, 10¢; 1995, 10¢; 1996, 10¢; 1997, 10¢; 1998, 10¢; 1999, 10¢; 2000, 10¢; 2001, 10¢; 2002, 10¢; 2003, 10¢; 2004, 10¢; 2005, 10¢; 2006, 10¢; 2007, 10¢; 2008, 10¢; 2009, 10¢; 2010, 10¢; 2011, 10¢; 2012, 10¢; 2013, 10¢; 2014, 10¢; 2015, 10¢; 2016, 10¢; 2017, 10¢; 2018, 10¢; 2019, 10¢; 2020, 10¢; 2021, 10¢; 2022, 10¢; 2023, 10¢; 2024, 10¢; 2025, 10¢; 2026, 10¢; 2027, 10¢; 2028, 10¢; 2029, 10¢; 2030, 10¢; 2031, 10¢; 2032, 10¢; 2033, 10¢; 2034, 10¢; 2035, 10¢; 2036, 10¢; 2037, 10¢; 2038, 10¢; 2039, 10¢; 2040, 10¢; 2041, 10¢; 2042, 10¢; 2043, 10¢; 2044, 10¢; 2045, 10¢; 2046, 10¢; 2047, 10¢; 2048, 10¢; 2049, 10¢; 2050, 10¢; 2051, 10¢; 2052, 10¢; 2053, 10¢; 2054, 10¢; 2055, 10¢; 2056, 10¢; 2057, 10¢; 2058, 10¢; 2059, 10¢; 2060, 10¢; 2061, 10¢; 2062, 10¢; 2063, 10¢; 2064, 10¢; 2065, 10¢; 2066, 10¢; 2067, 10¢; 2068, 10¢; 2069, 10¢; 2070, 10¢; 2071, 10¢; 2072, 10¢; 2073, 10¢; 2074, 10¢; 2075, 10¢; 2076, 10¢; 2077, 10¢; 2078, 10¢; 2079, 10¢; 2080, 10¢; 2081, 10¢; 2082, 10¢; 2083, 10¢; 2084, 10¢; 2085, 10¢; 2086, 10¢; 2087, 10¢; 2088, 10¢; 2089, 10¢; 2090, 10¢; 2091, 10¢; 2092, 10¢; 2093, 10¢; 2094, 10¢; 2095, 10¢; 2096, 10¢; 2097, 10¢; 2098, 10¢; 2099, 10¢; 2100, 10¢; 2101, 10¢; 2102, 10¢; 2103, 10¢; 2104, 10¢; 2105, 10¢; 2106, 10¢; 2107, 10¢; 2108, 10¢; 2109, 10¢; 2110, 10¢; 2111, 10¢; 2112, 10¢; 2113, 10¢; 2114, 10¢; 2115, 10¢; 2116, 10¢; 2117, 10¢; 2118, 10¢; 2119, 10¢; 2120, 10¢; 2121, 10¢; 2122, 10¢; 2123, 10¢; 2124, 10¢; 2125, 10¢; 2126, 10¢; 2127, 10¢; 2128, 10¢; 2129, 10¢; 2130, 10¢; 2131, 10¢; 2132, 10¢; 2133, 10¢; 2134, 10¢; 2135, 10¢; 2136, 10¢; 2137, 10¢; 2138, 10¢; 2139, 10¢; 2140, 10¢; 2141, 10¢; 2142, 10¢; 2143, 10¢; 2144, 10¢; 2145, 10¢; 2146, 10¢; 2147, 10¢; 2148, 10¢; 2149, 10¢; 2150, 10¢; 2151, 10¢; 2152, 10¢; 2153, 10¢; 2154, 10¢; 2155, 10¢; 2156, 10¢; 2157, 10¢; 2158, 10¢; 2159, 10¢; 2160, 10¢; 2161, 10¢; 2162, 10¢; 2163, 10¢; 2164, 10¢; 2165, 10¢; 2166, 10¢; 2167, 10¢; 2168, 10¢; 2169, 10¢; 2170, 10¢; 2171, 10¢; 2172, 10¢; 2173, 10¢; 2174, 10¢; 2175, 10¢; 2176, 10¢; 2177, 10¢; 2178, 10¢; 2179, 10¢; 2180, 10¢; 2181, 10¢; 2182, 10¢; 2183, 10¢; 2184, 10¢; 2185, 10¢; 2186, 10¢; 2187, 10¢; 2188, 10¢; 2189, 10¢; 2190, 10¢; 2191, 10¢; 2192, 10¢; 2193, 10¢; 2194, 10¢; 2195, 10¢; 2196, 10¢; 2197, 10¢; 2198, 10¢; 2199, 10¢; 2200, 10¢; 2201, 10¢; 2202, 10¢; 2203, 10¢; 2204, 10¢; 2205, 10¢; 2206, 10¢; 2207, 10¢; 2208, 10¢; 2209, 10¢; 2210, 10¢; 2211, 10¢; 2212, 10¢; 2213, 10¢; 2214, 10¢; 2215, 10¢; 2216, 10¢; 2217, 10¢; 2218, 10¢; 2219, 10¢; 2220, 10¢; 2221, 10¢; 2222, 10¢; 2223, 10¢; 2224, 10¢; 2225, 10¢; 2226, 10¢; 2227, 10¢; 2228, 10¢; 2229, 10¢; 2230, 10¢; 2231, 10¢; 2232, 10¢; 2233, 10¢; 2234, 10¢; 2235, 10¢; 2236, 10¢; 2237, 10¢; 2238, 10¢; 2239, 10¢; 2240, 10¢; 2241, 10¢; 2242, 10¢; 2243, 10¢; 2244, 10¢; 2245, 10¢; 2246, 10¢; 2247, 10¢; 2248, 10¢; 2249, 10¢; 2250, 10¢; 2251, 10¢; 2252, 10¢; 2253, 10¢; 2254, 10¢; 2255, 10¢; 2256, 10¢; 2257, 10¢; 2258, 10¢; 2259, 10¢; 2260, 10¢; 2261, 10¢; 2262, 10¢; 2263, 10¢; 2264, 10¢; 2265, 10¢; 2266, 10¢; 2267, 10¢; 2268, 10¢; 2269, 10¢; 2270, 10¢; 2271, 10¢; 2272, 10¢; 2273, 10¢; 2274, 10¢; 2275, 10¢; 2276, 10¢; 2277, 10¢; 2278, 10¢; 2279, 10¢; 2280, 10¢; 2281, 10¢; 2282, 10¢; 2283, 10¢; 2284, 10¢; 2285, 10¢; 2286, 10¢; 2287, 10¢; 2288, 10¢; 2289, 10¢; 2290, 10¢; 2291, 10¢; 2292, 10¢; 2293, 10¢; 2294, 10¢; 2295, 10¢; 2296, 10¢; 2297, 10¢; 2298, 10¢; 2299, 10¢; 2300, 10¢; 2301, 10¢; 2302, 10¢; 2303, 10¢; 2304, 10¢; 2305, 10¢; 2306, 10¢; 2307, 10¢; 2308, 10¢; 2309, 10¢; 2310, 10¢; 2311, 10¢; 2312, 10¢; 2313, 10¢; 2314, 10¢; 2315, 10¢; 2316, 10¢; 2317, 10¢; 2318, 10¢; 2319, 10¢; 2320, 10¢; 2321, 10¢; 2322, 10¢; 2323, 10¢; 2324, 10¢; 2325, 10¢; 2326, 10¢; 2327, 10¢; 2328, 10¢; 2329, 10¢; 2330, 10¢; 2331, 10¢; 2332, 10¢; 2333, 10¢; 2334, 10¢; 2335, 10¢; 2336, 10¢; 2337, 10¢; 2338, 10¢; 2339, 10¢; 2340, 10¢; 2341, 10¢; 2342, 10¢; 2343, 10¢; 2344, 10¢; 2345, 10¢; 2346, 10¢; 2347, 10¢; 2348, 10¢; 2349, 10¢; 2350, 10¢; 2351, 10¢; 2352, 10¢; 2353, 10¢; 2354, 10¢; 2355, 10¢; 2356, 10¢; 2357, 10¢; 2358, 10¢; 2359, 10¢; 2360, 10¢; 2361, 10¢; 2362, 10¢; 2363, 10¢; 2364, 10¢; 2365, 10¢; 2366, 10¢; 2367, 10¢; 2368, 10¢; 2369, 10¢; 2370, 10¢; 2371, 10¢; 2372, 10¢; 2373, 10¢; 2374, 10¢; 2375, 10¢; 2376, 10¢; 2377, 10¢; 2378, 10¢; 2379, 10¢; 2380, 10¢; 2381, 10¢; 2382, 10¢; 2383, 10¢; 2384, 10¢; 2385, 10¢; 2386, 10¢; 2387, 10¢; 2388, 10¢; 2389, 10¢; 2390, 10¢; 2391, 10¢; 2392, 10¢; 2393, 10¢; 2394, 10¢; 2395, 10¢; 2396, 10¢; 2397, 10¢; 2398, 10¢; 2399, 10¢; 2400, 10¢; 2401, 10¢; 2402, 10¢; 2403, 10¢; 2404, 10¢; 2405, 10¢; 2406, 10¢; 2407, 10¢; 2408, 10¢; 2409, 10¢; 2410, 10¢; 2411, 10¢; 2412, 10¢; 2413, 10¢; 2414, 10¢; 2415, 10¢; 2416, 10¢; 2417, 10¢; 2418, 10¢; 2419, 10¢; 2420, 10¢; 2421, 10¢; 2422, 10¢; 2423, 10¢; 2424, 10¢; 2425, 10¢; 2426, 10¢; 2427, 10¢; 2428, 10¢; 2429, 10¢; 2430, 10¢; 2431, 10¢; 2432, 10¢; 2433, 10¢; 2434, 10¢; 2435, 10¢; 2436, 10¢; 2437, 10¢; 2438, 10¢; 2439, 10¢; 2440, 10¢; 2441, 10¢; 2442, 10¢; 2443, 10¢; 2444, 10¢; 2445, 10¢; 2446, 10¢; 2447, 10¢; 2448, 10¢; 2449, 10¢; 2450, 10¢; 2451, 10¢; 2452, 10¢; 2453, 10¢; 2454, 10¢; 2455, 10¢; 2456, 10¢; 2457, 10¢; 2458, 10¢; 2459, 10¢; 2460, 10¢; 2461, 10¢; 2462, 10¢; 2463, 10¢; 2464, 10¢; 2465, 10¢; 2466, 10¢; 2467, 10¢; 2468, 10¢; 2469, 10¢; 2470, 10¢; 2471, 10¢; 2472, 10¢; 2473, 10¢; 2474, 10¢; 2475, 10¢; 2476, 10¢; 2477, 10¢; 2478, 10¢; 2479, 10¢; 2480, 10¢; 2481, 10¢; 2482, 10¢; 2483, 10¢; 2484, 10¢; 2485, 10¢; 2486, 10¢; 2487, 10¢; 2488, 10¢; 2489, 10¢; 2490, 10¢; 2491, 10¢; 2492, 10¢; 2493, 10¢; 2494, 10¢; 2495, 10¢; 2496, 10¢; 2497, 10¢; 2498, 10¢; 2499, 10¢; 2500, 10¢; 2501, 10¢; 2502, 10¢; 2503, 10¢; 2504, 10¢; 2505, 10¢; 2506, 10¢; 2507, 10¢; 2508, 10¢; 2509, 10¢; 2510, 10¢; 2511, 10¢; 2512, 10¢; 2513, 10¢; 2514, 10¢; 2515, 10¢; 2516, 10¢; 2517, 10¢; 2518, 10¢; 2519, 10¢; 2520, 10¢; 2521, 10¢; 2522, 10¢; 2523, 10¢; 2524, 10¢; 2525, 10¢; 2526, 10¢; 2527, 10¢; 2528, 10¢; 2529, 10¢; 2530, 10¢; 2531, 10¢; 2532, 10¢; 2533, 10¢; 2534, 10¢; 2535, 10¢; 2536, 10¢; 2537, 10¢; 2538, 10¢; 2539, 10¢; 2540, 10¢; 2541, 10¢; 2542, 10¢; 2543, 10¢; 2544, 10¢; 2545, 10¢; 2546, 10¢; 2547, 10¢; 2548, 10¢; 2549, 10¢; 2550, 10¢; 2551, 10¢; 2552, 10¢; 2553, 10¢; 2554, 10¢; 2555, 10¢; 2556, 10¢; 2557, 10¢; 2558, 10¢; 2559, 10¢; 2560, 10¢; 2561, 10¢; 2562, 10¢; 2563, 10¢; 2564, 10¢; 2565, 10¢; 2566, 10¢; 2567, 10¢; 2568, 10¢; 2569, 10¢; 2570, 10¢; 2571, 10¢; 2572, 10¢; 2573, 10¢; 2574, 10¢; 2575, 10¢; 2576, 10¢; 2577, 10¢; 2578, 10¢; 2579, 10¢; 2580, 10¢; 2581, 10¢; 2582, 10¢; 2583, 10¢; 2584, 10¢; 2585, 10¢; 2586, 10¢; 2587, 10¢; 2588, 10¢; 2589, 10¢; 2590, 10¢; 2591, 10¢; 2592, 10¢; 2593, 10¢; 2594, 10¢; 2595, 10¢; 2596, 10¢; 2597, 10¢; 2598, 10¢; 2599, 10¢; 2600, 10¢; 2601, 10¢; 2602, 10¢; 2603, 10¢; 2604, 10¢; 2605, 10¢; 2606, 10¢; 2607, 10¢; 2608, 10¢; 2609, 10¢; 2610, 10¢; 2611, 10¢; 2612, 10¢; 2613, 10¢; 2614, 10¢; 2615, 10¢; 2616, 10¢; 2617, 10¢; 2618, 10¢; 2619, 10¢; 2620, 10¢; 2621, 10¢; 2622, 10¢; 2623, 10¢; 2624, 10¢; 2625, 10¢; 2626, 10¢; 2627, 10¢; 2628, 10¢; 2629, 10¢; 2630, 10¢; 2631, 10¢; 2632, 10¢; 2633, 10¢; 2634, 10¢; 2635, 10¢; 2636, 10¢; 2637, 10¢; 2638, 10¢; 2639, 10¢; 2640, 10¢; 2641, 10¢; 2642, 10¢; 2643, 10¢; 2644, 10¢; 2645, 10¢; 2646, 10¢; 2647, 10¢; 2648, 10¢; 2649, 10¢; 2650, 10¢; 2651, 10¢; 2652, 10¢; 2653, 10¢; 2654, 10¢; 2655, 10¢; 2656, 10¢; 2657, 10¢; 2658, 10¢; 2659, 10¢; 2660, 10¢; 2661, 10¢; 2662, 10¢; 2663, 10¢; 2664, 10¢; 2665, 10¢; 2666, 10¢; 2667, 10¢; 2668, 10¢; 2669, 10¢; 2670, 10¢; 2671, 10¢; 2672, 10¢; 2673, 10¢; 2674, 10¢; 2675, 10¢; 2676, 10¢; 2677, 10¢; 2678, 10¢; 2679, 10¢; 2680, 10¢; 2681, 10¢; 2682, 10¢; 2683, 10¢; 2684, 10¢; 2685, 10¢; 2686, 10¢; 2687, 10¢; 2688, 10¢; 2689, 10¢; 2690, 10¢; 2691, 10¢; 2692, 10¢; 2693, 10¢; 2694, 10¢; 2695, 10¢; 2696, 10¢; 2697, 10¢; 2698, 10¢; 2699, 10¢; 2700, 10¢; 2701, 10¢; 2702, 10¢; 2703, 10¢; 2704, 10¢; 2705, 10¢; 2706, 10¢; 2707, 10¢; 2708, 10¢; 2709, 10¢; 2710, 10¢; 2711, 10¢; 2712, 10¢; 2713, 10¢; 2714, 10¢; 2715, 10¢; 2716, 10¢; 27

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Saturday, Dec. 14, 1901.

VOL. XXIX, NO. 32.



A Christmas Privilege

If your present has been acceptable, as it's sure to be if it's comprised in our really handsome aggregation of parlor, dining room, drawing room and bedroom furniture. All sorts of upholstered easy chairs and comfortable rockers—in fact, everything in furniture for the season.

JOHN McGLOIN.

M. A. BOGGER'S old stand.



THINK IT OVER.

Balance "I Need" against "I Can Afford" and even if the balance is the wrong way, don't fear to come here. We don't shriek "low prices" much, but we do give them, and you know what you are getting. Our lumber is the best that can be bought.

KELLOGG BROS. LBR. CO.

YARDS AT

East Grand Rapids.

West Grand Rapids.

Nekoosa, Wis.

BARNES the Confectioner

Has the nicest all-around line of candies to be found in the city, and they are being sold at prices that are within the reach of all.

Christmas Presents for Little Folks.....

There is a large assortment of presents for the little people, Toys, Games, Musical Toys and Christmas Tree Decorations. A fine line of....

CIGARS IN BOXES

That make a nice gift for a gentleman friend. These are all reliable goods and you need not be afraid to invest even if you are not a smoker.

W. H. BARNES,

West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

MICHAEL STROGOFF.

Rendered in fine Style by Our Home People.

A full house greeted the production of Michael Strogoff on Thursday evening, and the audience had no reason to feel disappointed at having attended. The piece was well handled throughout and the music, which had been specially prepared for the occasion, was good. Between the two last acts the orchestra played "Bowery Buck," which so caught the audience that proceedings had to stop right there until it had been played a second time.

The part of Michael Strogoff was taken by E. L. Kromer and was handled in a masterful manner, and certainly exceeded all expectations. Charles Podawitz took the part of Ivanogoroff and was very good, and made a first class Russian villain, with plenty of vim. Otto Roenius also did first class as the Czar of Russia.

The two newspaper correspondents, Messrs. Blunt and Laidlaw, which parts were taken by Elbert Kellogg and Marcelus McCarthy, amused the audience from start to finish. As revolver shots these two gentlemen were certainly wondrous. Some of the audience even hinted that their revolvers must have been loaded with buckshot but this is a base slander. Any self-respecting American ought to be able to plunk two scurvy Arabs at every shot, and this is better than the reporters did, but of course some allowance has to be made for one of them being an Englishman.

Miss Matilde Bunge as Nadia, Ethel Kelly as Sangaree, Ethel Youre as Marfa Strogoff and Aurelia Banelin as the susceptible Madam Gogal were all good, and it would be hard to pick out the best one of the quartet.

Everybody expressed themselves as well pleased with the show, and it was certainly the best thing by home talent that has been produced for some time. A large number remained after the performance to take part in the social hop, at which the New Monarch orchestra rendered some nice music.

Officers Elected.

Mystic Workers.

The Mystic Workers held their election of officers on Thursday, December 5th, with the following result:
Prefect—J. B. Bridge.
Monitor—C. E. Mullen.
Marshall—Fred Alexander.
Banker—W. H. Barnes.
Sentinel—G. McCrossen.
Picker—Chas. Anderson.
Secy—O. E. Mickelson.
Physician—J. J. Looze.
Attorney—Fred Duchane.
Installation will occur at the first meeting in the new year, which is Thursday, January 2.

Woodmen of the World.

The Woodmen of the World elected officers on the 10th instant, as follows:
C. C.—Jos. Bogger.
A. S.—A. Knudson.
Banker—J. W. Natwick.
Clerk—C. E. Kruger.
Escort—O. Erdman.
Watchman—M. Lemense.
Sentry—C. B. Green.

Modern Woodmen.

Venerable Consul—James Hanna.
Worthy Advisor—O. E. Mickelson.
Banker—W. G. Scott.
Clerk—A. C. Timm.
Escort—James Pickett.
Watchman—Fred Ebert.
Sentinel—W. E. Little.
Manager—Fred Bossert.
Physicians—F. Pomerville, C. A. Boorman, F. D. Humphrey.
Installation occurs at the first meeting in January.

Equitable and Fraternal Union.

President—Jos. Bogger.
Vice Pres.—W. G. Scott.
Secretary—Walter Denis.
Treasurer—W. H. Barnes.
Advisor—Jas. Bronson.
Warden—Grant Babcock.
Installation will occur on first Tuesday in January.

Map of Wisconsin Free.

I have a limited supply of Rand & McNally's large wall maps of Wisconsin which I will send, until the supply is exhausted, to any teacher in this county sending 25 cents to pay express charges and agreeing to the following: First, the map shall be hung up in the school room until the close of winter term. Second, to agree to place one of my large illustrated posters in the post office or some other prominent place securely fastened. Third, that the map be kept open at all times and not rolled up. This map retails at from \$2 to \$2.50.

The winter term of the Toland universities begins January 2nd. Send for beautiful booklet containing the portraits of hundreds of graduates now holding first-class positions. Address F. J. Toland, La Crosse, Wis.

Death of Robert Blow.

Robert Blow, one of the old residents of this section, died on Saturday last at his home about two miles east of the city at the age of 74 years.

The deceased came to this city about forty years ago and has lived in this immediate vicinity ever since. He leaves a wife and four children to mourn his loss. The funeral occurred on Tuesday afternoon from the Methodist church, Rev. W. A. Peterson officiating.

Rockers

For young or old, large or small, black or white, at prices that will fit any size pocketbook. Remember a picture goes with every sale at GEO. W. BAKER'S furniture store, East Side.

New Library Books.

Following is a list of new books at the library which were recently received and are being catalogued preparatory to circulation. They will be ready on Monday.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Briggs, L. B. R.—School, college and character.
Brooks, Geraldine—Dames and daughters of the colonial days.
Davenport, H. J.—Outlines of economic theory.
Dunbar, P. L.—Candle lightin' time.
Farrelly, M. J.—The settlement after the war in South Africa.
Grinnell, G. Bird—The punishment of the stinging and other Indian stories.
Hadley, A. T.—The education of the American citizen.
Halsey, F. W.—American authors and their homes.
Hough, P. M.—Dutch life in town and country.
Lahee, H. C.—Grand opera in America.

Livingston, W. F.—Israel Putnam.
Merwin, H. C.—Aaron Burr.
Pahner, F. H. E.—Russian life in town and country.
Thompson, E. Seten—Lives of the hunted.
Sparks, E. E.—The expansion of the American people.
Inge, W. F.—Life in Rome under the Caesars.

FICTION.

Barbour, R. H.—Captain of the crew.
Baum, L. F.—American fairy tales.
Becker—Gallus.
Benefactress, The—By author of Elizabeth and her German garden.
Butterworth, Hezekiah—In the days of Audubon.
Cable, G. W.—The Cavalier.
Caine, Hall—Eternal city.
Chambers, R. W.—Cardigan.
Doubleday, Russell—A year in a yawl.
Gordon, C. U.—The man from Glen-garry.
Ray, A. C.—Teddy her daughter.
Stevenson, R. L.—Black arrow.
Van Dyke, H.—The ruling passion.
Wells, Carolyn—Patty Fairfield.

IN DURANCE VILE.

Soldier Who Thought War was over, Finds Himself Pinched.

William Bell, an old soldier, and member of the Wood county post, was arrested on Wednesday evening by his comrades, but managed to escape from the court martial with his life. The members of Wood county post had decided to give Uncle William a genuine surprise, and according to all accounts, they did what they started out to do. At 8 o'clock the meeting of the post was adjourned for one week, and the members with solemn visages and martial tread proceeded to Mr. Bell's home, where the old gentleman was placed under arrest with all the necessary pomp of an affair of this kind.

From his home he was marched to the M. E. church parlors where all were seated with Uncle William in the foreground. Then the young people and ladies rendered a fine program consisting of war songs, war stories etc. after which Commander M. S. Pratt escorted Uncle William to the head of a row of tables which had been placed by the ladies for the occasion, and all partook of a fine supper. After this the old comrades spent a pleasant hour in each others company, during which time Dr. Humphrey rendered two fine solos. There were about twenty-five old soldiers present and a very enjoyable time was spent.

One of the best parts of the whole affair was the complete surprise of Uncle William when placed under arrest. He was so bewildered, in fact, that he entirely forgot his hat when he started for the "guard house" and his attention had to be called to the fact by one of his comrades.

Uncle William says it was the greatest surprise he has had in years and proved in the end to be as great a joy as it was surprise. Everybody seemed to enjoy the affair hugely and did not feel like leaving until ten o'clock.

A COGRADE.

St. John's Church.

On Sunday December 15th the Right Rev. Reginald Heber Weller, D. D., Bishop coadjutor of the diocese of Fond du Lac will confirm a class at St. John's church in this city.

Services for the day will be celebration of Eucharist at 7:30 a. m., confirmation service and celebration of Eucharist with a sermon by the Bishop at 10:30 a. m., evening prayers and children's service with an address by the Bishop at 4 p. m.

After this service a public reception will be held in the Vicarage to which all members of the church and strangers are invited.

Blaisdell-Laramie.

James Blaisdell of Trout Lake, and Miss Louise Laramie of Grand Rapids were united in marriage December 1, by Justice Daniels. The marriage took place at Mr. Blaisdell's home, where a wedding dinner was served to the happy couple and a number of guests who wished them a happy wedded life.

Unclaimed Letters.

West Side.

List of letters unclaimed in the west side postoffice, for the week ending Dec. 11, 1901.

Guy, Jesse J. Klappm.
Javorski, Nick Whitehead, B E
Persons calling for the above named letters will please say "advertised."

W. H. COCHRAN, Postmaster.

—Remember that watch you promised for a Christmas present? W. G. Scott has a full selection.

LIKED HIS BOARD.

A Degenerate Who Wanted to Live on the Town.

Henry Fisher was arrested on Wednesday for petty larceny and sentenced to fifteen days in the county jail.

Fisher it seems, who hails from Nekoosa, had just finished a ten days sentence in the hotel McLaughlin, and he had been treated so well that he fell in love with his surroundings and the life of ease he was leading and evidently decided that the best thing he could do would be to go back for another term.

When first noticed on Wednesday Fisher was in Monian's saloon where he attempted to sell a pair of rubbers. He failed in this, but managed to kick up enough disturbance so as to attract Officer Gibson's attention. When the officer appeared on the scene Fisher took him off to one side and explained that he had stolen a pair of rubbers, and that it would be to the officer's benefit to arrest him.

Mr. Gibson supposed that the man was intoxicated and he was ejected from the saloon. Later he was found on the street corner using obscene language, and when again approached by the officer, he immediately surrendered and informed that gentleman that he was just trying to get arrested and that he wanted to get sixty days.

It developed that he had stolen the rubbers from Joseph Cohen on the east side, and had made a display of the fact about town in order to attract attention.

He afterward explained to the officer that he had been working on the railroad all summer and that he was 57 years old, and that he did not propose to work this winter if he could find as nice a place to spend his time as our county jail had proven to be.

Doan's on the Bowery.

A printing office, three saloons, two second-hand stores of Jewish extraction and a grocery store ought to make any thoroughfare a busy one, even though it was of great length, but when the whole conglomeration is onto a stretch of street scarcely 200 feet in length, the effect can only be conceived by one who is right on the ground. This is the condition of affairs in the immediate vicinity of the Tribune office. Things have been lively on the Bowery for some time past, especially on nice days when the weather would permit of interested parties standing in front of their places of business and "chewing the rag" across the street.

It seems that a great deal of jealousy has sprung up between the two parties conducting the second-hand stores and the consequence was that a full-fledged hardcoal stove was often sold for 99 cents that ought to bring at least a dollar in the hands of any reputable dealer.

While there is an old adage to the effect that competition is the life of trade, in this instance it also seemed to furnish the life for a daily quarrel between the two rival houses, weather permitting.

Matters came to focus on Tuesday when Jake Smuckler swore out a warrant for the arrest of Sam Springberg, Sam works for Max Steinberg and was accused in the complaint of having used foul and abusive language to Mrs. Smuckler.

The case was tried on Wednesday afternoon before Judge Croft and a large concourse of interested spectators listened to the proceedings. For once a graveyard quiet reigned on the Bowery. There wasn't a Jew left to run the business, and it was a surprise that there were so many in the city to be at the trial.

When placed on the witness stand Sam Springberg swore that he hadn't said a word derogatory to anybody's character, but said that Mrs. Smuckler had put herself out to make his life miserable, and that she sent the children out with baskets and a lantern to parade in front of his place of business. Sam explained that in Jewish this meant that he could not see after four o'clock and that he had better go to picking rags.

This was all denied by the other side, and as all the quarrels had been in what was termed the Jewish language and could not be understood by the surrounding inhabitants no light could be thrown on the matter by out side witnesses.

After hearing all the testimony the jury apparently came to the conclusion that it was about a horse apiece, and the prisoner was discharged.

Married.

BAKER-SWEENEY—On Thursday, December 5th, 1901, Rev. B. J. H. Shaw officiating, George Warren Baker to Mary Elizabeth Sweeney, both of this city.

Only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties were present, the wedding being a very quiet one. George is like Joey Bagstock, he's devilish sly, and he thought he could fool the boys, but on Friday night they had found him out and assembled in overwhelming numbers and many people whose musical ear is not just what it should be, thought that the brass band had turned out for an evening concert which, however, was found to be a mistake.

Mr. and Mrs. Baker will make their home in this city and the Tribune extends congratulations.

—No one can reasonably hope for good health unless his bowels move once a day. When this is not attended to, disorders of the stomach arise, biliousness, headache dyspepsia and piles soon follow. If you wish to avoid these ailments keep your bowels regular by taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when required. They are so easy to take and mild and gentle in effect. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co.

CHAS. S. WHITTLESEY, FIRE INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

Office over Bank of Grand Rapids, West Side.

All business promptly attended to. First class fire insurance at Current Rates. Over 20,000 acres of wild and improved farming lands for sale. Houses and lots for sale in the city. General agent for The United States Fidelity & Guaranty Co. Fidelity, Judicial and Contract Bonds furnished. Will insure banks and business houses against burglary. HOUSES TO RENT.

FOR SALE—160 acre farm, 40 acres cleared, good house and barn, team, stock and farm machinery, situated town of Ft. Edwards, one mile from city limits.

FOR SALE—100 acre farm six miles east of city, good house, small barn, cheap.

FOR SALE—80 acre farm, fine house and barn, town of Hansen, 10 miles from city, excellent location. Can be secured at a bargain.

FOR SALE—Two lots with fine 10-room house, good barn and woodshed, situated in desirable residence part of the city, east side.

FOR SALE—One lot with fine house, modern improvements. Good location close to business part of city, west side.

FOR SALE—One lot with fine modern residence, good barn, French St., close to business part of city.

FOR SALE—Two good farms, town of Ardena, Juneau county, 129 and 280 acres respectively. Prices and terms very reasonable. Prices, terms and full particulars furnished at my office.

C. S. WHITTLESEY, GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

Candy!

If you want pure home-made Candies go to the White Front Candy Kitchen. Also leave an order for plain or fancy Ice Cream. It will receive our prompt attention.

AIKEN'S Candy Kitchen, East Side.

GEO. W. BAKER,

Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer.

All business intrusted to my care will have prompt and careful attention. A qualified lady assistant. Special attention given to night calls.

Telephone 313. Center St. East Side. GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

To our many friends and patrons we beg to announce that on and after January 1st, 1902, we will do a strictly cash business. No discounts and only one price to all will be our motto.

Very respectfully yours, SPAFFORD, COLE & CO.

ALL KINDS OF

COAL

PRICES RIGHT.

E. C. KETCHUM.

TELEPHONE: Office, 164. Residence, 51.

C. M. DOUGHARTY, Electric Light and Bell Wiring.

Full line of Batteries, Electric Fans and Electrical Supplies. Telephone 386. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

PAPERS BY THE PEOPLE

Danger of "Educated Ignorance."



Our government can be no purer than a majority of its citizens. Our aim should be to reach our youth that the first duty of citizenship is the exercise of the divine right guaranteed by our constitution through active participation in the selection of their public servants and in deciding upon those policies of government which shall prevail. Government cannot be made perfect any more than the human mind may attain omniscience, but as education advances we can improve upon old methods, and we can demand from our public servants honesty and fidelity, and by the exercise of the elective franchise in our primaries and caucuses secure the highest standard of ability. If, however, as is too often the case, the so-called higher education leads us to forego this right, then we deserve misgovernment and spoliation and the arraying of one portion of our people against the other. Ignorance provokes discontent, and, if it may be permitted to use the term, "educated ignorance" provokes anarchy and confusion.

Teach our youth that the principles for which our forefathers fought are as dear to them as to those who took part in that great struggle; teach them that the great battles which ended in the emancipation of the slave are the glory of our country and were but another step in advance in our system of government; inculcate them with respect for our flag; teach them that our country is really the home for those who love liberty, that it is truly the refuge for the oppressed, and that it offers equal opportunities to all.

BENJAMIN B. ODELL, JR.
Governor of New York.

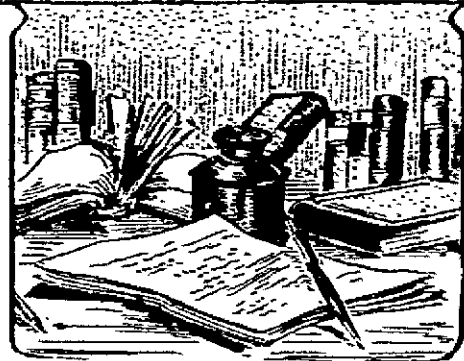
Passing of the Hawaiian.



The civilization of the white man is not always a boon to the savage; it means, sooner or later, his doom. The red men are nearly gone, the aboriginals of Australia are passing, and the Hawaiian race is rapidly melting away before the sunlight of civilized enterprise.

In 1854 there were 71,019 Hawaiians in the islands still, even though foreigners had already begun introducing civilization. In 1872 the native population had dwindled to 40,044, to which must be added 1,457 part Hawaiians—children of an Hawaiian mother and a foreign husband.

The next twelve years saw a further drop to 40,144, and an increase of part Hawaiians to 4,218, while in 1890 there were only 34,436 Hawaiians and 6,189 part Hawaiians. Six years later the Hawaiians number 31,019, and the mixed population 8,485. The latest census brings to light the fact that not only has the pure native population continued to diminish, but the part Hawaiian numbers have decreased from 8,485 to 7,835. The Hawaiian population is now actually one-third the number of the Japanese im-



migrant; there have been 29,834 to over 61,000 Japanese. In fifty years there will be scarcely any Hawaiians left to inhabit the Hawaiian Islands. The old customs and habits of the Hawaiians are dying out; faster even than the race itself.

The Hawaiians do not work hard or systematically. In the old days, before the advent of missionaries and traders, all the Hawaiians lived comfortably without the need of working, thanks to the natural resources always available. Civilization brought to them the necessity of working for a living and seeing others occupy the lands which once were theirs. Japanese and Chinese and other alien races have come into the land, and do the better kinds of work, and the Hawaiian is left principally to fishing and boating, though even here the Chinese have intruded, and will soon drive out the poor Hawaiians.

It is sad to watch the passing of any race, and doubly so when the natives are such fine, well made, generous and good-natured souls. But the civilization of the white man is not kind to any of the colored races, and they go out one by one. With the end of the Hawaiians another picturesque race will have disappeared from this earth.

ALFRED STEAD.
Fellow Royal Colonial Society.

Capital and Labor.



The most serious and persistent evil that disturbs co-operation among our people is found in the contentions and quarrels between employers and employees. Surely, as an original proposition there should be no antagonism in this country between labor and capital. On the contrary, they should be in one close alliance and friendship. Our institutions forbid that an explanation of each antagonism should be found in class jealousy and abuses.

I desire distinctly to disclaim any intention to suggest what may be the cause or causes of the dislocation which unfortunately so frequently occurs in the relationship of labor to capital. Whether it results from unreasonable and irritating demands on the part of labor, or whether our workmen listen too credulously to malign counsels, or whether again the trouble arises from the greed and avarice of capital and of its immense aggregations, I do not pretend to say. Perhaps all these have a share in creating the difficulty. But there is antagonism in this relationship where there should be a generous unity of purpose.

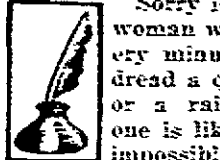
The situation itself proves that somewhere there are members of our partnership in American citizenship who act in violation of partnership duty; and I am sure that I venture nothing in making the assertion that the only remedy for this situation must be found in a return to the observances of the law of American co-operation. This return will not be accomplished by nursing real or im-

aginary injuries on the part of labor, nor by lordly and selfish arrogance on the part of capital. A beginning must be made by conspicuous examples of a recognition of the duty and obligations which are the conditions upon which the full enjoyment of our partnership advantages depends.

These examples should induce conservative and tolerant counsel; they should be prominently recognized and appreciated, and constantly pressed upon the view of all who may be remiss in their obligations to American co-operation—whatever the scope and nature of these obligations may be.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

People Who Must Be Amused.



Sorry is the lot of the man or woman who must be amused every minute of the time. They dread a quiet Sunday afternoon or a rainy evening, when no one is likely to come in or it is impossible for them to go out. Of course, some of these people were in infancy their mothers spent days and weeks doing nothing but keeping them in a good humor. They were never thrown on their own resources nor had to make the best of circumstances. On the other hand are the cheerful folk who are "pleased with a rattle and tickled with a straw." They manage to have a good time almost anywhere. A blessing upon these simple hearts who take the world as they find it, without a murmur and, always looking for the good and pleasant, realize essentially what they expect! They are the conservators of sane living in the world.

There is a class which amuses itself directly at the expense of others. It is composed of those who pride themselves upon their wit. Repartee and sharp little turns that have reference to another are a sort of revel to them. Bringing into notice the foibles and peculiarities of even a friend is not beneath their purpose to pose as wits. But retribution in the form of the loss of friends and the faculty for perceiving the ludicrous, becoming at last weakened through overwork, degenerates into caricature, or positive silliness.

It does not need a long experience to show us that those who surrender themselves to the desire for amusement miss its realization. The everyday duties, the close-at-hand service, the longing toward the distant, the gift of life, while driving from the mind the unworthy aim toward getting a good time out of the world, will instead supply that peculiar, broad, varied, interest, which furnishes happiness, including that lower order of satisfaction named amusement.

MARY B. BALDWIN.

Ought to Have Pool Tables.



Physiological and biblical science demonstrates that the primal and universal desire on the part of children is to play. The church ought to provide a place for its young people to hold social dancing parties. The modern church ought to have billiard and pool tables and ten pin alleys for its members. Instead of belaboring legitimate amusements let the church recognize their value and their necessity in life.

R. A. WHITE, D. D.

VICTIM OF HER OWN BEAUTY.

Miss Helen Vanderbilt-Wackerman

landed into insanity. In St. Giles' Infirmary, London, is a young woman in the worst stages of insanity. Her eyes have a terrifying look, her once handsome features have lost much of their beauty, and she suffers from delusions, refusing to eat because



MISS VANDERBILT-WACKERMAN.

she believes that some one has attempted to poison her.

A year ago this young woman was a merry creature—one of the most idolized persons in London society. She is Helen Vanderbilt-Wackerman, and her home is in Buffalo, from which city she went to London three years ago to study music and art. Her beauty won men. Her face, forehead, hands and neck were all of a soft ivory tint. Her hair is golden, her eyes are brown, and her shoulders and neck of such formation that artists raved over them. Several painted her and others sought her for a "pose." One of the portraits was by Ellis Roberts, and so strikingly handsome was it that when it was hung in the Royal Academy by the Hanging Committee, of which Hubert von Herkomer was a member, he objected to it, for he said it was "too beautiful to be true." It was not like anything on earth. When introduced to the subject he realized that the portrait was not false and he appealed to her to sit for him. She granted the request, and

while posing for him was treated as a member of the family. In society she continued to be a favorite.

One day, as unexpectedly as the lightning flashes from the sky, there came to her a request from the artist to whom she was sitting to leave his home, because of certain things he had heard concerning her conduct prior to entering his home. Pained and indignant, she demanded the name of her detractor. Herkomer refused to say more than that he himself believed her good, but that the stories besmirching her name compelled him to insist upon her leaving his home.

The matter did not end there. The friends of Miss Wackerman took up her cause, such men as the bishop of London and United States Ambassador Cheate demanding an explanation, which was not forthcoming. Herkomer was finally obliged to leave London in disgrace and is now living in Germany. He at one time lived in Syracuse, N. Y. That was before his departure for Europe.

Despite the magnificent expression of faith in her given by her friends and by eminent persons, Miss Vanderbilt-Wackerman worried about it until her mind finally gave way.

"VERY WELL FOR WOMEN."

This Is Not Good Enough for Lady Henry Somerset's Prototype.

Lady Henry Somerset, who has advised her young women proteges in an English industrial school so to perfect themselves that no body can say of them, "Oh, they do very well for women." It is probably the foremost leader of the feminist movement in Great Britain.

She is the daughter of the Earl and Countess Somers, and is now just 50 years old. In 1890 she first achieved considerable importance by her election to the Presidency of the British Women's Temperance Association, now the largest company of its kind in England. In 1892 she was elected Vice President of the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union, and in 1898, on the death of Miss Frances Willard, she succeeded that famous woman as President of the International

Association, which numbers over 500,000 members in various parts of the world.

She founded the Industrial Farm Colony at Duxhurst, which has grown to remarkable dimensions. She succeeded to her father's vast estates in Hertfordshire, Worcestershire, Surrey, London, and since 1884 she has used her wealth for the good of her fellowmen.

Looked Like Cherries.

There are many varieties of red peppers, or Chili peppers, in the market, of many shapes and sizes. They are all "hot" to the tongue, but some are better than others. One variety resembles a cherry in appearance, and these are called cherry peppers, and are hotter than all the others; in fact, no thermometer can go high enough to show their hotness. A box of these peppers was displayed in front of a commission store on Front street yesterday, the top layer packed with stems down, so that even an Oregonian might have taken, or rather, mistaken them for Royal Anne cherries. A passerby stopped to ask the price of the "cherries." He was told \$1.50 per box. He asked how much the expressage would be to his home in Kansas and was told 30 cents. He planked down \$2.40 and the box was marked with his address and handed to an express messenger.

When the Kansas man had gone a person who witnessed the transaction asked the dealer what he meant by swindling him. The dealer asked how. "By selling him peppers for cherries," was the answer. It then dawned on the dealer that the Kansas man had really supposed he was buying Oregon cherries, and he began to wonder what would happen in suffering, bleeding Kansas when the peppers reached there and were tasted. And he is still wondering.—Portland Oregonian.

Queer.

The prosaic individual who has outlived romance finds it hard to understand how two people can dawdle away hours and at their conclusion feel morally certain that only minutes have taken flight.

Lots of people are known as wicked because the towns they live in happen to be small.

If there is anything in hypnotism, why don't the bill collectors take it up?

OLD MOCK TRIALS.

A NOVEL ENTERTAINMENT FOR CLUBS AND SOCIETY.

Legal Proceedings Gives Opportunity for Dramatic Display—Culture Club Hears Divorce Case Unrestrained by Bailiffs.

Seekers after novel entertainment for winter evenings have caught upon the mock trial, which is consequently doing its turn at popular favor. Fortunately the trial adapts itself to any company and may be just as amusing or just as educational as its managers care to make it. It gives opportunity for a play of wit which livens the monotony of the regulation court proceeding and it gives plenty of room for such personal touches as will add to the entertainment of an audience composed of friends of the players. Moreover, as a large part of the company can be subpoenaed for the trial the interest will be most undiminished. From the impugning of the jury to the final verdict the audience will receive enthusiastically every stage of the trial's procedure.

A ridiculous charge is brought against a member of the party; often this is a club member. A young lawyer or law student is chosen for judge, as he can at the same time direct the conduct of the trial. The greatest care is taken to have everything in strict accordance with the legal custom and the slightest deviation from the regular order of trial is zealously guarded against. The lawyers appear with a burden of dignified leather-bound volumes, which they consult frequently and with ridiculous effect. The dignity of the judge is boldly overdrawn and his peremptory rulings intensified until the figure becomes a laughable caricature. Frimed for the occasion, the questions and answers of the lawyers and their witnesses

further and further from the ways and means of transport; each year the expense of working out the forest is increased by the extra distance the logs have to be carried. Then, owing to the nature and manipulation of the trade, consumption and supply cannot keep pace with each other; one is continually catching up the other, and the consequences are rises and depressions. "But, in the opinion of all who know anything about timber and have studied the great question of supply, there must be a steady increase in the price of every description of wood goods, and each wave of higher prices will attain a higher level than its predecessor."

"As far as the Riga sawing trade is concerned, the forests which furnish the timber are now so far away from the rivers which carry the logs that Riga cannot be supplied unless prices are fairly high. If 70 per cent of the cost price of a log in Riga consists of the expense of bringing it down from the forests, it is clear that a reduction can only be made on the remaining 30 per cent."

"By the remarks I have made I do not intend to imply that the supply of timber is reaching its end. There is still plenty of timber, but it is becoming comparatively so inaccessible that in many parts it can only be worked out when prices rule high. Higher prices will always render accessible for supply those forests which it was not considered worth while to work at low rates. It is much the same, in fact, as with coal and the working of deeper levels."

ARGUMENT THAT FAILED.

How Admiral Kirkland Squelched a Would-Be Son-in-Law.

Apocryphal of the marriage of an impecunious ensign in the navy a short time ago, some of the veterans at the navy yard recall this story of Rear-Admiral William Kirkland, who was affectionately known in the navy as "Red Bill." "A young ensign hesitating found his way into the admiral's cabin one day



MOCK TRIAL FOR WINTER EVENINGS.

es are intentionally mirth-provoking and the stupidity of the jurymen is meant to add to the fun.

Although some of the most difficult problems of law are thus sometimes given an airing, a straightforward criminal case is most frequently chosen as of greater interest to a fun-seeking community. J. Brown is tried for the murder of his sister's cat and a series of interesting exhibits are shown to prove the assertion. At the end of several hours of earnest argument J. Brown clears himself by producing the cat, which has howled all evening from its hiding place under J. Brown's chair. All of this gives plenty of opportunity for fun at the expense of Brown and the members of the court and it also gives an opening for a display of dramatic ability, which is another thing the public is fond of.

Gives Play for Dramatic Ability.

Perhaps the most commendable feature of the mock trial is the fact that it gives opportunity for theatrical ability or the sensibility of the average person. Everyone likes dramatic opportunity if it is not overwhelming, as is so often the case with the out-and-out amateur theatricals. Everyone likes the play of imagination which the trial makes possible and the dramatic incidents which its development produces. As a spectacular performance it pleases the dramatic sense of everyday people without displacing their sense of congruity in their own actions.

At an evening gathering where some other form of amusement is the prevailing entertainment a mock trial is often interspersed with the greatest satisfaction. The members of the company assume the various roles easily and if ready of wit can find good opportunity for fun-making. When conducted in this way the trial soon becomes a battle of jokes in which the cleverest is bound to be the victor. And besides furnishing the most satisfactory entertainment for those engaged in the repartee it is the greatest fun for the listeners, who perhaps can appreciate a joke even though they cannot make one.

TIMBER INCREASING IN PRICE.

Product Becoming More Inaccessible and Therefore More Costly.

In an interesting report on the trade of Riga, the British consul writes that "as regards the wood trade of the world in general, one broad fact is ever before us. It takes from sixty to seventy years to grow an average convertible tree and two minutes to hew it down. Thus each year the supply of timber is diminished, the forest fringe recedes

and with a great deal of circumlocution and coughing finally let it be known that he loved the admiral's daughter and would be the happiest man on earth if he had her parents' consent to marry her.

"No, sir," thundered the admiral. "No siree. Not now, anyhow. No pauper of an ensign is going to marry my daughter. You'd better wait until you are promoted and are able to support yourself before you think of marrying. The young officer astounded the admiral by not retiring precipitately. He even ventured the reminder that the admiral himself had married when he was but an ensign, and that his married life had been a happy one.

"Red Bill" Kirkland glared at the presumptuous speaker for a moment, says the New York Times, and then thundered: "I know I married when I was an ensign. My father-in-law supported me for several years, too, but I'll hang on if yours will."

A Bee as a Barometer.

Such should be the title of these lines for whoever observes these interesting insects finds it easy enough to foretell exactly the kind of weather to be expected. At least, that is the opinion of many rainmakers of bees.

Generally the bee stays at home when rain is in the air. When the sky is simply dark and cloudy these busy workers do not leave their dwelling all at once. A few go out first, as though the queen had sent out messengers to study the state of the atmosphere. The greater number remain on observation until the clouds begin to dissipate, and it is only then that the battalions entire rush out in search of nectar. A bee never goes out in a fog, because it is well aware that dampness and cold are two fearsome, redoubtable enemies. We do not mean, however, that the bee is a meteorologist in the absolute sense of the word. Its cleverness consists in never being taken unawares, for it possesses unflinching vigilance. Often one may observe the sudden entrance of bees into the hive when a dense cloud hides the sun, and even though the rain is not in evidence.

Early Marriages.

Miss Budd—"Do you approve of early marriages?" Mrs. Malaprop—"Not too early. I should say not before high noon."

Some men are born poor, some achieve poverty, and some marry extravagant wives.

Poets may be born, but as a rule cooks are better paid.



"Who is the hero of the play?" "I can't tell you his name, but he's an angel."

"Is she a polite girl?" "Not at all. She finds it impossible to break herself of the habit of telling the truth."

He—Now, don't you bother to help me on with my coat. She—It's no bother. It's a pleasure.—Town Topics.

Hereditarily. "Wor you daft, chile?" "Nobin, mammy. 'My, but you is chile' like yeeb father."—Baltimore World.

Stobbs—"Wigwag must be making an awful lot of money." Stobbs—"I should say he is. I actually believe he is making more than his wife can spend."

"I believe Mrs. Hemlock would rather quarrel with her husband than with anybody else." "Decidedly! Force always seeks the line of least resistance."

Doctor—Did you take my prescription, ma'am? Patient—Yes; but, say, doctor, paper's awful hard to get down, an' it didn't seem to do me no good.—Chicago News.

Employer—And how long were you in your last place, my good man? James (just out of Folsom penitentiary)—Ten years, sir, and I never had a single evening out.—Ex.

"Why, gentlemen?" cried the after-dinner speaker, tragically, "what would this nation be without the ladies?" "Stagnation, of course," murmured the Cheerful Idiot.—Judge.

"Didn't you go away at all, Mrs. Dash?" "No; Mr. Dash said he was as well fixed now that we could afford to stay at home if we wanted to—so we did."—Detroit Free Press.

He—I shall never marry until I meet a woman who is my direct opposite. She (encouragingly)—Well, Mr. Duffer, there are plenty of bright, intelligent girls in the neighborhood.

A Guarantee and a Promise. "Do you guarantee this goods not to fade?" "Absolutely! And if it does we will sell you new goods to match the changed color."—Indianapolis News.

Not His Fault. "Do you realize," said the economist, "that there is a heavy surplus in the United States Treasury?" "Well," answered Senator Sorghum, "it ain't my fault."—Washington Star.

Newlywed—"Why don't you take a wife?" Bachelor—"My income is only sufficient for one." Newlywed—"Well, if she really loved you she would probably be satisfied with that."—Puck.

"Don't you miss your husband very much now that he is away." "Oh, no! At breakfast I just stand his newspaper up in front of a plate and half the time I really forget he isn't there."—Exchange.

"That is your husband rapping?" announced the medium in a solemn voice. "My husband rapping?" said the widow, absently; "gracious! he must have forgotten his night-key!"—Philadelphia Record.

In His Favor. She—Papa says that a young man who smokes cigarettes will never set the world on fire. He—Well, that's the first good thing I ever heard any one say of a cigarette smoker.—Yonkers Statesman.

Dr. Brown—"Well did you keep the thermometer in the room at 70 degrees, as I told you?" Mrs. Murphy—"I did, indeed, doctor, but I had a hard time to do it. The only place it would stay at sixty was behind the chimney-piece."—Life.

Poet—I was pleased to see my poem in your paper. Is there any money— Editor—Oh, no; we shan't charge you anything this time. It is your first offense, you know. If, however, it is repeated, we can not let you off again so easily.—Boston Transcript.

Young Wife—"I received to-day a beautiful diploma from the cooking school on parchment—and I've celebrated by making you this dish. Now, just guess what it is." Young Husband (chewing on his burnt omelet)—"The diploma?"—Pittsburg Blatter.

Man-o-wars. Lieutenant Nobs (just arrived)—How long will you take to drive me to the fort, cabby? Cabby—Ten minutes, counting by the short cut through the hallways. But the military atlas goes the long way round, through the fashionable part of the town, yer honor, which takes an hour. (Cabby gets his hour.)—Punch.

"Cordin' t' th' statoots," began Judge Wayback, as he stood up, "I'll hev t' giv' y' ten years t' th' penitentiary." "But," exclaimed the lawyer for the defendant, jumping to his feet, "there are attenuating circumstances." "They is?" cried the judge in alarm. "Ef I thought that, durned if I wouldn't giv' him fifteen years."—Columbus Journal.

"There, my dear," said the returned hunter, "there's one bird for you, anyway. Bagged him just as I was about to give up in disgust." "Oh, George," she exclaimed, "it's a carrier-pigeon, isn't it?" "Not much! It's a quail." "But it has a card tied to its leg, with some message on it. Let's see. It says: John Jones, Poultry and Game, Central Market."—Philadelphia Press.

The doctor examined his patient carefully, and, with a grave face, told him that he was very ill, and asked if he had consulted any one else. "Oh," said the man, "I went to see a druggist and asked his advice, and he—" "Druggist," the doctor broke in, angrily; "what was the good of that? The best thing you can do when a druggist gives you a bit of advice is to do exactly the opposite." "And he," the patient continued, "advised me to come to you."—Ex.

SUPPLEMENT

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Dec. 14, 1901.

COUNTY BOARD PROCEEDINGS.

CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS., Nov. 15, 1901.

Court House 2 o'clock, p. m.

Board was called to order by Chairman John Juno.

Roll was called and a quorum found present.

On motion reading of the minutes of previous meeting was dispensed with.

W. H. Budge, M. D., bill for \$4.20 was presented and on motion referred to the judiciary committee.

Dr. W. H. Budge also presented a bill for extra medical attendance for the poor for \$32.75 and for \$11.00 and on motion the same was disallowed.

It was moved "to reconsider the claim of Dr. W. H. Budge for \$11.00 and the same was referred to the superintendents of the poor.

Supervisor W. D. Connor moved that the ordinance as corrected forming the new town of Hiles and town of New Dexter be passed as follows:

AN ORDINANCE.

Of the County Board of Supervisors of Wood County, Wisconsin, vacating the Town of Dexter, as now and heretofore existing, in said Wood County, and forming and organizing of said territory certain new towns, to be known as the town of New Dexter and the Town of Hiles, as hereinafter more expressly stated.

WHEREAS, it has been shown to the satisfaction of the County Board of Supervisors of said County, convened in regular session, that Township No. Twenty-two (22) North of Range No. Two (2) East, in Wood County, Wisconsin, contains a population of more than one hundred and twenty-five inhabitants and more than twenty-five of said number have been actual electors of this State and have resided within said territory more than six months prior to this time, and that Township No. Twenty-two (22) North of Range No. Three (3) East, in said Wood County, contains a population of more than one hundred and twenty-five inhabitants and more than twenty-five of which said number have been actual electors of this State, and have resided within said territory more than six months prior to this time.

Now THEREFORE, The County Board of Supervisors, of the County of Wood, do ordain as follows:

SECTION I. The Town of Dexter, in this County, as heretofore organized and acting, and being now composed of the following territory, to-wit:-

The whole of Township No. Twenty-two (22) North, of Range No. Two (2) East, and the whole of Township No. Twenty-two (22) North, of Range No. Three (3) East, is hereby vacated.

SECTION II. All of the following described territory, heretofore comprising and being a part of said Town of Dexter, hereby vacated, to-wit:-

All of Township No. Twenty-two (22) North, of Range No. Two (2) East, is hereby formed and organized into a new town to be known and called by the name of the Town of Hiles.

SECTION III. All of the following described territory, heretofore comprising and being a part of the said Town of Dexter, hereby vacated to-wit:-

All of Township No. Twenty-two (22) North, of Range No. Two (2) East, is hereby formed and organized into a new town to be known and called by the name of the Town of Hiles.

SECTION IV. The first Town meeting in said Town of Hiles, shall be held on the first Tuesday in April, A. D. 1902, at the school house of School District No. Six (6), of the Town of Dexter, as heretofore existing.

SECTION V. The first Town meeting in the said Town of New Dexter shall be held on the first Tuesday in April, A. D. 1902, at the school house of School District No. One (1), of the Town of Dexter as heretofore existing.

SECTION VI. The said Town of Hiles shall be entitled to have access to all records, books, files and papers, ordinances and proceedings, for the purpose of making and taking copies thereof, of the Town of Dexter, hereby vacated, as may effect the territory of such Town of Hiles.

SECTION VII. The Town of New Dexter shall be entitled to have, hold, own and enjoy, and be entitled to collect, receive, receipt for and discharge all of the credits, claims and accounts and town property, which may be owned by, due, or to become due, to the Town of Dexter, at the time this ordinance takes effect, and shall be liable to, and shall assume and pay all of the debts, orders and claims that may then be due, or to become due, of and against the Town of Dexter, hereby vacated, and the said Town of Hiles shall be liable for, and shall assume and pay to the Town of New Dexter so much of the existing indebtedness of the Town of Dexter, hereby vacated, at the time this ordinance takes effect, less the value of the town property, meaning property owned by the said Town of Dexter, hereby vacated, as a town, kept by said new Town of New Dexter, in such proportion as the assessed valuation for town purposes for the year 1901, of the territory taken from said Town of Dexter, hereby vacated, by said new Town of Hiles, bears to the total assessed valuation of all the territory of said Town of Dexter, so vacated.

SECTION VIII. In case the said town of Dexter, so vacated, shall have at the time this ordinance takes effect, any surplus of moneys, credits or town property, that is of more value than the existing indebtedness, if any, of said vacated town, then, in that event, the successor of said town so vacated, shall be liable to, and shall pay to said town of Hiles, receiving a part of the territory of said town, so vacated, such proportion of said over-plus as shall be equal to the assessed valuation of the territory

taken, as compared with the assessed valuation of all the territory of said town, so vacated, for the year 1901.

SECTION IX. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force on and after the first Tuesday in April, 1902.

JOHN JUNO, Chairman.

E. S. RENNE, Clerk.

STATE OF WISCONSIN.

WOOD COUNTY.

We do hereby certify that at the regular meeting of the County Board of Supervisors of Wood County, held at the Court House, in the city of Grand Rapids, the above and foregoing ordinance was duly passed and adopted on the 15th day of November, 1901; the majority of all members entitled to seats in said County Board, voting in favor thereof.

JOHN JUNO, Chairman.

E. S. RENNE, Clerk.

The motion was seconded and adopted by call of roll.

Ayes—J. S. Arpin, N. M. Berg, Wm. Mews, John Ommott, James K. P. Hiles, E. P. Arpin, Geo. C. Rowland, Ira Bassett, John Bell, Neil Johnson, J. D. R. Voigt, P. E. Bean, James Tallant, E. F. Mecher, W. D. Connor, John Juno, Henry Fechtel, Michael Krings, Wm. Hooper, E. Eichsteadt, J. D. Potter, L. W. Pitts, A. B. Cotey, W. F. Noltner, J. C. Davis, Ed. Provost, John McTavish, Harry Thomas, Claus Johnson, Peter Mullen, Martin Jackson, P. E. Bean, E. D. Ayers—32.

Absent—Ebrazeu, Scott, Christensen, Hahn, Rausch—5.

District Attorney Wiperman reported on the charge of \$10.00 for docketing in Justice R. A. Andrews' statements, that the same in his opinion should be 25 cents instead of \$10.00.

It was moved by Supervisor W. D. Connor that the statements of R. E. Andrews, municipal judge, be allowed as presented, less seventy-five cents on the charge for docketing. Carried.

It was moved to accept the report of District Attorney H. Wiperman on Mrs. Henry Schmidt, a poor person having a residence in Wood County, and cared for by Calumet County and allow the claim of Calumet County for \$180.97 in full. Carried.

Supervisor E. P. Arpin moved that the chair appoint a committee of three to investigate and ascertain the amount paid by cities that maintain their own bridges in aid of building bridges for towns.

The motion was amended to include towns that have maintained their own bridges.

The chairman appointed as such committee E. P. Arpin, W. D. Connor and H. Wiperman, district attorney.

It was moved that the matter of expense of the Tax Commission in regard to the liability of the city of Marshfield be submitted to the district attorney.

The county clerk presented the following report on outlawed county orders:

REPORT OF UNCLAIMED ORDERS.

To the Board of Supervisors of Wood County, Wisconsin.

GENTLEMEN:—I hereby submit for your consideration the following (76) orders the same having remained in this office two years unclaimed.

The same appear to have been overlooked by Ex-County Clerk W. H. Reeves during his term, he having reported later orders for cancellation at the last annual meeting of the board.

No. of order Name Date Amt.

4182 J. M. Alexander Feb. 9, 1897 \$ 3.60

4671 Harry Armstrong Nov. 25, 1896 1.15

4672 Miss C. Armstrong Nov. 25, 1896 1.15

4673 W. C. Abbey Nov. 25, 1896 1.15

4674 Sarah Baldwin Dec. 6, 1897 .82

4675 J. O. Blacklock Nov. 15, 1897 1.25

4676 A. B. Brown Dec. 18, 1897 .40

4677 Eva Baldwin Dec. 6, 1897 .82

4678 Albert Baldwin Dec. 6, 1897 .82

4679 D. E. Barker Nov. 25, 1896 1.15

4680 D. E. Barker Nov. 25, 1896 1.15

4681 Fred Brenz Dec. 27, 1896 1.08

4682 Wm. Clarendon Nov. 15, 1897 .25

4683 John Cumberland Nov. 27, 1896 1.32

4684 Wm. Cath Nov. 27, 1896 1.20

4685 Wm. Clarendon Nov. 25, 1896 1.15

4686 Wm. Clarendon Nov. 25, 1896 1.15

4687 J. E. Crane Nov. 24, 1896 2.25

4688 Wm. Clarendon Dec. 4, 1897 2.25

4689 O. Durgan Dec. 4, 1897 .40

4690 Spencer Delfort Nov. 15, 1897 .40

4691 C. Erickson Nov. 27, 1896 1.68

4692 Wm. Gannchen Nov. 25, 1896 1.08

4693 Saml. Gannchen Nov. 24, 1896 1.08

4694 Saml. Gannchen Nov. 24, 1896 1.08

4695 Joseph Hoffman June 9, 1898 1.40

4696 Wm. Heik Dec. 6, 1897 1.08

4697 Carl Jacobson June 9, 1898 1.08

4698 Knute Knuteson June 9, 1898 1.40

4699 Pat Kaine Dec. 2, 1897 1.82

4700 Wm. Kaine Dec. 2, 1897 1.82

4701 John Kaine Dec. 2, 1897 1.82

4702 Selma Kriebel Nov. 26, 1896 1.08

4703 Kady Koels Nov. 26, 1896 1.08

4704 James Kodas Nov. 25, 1896 1.18

4705 Lincoln County Nov. 20, 1897 16.92

4706 Herman Lenz Dec. 4, 1897 2.91

4707 May Lenz Dec. 4, 1897 2.91

4708 Theron Lyon Dec. 6, 1897 .62

4709 Town of Milladore July 5, 1896 18.55

4710 Mrs. Eliza Mitchell Nov. 26, 1896 2.60

4711 Augustus McLeod Nov. 26, 1896 2.34

4712 John Malone Nov. 27, 1896 1.91

4713 J. H. Mann Dec. 4, 1897 .82

4714 J. H. Mann Dec. 4, 1897 .82

4715 Mariah County May 1, 1898 2.40

4716 Melvin Mann Nov. 25, 1896 .87

4717 James Moller Nov. 26, 1896 2.44

4718 John Noltner Dec. 2, 1897 4.32

4719 H. Niedecken Co. Nov. 20, 1897 .87

4720 Henry Oettinger Nov. 20, 1897 .87

4721 Wm. Oettinger Nov. 20, 1897 .87

4722 Dr. Geo. E. Foyell Dec. 15, 1897 .30

4723 Bertha Rehold Dec. 6, 1897 .82

4724 Christine Regel June 9, 1898 1.82

4725 John Regel Nov. 27, 1896 1.64

4726 Albert Benzler Nov. 27, 1896 1.64

4727 George Reeves Nov. 17, 1896 1.91

4728 John Sandman Dec. 4, 1897 1.08

4729 Gustav Schmitz Sept. 15, 1897 1.22

4730 Gustav Schmitz Dec. 4, 1897 .82

4731 George Schroeder Dec. 4, 1897 1.22

4732 Archie Wachter Nov. 26, 1896 1.81

4733 W. E. Wood Dec. 4, 1897 1.22

4734 Archie Woodhull Dec. 6, 1897 2.96

4735 Thos. Winter Dec. 6, 1897 1.60

4736 Frank Wolf Nov. 15, 1897 1.82

4737 Wm. Wolf Nov. 15, 1897 1.82

4738 Carl Witt Nov. 26, 1896 2.72

4739 Johannes Young Nov. 25, 1896 .91

4740 Jos. Zuck Dec. 4, 1897 1.49

4741 J. Zimmerman Nov. 25, 1896 1.16

Nov. 15, 1901.

Respectfully submitted

E. S. RENNE,

County Clerk.

It was moved to accept the report

and that the chair appoint a committee of three to check up and destroy said orders.

The chair appointed Peter Mullen, John Bell and E. D. Ayers as such committee.

Supervisor Nels Johnson, chairman of the committee on General Claims reported as follows:

It was moved to adopt the report of committee unless objected to. Motion carried.

REPORT.

To the Board of Supervisors of Wood County, Wisconsin.

GENTLEMEN:—Your committee on General Claim to whom was referred the following entitled claims, would respectfully report that we have had

the same under consideration, and after a careful examination of all claims retained therein, recommended that the several amounts as set forth in this report be allowed each claimant respectively, to-wit:

Name of Claimant What for Am't

Spafford, Cole & Co. mdse for prisoners 48 00

F. L. Steib & Co. medicine for prisoners 6 85

H. Wiperman, expense investigating claims of Calumet Co. 11 50

W. L. Loomis, assisting tax commissioner 14 50

H. Wiperman, expense in Godecke case 15 69

A. E. Upham, recording births and deaths 147 40

Dr. W. M. Graham, attending prisoners 3 00

J. Q. Severs, soldiers relief committee 25 20

G. W. Henderson, soldiers relief committee 13 32

T. J. Cooper, soldiers relief committee 11 06

Dr. W. M. Graham, attending prisoners 3 00

M. F. Ward, deputy game warden 28 33

James Howlett, deputy game warden 33 33

F. P. Daly, deputy game warden 33 33

C. E. Fero, deputy game warden 56 00

Report of E. A. Upham, register of deeds, of persons reporting births and deaths:

Name of Claimant What for Am't

Mrs. John Albee midwife 10 1 1 10

Dr. C. A. Boorman 1 1 1 10

Dr. C. A. Boorman 1 1 1 10

Geo. H. Brazau j. p. 1 1 1 10

Dr. C. A. Boorman 1 1 1 10

Thomas Chrysal t. c. 1 1 1 10

T. J. Cooper j. p. 1 1 1 10

Dr. C. A. Boorman 1 1 1 10

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Council Proceedings.

Council Room, Dec. 3, 1901.
Council met in regular session.
Mayor Wheelan presiding.
Aldermen present, Wood, Lutz, Reiland, Luback, Otto, Bossert, Kellogg, Jackson and Boles.
Minutes of last meeting read and approved.
City Attorney Goggins reported on the bill of S. Kingston as not being a proper charge against the city.
On motion, the report was adopted.
Street committee reported on the petition of E. Toepel and others, recommending the prayer of the same be denied.
On motion, the report was adopted.
A petition was presented praying for the placing of two street lights on Witter street.
On motion, same was referred to street committee.
The offer of Geo. F. Kreiger of \$1,500 for forty feet front on Cranberry street and east of C. & N. W. right of way was, on motion, rejected.
The resignation of Supervisor J. W. Cochran in and for the 6th ward of the city of Grand Rapids was presented and, on motion, accepted.
On motion, H. Flevejian was appointed to fill the vacancy.
Chief Lutz of the east side department presented a petition praying that the city purchase a hose wagon, rubber coats and one-half dozen pairs of rubber boots for the east side department.
On motion, the purchasing committee was instructed to purchase same by following vote, the clerk calling the roll:
Ayes—Wood, Lutz, Reiland, Luback, Otto, Bossert, Jackson, Kellogg, and Boles. Noes—none.
A claim for Godfried Bruderi of \$300 for damages sustained from a defective street was presented and, on motion, was referred to the city attorney to report at the next regular meeting.
Jacob Winger made the following report as to the condition of the wagon bridge across the Wisconsin river:
To the Honorable the members of the Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin:
The condition of the wagon bridge such that many of our citizens have come to the conclusion that it is unsafe for the travel that it must ordinarily carry. In fact, almost every one of our citizens inform me that they do not consider it safe, and that something should be done.
Owing to the apprehension of so many of our citizens, we had Mr. Giff thoroughly examine the bridge and report to the common council as to its condition some time ago, when it was decided to lay the matter over until winter, when the bridge could be repaired and overhauled much cheaper than at the present time.
At Wednesday night, at the meeting of the stockholders of the Electric Water company, several of our representative citizens prevailed upon Jacob Winger, a practical bridge builder, having charge of the bridge work on the Valley division of Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul company, to examine the bridge and report to the common council on its condition.
Winger volunteered to do so, and to the city, and requested permission to prepare his report.
Winger made a thorough examination of the bridge, especially of its uprights and the top lattice, and found by such examination that most of the posts and top were in very bad condition, more than one-half of the uprights are very rotten near the top usually being in the best of the post, so that the post appear from the outside to be in good condition, while the fact of the matter is that the only sound timber posts are on the outer edges of the posts.
Winger informed me that the condition of the bridge was not alarming, was not unsafe at the present time, but in order to maintain the bridge a year it would be necessary to make extensive repairs upon it this winter, repairs that would cost the neighborhood of \$1,000.
Winger also suggests that if the bridge was evened up so that several loads were upon one span of the bridge, the bridge would last one year just as well as repairs were made, his idea being that the bridge should be made to look like a new bridge, sweep off the snow, move any undue weight from the center of the bridge to the ends, where the same are set on the bottom or base, so that we would have warning.
It is very improbable that the bridge will collapse suddenly, withering whatever. In fact, the bridge daily, we are warned of any danger of collapsing, as the base of the uprights will commence to rot or swell where they set in the water, before there will be any danger of the bridge collapsing, of course, is have no control over the water, and would be in the present bridge to the coming winter.
On Dec. 29th, 1901, Mr. Winger, Mayor, carried that the mayor committee to report on cost of bridge and repairs on the Wisconsin river at the next regular meeting.
Jackson, McCarthy and others were appointed as such committee.
The application for a street and way franchise of the Lighting & Power Co., was allowed:
Granting and furnishing of street lighting and special police. \$123.00
Lumber, 17.00
Lumber, west side 11.79

J. D. Gibson, repairing closet and board-far prisoner. 2.75
A. W. Githell, lowering water main on Maple street. 20.15
Grand Rapids Lib. Co., lumber, east side F. H. Jackson, trip to Nickerson and return. 25.33
Fred Pfeiffer, inspecting waterworks. 84.00
Louis Laramie, cutting noxious weeds. 75
E. A. Githell, cutting weeds. 1.50
Wood Co. Tel. Co., use of phones for quarter ending Dec. 31st. 9.75
P. L. Steib & Co., disinfectants. 24.70
Theor. Lutz, water pump house. 23.25
Robt. Farris & Bro., spikes. 3.30
E. L. Philles, paper for city map. 3.10
Labor for November. 73.12
Moved and carried that the bill of the Electric & Water Co. be referred back to Manager Utley for proper reduction on account of lights not burning full time.
Moved and carried the bills of Abel & Schroeder, John Garihee and J. G. Falcon be laid over until next meeting.
Moved and carried the bill of Loweth & Wolff be laid over until final settlement.
The Electric & Water Co. made the following annual report:
To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids:
Gentlemen: I herewith submit copies of our annual report as provided in our franchise. You will see by this that our surplus fund or net profits for two years, after paying dividends to the stockholders and deducting 16 per cent depreciation on the plant for the two years, \$1,930.33 for 1900, and \$1,690.95 for 1901, a total of \$3,621.28. This amount is the actual value of the plant, after taking out the indebtedness and the amount of stock owned by stockholders. This, according to the terms of our franchise, belongs to the city. Any further information which you may desire will be cheerfully furnished.
Yours respectfully,
ELECTRIC & WATER CO.,
P. L. UTLEY, Manager.
Engineer Pfeiffer made the following report for month of November:
Pumping report of the city waterworks for the month ending Nov. 30, 1901:
Wood consumed, 38 1/2 cords @ \$1.47 per cord. \$56.50
Valve oil consumed, 2 1/2 gals. @ .50 per gal. 1.25
Engine oil consumed, 1 1/2 gals. @ .25 per gal. .38
Kerosene consumed, 11 gals. @ .12 per gal. 1.32
Facts consumed. 25
Waste consumed. 25
Salaries at pump house for month. 60.00
Water pumped 2,621,332 gals.
Total exp. running pumps for month. \$119.91
FRED PFEIFFER, Engineer.
City Treasurer Mosher made the following report for the month of November:
To the Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids:
Gentlemen: I herewith submit my report as city treasurer for the month of November, 1901, as follows:
Nov. 1. Overdraft. \$3,780.81
6. To rec'd water rental. \$50.00
20. To rec'd of Cooper. \$50.00
city scales. 22.05
6. To rec'd for lot sold. 3.00
20. To rec'd show licenses to date, Garhies. 4.00
20. By orders paid during month. 3,329.56
\$7,110.37 \$7,110.37
New Waterworks Bond Acct.
Nov. 1. To balance on hand. \$30,149.34
20. To rec'd interest on deposits. 92.97
20. By order paid W. M. Martin & W. C. Little water tower foundation per contract. \$ 800.00
20. By order paid F. Pfeiffer, inspecting waterworks. 90.40
20. By order paid J. A. Kennard est. No. 5. 1,497.57
20. By order paid F. Pfeiffer, inspecting waterworks. 90.40
20. By order paid Grand Rapids Foundry Co., 5 in. pipe and plate castings. 14.00
20. By order paid F. J. Wood, telegrams bond issue. 4.78
\$39,223.81 \$39,223.81
Dec. 1. Balance on hand. \$39,912.06
\$39,912.06
Respectfully submitted,
MILTON W. MOSHER,
City Treasurer.
The above reports were received and ordered filed.
On motion, the council resolved itself into a board of health.
The following resolution was offered by Alderman Luback and, on motion, adopted:
Whereas, It has been called to the attention of the board of health of this city that there has been and is smallpox in families in this city not reported, because no physician was or is employed and because the heads of families have failed to report such cases as required by Section 1412a, R. S.; and whereas, such heads of families, because thereof, are subject to pay a forfeiture of not less than five dollars and not more than twenty-five dollars for each day of such failure to report after the first twenty-four hours; and whereas, such failure to report endangers the public health; therefore,
Resolved, That a strict investigation of said matter be made by the health officers and the member of the board and that all persons guilty of the violation of said section of the statute be prosecuted as provided in said section.
A resolution prescribing quarantine regulations was presented by Alderman Wood and unanimously adopted, the clerk calling the roll.
Ayes—Wood, Lutz, Reiland, Luback, Otto, Bossert, Kellogg, Jackson and Boles.
Same may be seen in legal form.
On motion council adjourned.
M. G. GORDON, Clerk.
W. E. WHEELAN, Mayor.
Ordinance No. 81.
Resolved: 1. All persons exposed to contagion from or afflicted with smallpox, scarlet fever, diphtheria or other dangerous contagious disease be isolated and confined to their own homes or such other place or places as the health officer may order or direct, for such time, in the case of each person, as in the judgment of such health officer shall be necessary to prevent contagion, and that during such time all mingling or associating with all persons not isolated and confined with them, excepting attending physicians, nurses and health officers, be absolutely prohibited and that a strict quarantine of such afflicted or exposed persons be maintained.
2. All such persons so isolated and confined and who are prohibited from mingling or associating or holding personal communication with all persons, excepting attending physicians, nurses and health officers.
3. All persons not so isolated, confined or in quarantine, excepting attending physicians, nurses and health officers, are prohibited from mingling, associating or holding personal communication with all such exposed or afflicted persons while in quarantine.
4. Any person violating any of the provisions of this resolution shall forfeit not less than five dollars nor more than twenty-five dollars for each offense, to be collected at the suit of the city.
5. It is made the special duty of the health officer to see that the provisions of this resolution be carried into effect.
6. This resolution and the provisions thereof shall be in force from and after its passage and publication.
Dated this 3d day of December, 1901.
M. G. GORDON, Clerk.
W. E. WHEELAN, Mayor.

Low Rates.
From Dec. 13th to Dec. 21st the Wisconsin Central will sell to teachers and students wishing to return home tickets at one and one-third for round trip. Good returning Jan. 9th provided they have a certificate signed by the principal or president of the school or college.
Dec. 2nd to 15th the Wisconsin Central will sell tickets to Scranton, Pa., account American Federation of Labor convention at one and one-third fare for the round trip, good to return Dec. 18th.
Dec. 6th to 10th the Wisconsin Central will sell tickets to Cincinnati, O., account American Federation of Catholic societies at one and one-third fare for the round trip, good to return Dec. 18th.
Dec. 3rd and 17th the Wisconsin Central will sell Homeseekers excursion tickets to points in Iowa, Minnesota, Dakota, Montana, Nebraska, and Wyoming at one fare plus \$2 for the round trip. For further particulars apply at ticket office.
C. W. HODSON, Agent.
Saw Death Near.
"It often made my heart ache," writes L. C. Overstreet, of Elgin, Tenn., "to hear my wife cough until it seemed her weak and sore lungs would collapse. Good doctors said she was so far gone with consumption that no medicine or earthly help could save her, but a friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery and persistent use of this excellent medicine saved her life." It's absolutely guaranteed for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma and all throat and lung diseases. 50c and \$1 at John E. Daly and Johnson & Hill Co.
A Most Liberal Offer.
All our farmer readers should take advantage of the unprecedented clubbing offer we this year make, which includes with this paper The Wisconsin Farmer, its special Farmers' Institute Editions and the Poultry Farmer. These three publications are the best of their class and should be in every farm home. To them we add for local, county and general news, our own paper, and make the price of the four one year only \$1.75.
Never before was so much superior reading matter offered for so small an amount of money. The three papers named, which we club with our own, are well known throughout the west and commend themselves to the reader's favorable attention upon mere mention. The Wisconsin Farmer is the great agricultural and live stock paper of the state; The Poultry Farmer is the most practical poultry paper for the farmer, while The Special Farmer's Institute Editions are the most practical publications for the promotion of good farming ever published. Take advantage of this great offer, as it will hold good for a short time only. Samples of these papers may be examined by calling at this office.
A Woman's Awful Peril.
"There is only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation" were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. B. Hunt of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomachic trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful stomach, liver and kidney remedy. Cures dyspepsia, loss of appetite. Try it. Only 50 cts. Guaranteed. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and John E. Daly.
NEW
SHOE SHOP.
All kinds of repairing on Boots and Shoes promptly and neatly done.
C. F. WARD,
Shop on River St. West Side
A. H. DUSTIN,
Carpenter,
Millwright,
Contractor
and Builder.
Correspondence Solicited.
BOX 52. GRAND RAPIDS, WEST SIDE.
M. STEINBERG,
pays the highest cash market price for
Second hand furniture, stoves, and household goods.
Others represent themselves to be in partnership with me, but such is not the case. See Steinberg himself if you want the best prices.
Stores on both east and west sides, Grand Rapids, Wis.
(First Publication 11-23-01)
Notice of Final Settlement.
State of Wisconsin—Wood County—In County Court.
In the matter of the estate of Dora King, deceased.
On application of Theodore Lipke, Administrator with will annexed of the Estate of Dora King, deceased, for the adjustment and allowance of his administration account, and for his discharge as such administrator.
It is ordered, that said account be examined, adjusted and allowed, at a special term of said court, to be held in the court house, in the city of Grand Rapids, said county of Wood, on the 4th day of December, to wit, the 24th day of December, A. D. 1901, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day.
And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of said account, be given to all persons interested, by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks before said day, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a weekly newspaper published at the city of Grand Rapids, in said Wood County.
Dated November 19th, A. D. 1901.
By the Court, JOHN A. GAYSON, County Judge.

TRADE Where the MAJORITY TRADE. IT PAYS.

Here is a great Outfitting Establishment doing business along the most modern and progressive lines. A retail outlet for immense quantities of merchandise each season. A store that gives its public the advantage of **Lowest Price Always**, quality considered. Large buying, and unhampered buying facilities afford money saving opportunities here that are most emphatic.



Men's Suits.

Loudly might we proclaim the merit of our Fall and Winter Suits for Men. Strong adjectives might be used to emphasize their price lowness. We prefer the moderate tone, the believable story. The carefully stated fact, you can tie to truth. You can believe facts. You never find an untruth in a K. & C. ad.

Men's fancy Cheviots and Tweeds, suits..... **\$5 to 7.50**
Men's blue serges, black worsted suits, single or double breasted..... **\$5 to 22**
Fancy worsted checks & stripes **\$10 to 18.50**
Vicunas and Oxford Greys at..... **\$10 to 20**

Overcoat Weather.

There's just enough nipping in the air to wear one with comfort. Have you one to put on? No! Then you should see the very big variety we show. Prices begin at \$5 and advance to \$30.

The \$5 Coats Are Good Ones.
The \$10 ones better, the \$12 and \$15 are still better, and then up to \$30 range the fine and finest. The cheapest will keep you as comfortable as the best. They'll all give satisfaction for the full of their cost. Our stock is large enough that we can furnish every man the size and style, color and goodness required.



Top Coats for the Boys.

From the little tot of three to the big boy of twenty, and such garments! Oxfords and Coverts, Whipcords and Vicunas, just like the men's, exactly, in cut, style and shade.

\$3 to \$5 for the Children's.
\$5 to \$15 for the Big Boys'.

Reefers for the boys, ages three to fifteen, nobby and neat with warmth that protects against colds. They allow freedom for winter sports. Chinchillas, Kerseys and Friezes. Have deep storm collar, price **\$2.00 to \$6.00**

Boy's Vestee Suits, ages three to ten, price..... **\$1.00 to \$6.50**
Young Men's Long Pants Suits in neat patterns and splendidly trimmed and made, ages fifteen to twenty, price..... **\$3.00 to 12.50**

Furnishing Goods Department.

Grander Stocks, Bigger Assortment. Every article in the smaller fixings for perfectly dressed man is here new, snappy and up-to-date. You can rely on our price being the lowest and styles absolutely correct. If you want the right furnishing for any and all occasions you must buy them of us.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR.

Every man who wants underwear is interested in these matchless offerings, 2 cases. 64 dozen fleece lined underwear, regular 50c value. Our price..... **35c**
Men's finer grade fleece lined, pure lamb's wool, warranted not to wash off, the best garment in the world for the money, our price..... **50c**
Wright's fleece lined health underwear, you can look and look and you will find nothing neater or more durable than these, price..... **\$1.00 to \$1.75**
Men's shirts and drawers in golden brown, heavy winter weight, ribbed, made with silk front, elastic cuffs, price..... **\$1.00**
Men's shirts and drawers, especially for hard, rough wear, with brush fleecy back, made in strongest possible style, elastic cuffs, price..... **\$1.00**
Men's shirts and drawers, all wool, made double breasted and double back, drawers have double seat. price..... **\$1.00**
Men's union suits that will not shrink **\$1.00 to \$3.50**

MEN'S SHIRTS.

Monarch white shirts..... **75c to \$1.50**
Swell line of colored shirts, regular or short bosoms, made with separate or attached cuff, nobby and correct patterns, price..... **50c to \$1.50**
Flannel shirts of all kinds, fancy and plain cashmere shirts, regular and extra sizes..... **50c to \$2.50**
Men's Jersey knit overshirts..... **25c to \$1.00**

MEN'S AND BOYS' SWEATERS.

All wool sweaters in navy, maroon, black and green colors, also fancy combination in stripes, any size..... **\$1.00 to \$4.00**
Men's and Boys' cotton sweaters..... **25c to 50c**

GLOVES AND MITTENS.

Men's lined gloves and mittens..... **10c**
Men's muleskin lined mittens..... **20c**
Calf, hog and horsehide mittens..... **50c**
Men's moose mittens..... **75c**
Extra quality horsehide, Plymouth and Indian tan buck gloves and mittens..... **\$1.00**
Gloves and mittens for dress, street and driving wear, fancy Scotch knit gloves, up-to-date..... **25c to \$1**
Our leaders, our great line of unlined and fleece and silk lined kids, mochas and reindeers, colors and stitching up to the minute, price..... **50c to \$2.50**
Men's and boys' caps, any style, any color you wish is here, and if here it's right, price from **25c to \$2**

We carry a large stock of **Men's Rubber Boots** and **Lumbermen's Rubbers** with or without leather tops. In **Men's Overshoes** and **Felt Boots** we are giving good quality as well as reasonable prices. Not too cheap but good.

MEN'S NECKWEAR.

Our neckwear has that tone and air of exclusiveness about it that cannot be found in other lines. In this department, as well as all others, we strive to give extra values at popular prices—**25c, 50c and 75c**. You can buy cheap, commonplace neckwear any place, but for something exclusive and fashionable you must come to us.

COLLARS AND CUFFS.

Corliss Coon Collars and Cuffs made from finest Irish linen in all the very latest styles. Collars **15c**, two for **25c**. Cuffs, **25c**.
Men's Celluloid Collars and Cuffs are made in two finishes, gloss or dull finish, very latest. Collars **5c to 20c**. Cuffs, **10c to 25c**.
Men's Wool Hose, black or natural grey, finest quality Australian lamb's wool, soft finish..... **25c**
Men's Socks in extra heavy pure domestic wool, soft finish..... **25c**
Men's Mackinaw Jackets, color plain blue..... **\$1.00**
Men's Faucy Mackinaw Jackets..... **75c to \$3.50**
Men's Duck Coats..... **75c to \$3.00**
Men's Sheepskin lined Coats..... **\$3.00 to \$4.50**
Men's Waterproof Covert Coats, this is a new article in the working and outdoor coat line, black and grey mixed covert cloth with rubber back, heavy fancy wool blanket lining, strictly waterproof, price..... **\$1.25 to \$2.50**

FUR COATS.

A List of What We Carry.
Black Dog Coats..... **\$10.00 to \$16.50**
Grey Dog Coats..... **15.00 to 16.50**
Brown Sheep Coats..... **16.50 to 20.00**
Russian Calfskin Coats..... **16.50 to 22.50**
Galloway Coats..... **20.00 to 25.00**
Wombat Coats..... **18.50 to 30.00**
Coon Coats..... **35.00 to 65.00**

All coats with quilted linings are provided with leather sweat shields and our new wrist protector. Each and every garment is made with a view to service and durability. We will replace any skin found to be defective or repair any defects in workmanship free of charge within one year. These facts are worthy your careful consideration and should be fully taken into account when making your purchases. Others may quote you lower prices on some grades but we know we can give you better values. Fifty cents to one dollar and a half more on a coat should not weigh against from one to three years additional wear.

KRUGER & CAMERON.

LOCAL ITEMS.

—Rich cut glass at Scott's.

Judge Webb will open court in this city on Monday, December 16, there being several cases for trial.

—Hawkes cut glass at Chapman's.

A marriage license has been issued by the clerk of Portage county to Fred Harman of Grand Rapids and Louise Hann of the town Grant.

—Bargains in cut glass at Hirzy's.

The battenberg center piece which was raffled by Miss Sadie Bernier of east side, was won by Miss Dora Wood No. 93 being the lucky number.

—Buy your diamonds at Hirzy's and save money.

Our main streets have once more resumed their normal grade owing to the work on the watermain along these thoroughfares having been finished.

—Talk with W. G. Scott about that watch you want.

Six hundred feet of new hose was received this week by the west side fire company. They now have over 2,600 feet of hose in the house ready for use.

—Have you seen that fine line of ebony at W. G. Scott's?

Hicks, the weather prophet, advises farmers to plant their crops early next spring, so that they may be well developed by July and thus escape the drought, which he says is to prevail again next year.

—See the fine line of sterling silver tableware at Chapman's.

A traveling decorator has put in the greater part of the week here and during his stay he has fixed up many of the merchants' display windows in holiday attire, and they are greatly improved thereby.

—Diamond rings from \$5 up to the highest at A. P. Hirzy's.

Arthur Pickles, the tonsorial artist, has had stuck in his shop on the west side an entire new set of mirrors, etc. The wood of the fixtures is nicely polished quarter-sawn oak and greatly improves the appearance of the shop.

—Buy a beautiful mantle clock for your wife or mother at Chapman's.

The five months old baby boy of Mr. and Mrs. M. Coffey, who live on the west side, died on Monday of pneumonia after a short illness. The funeral services took place at the Catholic church Wednesday afternoon at 2:30.

—Call and see the beautiful sterling and plated table ware at W. G. Scott's.

It is reported that the Northwestern company is surveying a line through from Princeton to Waubesa which if built and used for the main line would still further shorten the route between Chicago and points in the north and northwest.

—A. P. Hirzy has a nice line of diamonds which will give bargains on over the holidays.

The ladies of the St. Katherine's guild will hold a sale of Christmas articles at the guild hall on Wednesday, December 18, both afternoon and evening. There will be a large display of useful and ornamental articles suitable for holiday gifts.

—For bargains in everything in Holiday Goods don't forget to call on Johnson & Hill Co.

The entertainment given by the Canadian Jubilee singers and Imperial orchestra at the Methodist church on Tuesday evening was largely attended and there was not a number that was not enthusiastically enjoyed. Everyone seemed greatly pleased with the show.

—Now is the time to get you a good time piece. You can buy one of Chapman on easy payments.

C. W. Hodson, agent at the Wisconsin Central depot, has related from W. W. Meade the house now occupied by Geo. Boyer and he will remove his family to this city as soon as Mr. Boyer is able to occupy his new apartments over the laundry. This he expects to do some time next week.

—Books! Books!! Books!!! An immense assortment cheap at Johnson & Hill Co.'s Drug Dept.

The Wisconsin Central company has put on a freight train between Marshallfield and Nekoosa which leaves here at 3:50 p. m. Port Edwards at 4:50 and Nekoosa at 5:15. Returning leaves Nekoosa at 5:40, Port Edwards 6:10, and Grand Rapids at 6:40. This train will also carry passengers between this city and Nekoosa, but not between here and Marshallfield.

—You can get you a watch that will last a lifetime on easy payments at Chapman's.

Fred Beell will wrestle a handicap match with Farmer Burns at Marshallfield on Saturday evening, and it is expected that a number of lovers of the sport will go up from this city. Burns has been the champion catch-as-catch-can wrestler of the world, but as he has reached his fortieth year it is thought by many that Beell will win on his superior staying qualities.

When the workmen came to the setting of the pumps in the new pump house on the east side it was found that the cement used in the construction of the floor was of inferior quality and as a consequence it will have to be torn up and the work done over. The cement used in the work had failed to harden, either from having been exposed to the air or some other reason.

—FOR SALE—Four horses, cheap, must be sold at once, or will trade for good lively horse. M. A. BOGGER.

Rev. Leopold Kroll met with a slight accident on Monday which might have proven more serious. He was engaged in splitting wood when his ax struck a clothes line and flew back and struck him a stunning blow in the head, cutting a gash about an inch and a half long. Mr. Kroll wore a heavy cap at the time which greatly protected his head from the force of the blow.

—John Dengler's Capital for 5 cents is a gentleman's smoke.

—A certain man in this town needs watching! Is he your husband, your brother or your son? I have noticed him gazing longingly at the gold watches in Scott's window, get him one, \$5 to \$75.

An excellent building material, resembling pressed brick but harder, is being made at European gas-works from coke ashes. hitherto a troublesome waste. The ashes are powdered, mixed with a tenth part of slacked lime, formed into a stiff paste with water and pressed into bricks like clay. The bricks, protected from rain harden in the air without artificial heat.

—Puts gray matter in your head. Brings a rosy glow to faded cheeks. Restores vim, vigor, mental and physical happiness. That's what Rocky mountain tea will do. 35c at Johnson & Hill Co.

Mrs. Polly Kromer died on Monday morning very suddenly from heart failure after only a short illness. Deceased was about sixty-five years of age. She had made her home with L. Kromer for the past two years, she being a sister-in-law of that gentleman. She had no living relatives so far as is known. She was buried on Tuesday morning, Rev. W. A. Peterson conducting the services, interment being made in Forest Hill cemetery.

—A. P. Hirzy will have a representative of the A. Hirsch Co. of Chicago, at his store on the 20th and 21st of December, who will have on exhibition about \$50,000 stock of diamonds, watches, jewelry and everything in that line. Call and see him. He will sell at wholesale prices.

One of the social affairs of the season will occur on the evening of January 1, when the west side fire company give their annual ball. On this occasion, however, there will be something out of the ordinary, as Jacob Reuter, the violin virtuoso from Wausau, will give a concert before the dance, which of itself is an attractive feature of the evening. Mr. Reuter will be assisted at his concert by Mrs. E. M. Speer and Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Kieckbusch, all of whom are exceptional musicians. The music for the dance will be furnished by the New Monarch orchestra which would indicate that it will be all right.

—If you would have an appetite like a bear and a relish for your meals take Chamberlain's stomach and liver tablets. They correct disorders of the stomach and regulate the liver and bowels. Price 25 cents. Samples free at Johnson & Hill Co.'s drug store.

An order which will reduce the territory covered by rural free mail delivery routes has been issued by officials of the post-office department. Future routes established will not exceed twenty-five miles under the most favorable conditions of roads and it is the intention to limit the area to twenty miles. The change is recommended upon reports of carriers throughout the country of inability to cover the territory. Special agents appointed by the department to investigate routes are authorized to arrange service not to exceed a route of twenty miles and in cases where the limit is exceeded by the petition the agents will make suitable provisions to supply the petitioner with some other service.

—Susan—The pimples, sore and blackheads are danger signals. Take Rock Mountain Tea. You'll give a farewell reception to your troubles. 35c at Johnson & Hill Co.

Tomahawk Leader: N. Pepin, now residing in Grand Rapids, in a recent visit to this city gave us the following interesting details concerning himself and his trip to the Klondike. Mr. Pepin ante-dates his first appearance in these parts to the year 1869, thirty-one years ago, being employed with the Champagne Lumber Co., and in his travels sleeping on Rodger's Island at this time. He worked for this firm 15 years. Later on, he was employed by the Arpin Lumber Co. of Grand Rapids, and when the Klondike fever broke out he went along with the many to the frozen north and while there fell in with Noel Traversy and together they worked a claim for which at one time an offer of \$25,000 was made. Holding off for a little better price he finally concluded to leave his claim to his partner and come back to civilization. Mr. Traversy still holds this claim which will eventually prove valuable and Mr. Pepin has concluded that North Wisconsin is good enough for him, while Mr. Traversy is still pegging on.

On Dec. 24, 25, 31 and Jan. 1st the Wisconsin Central will sell round trip excursion tickets to any point within 200 miles at rate of one and one third fare for the round trip with a minimum rate of one dollar, tickets good returning Jan 2nd.

—Used by the ladies of fashion all over the world. It's without doubt the greatest beautifier ever offered the American women. 35c. Made only by Madison Medicine Co. Johnson & Hill Co.

In drowning, strangulation, gas suffocation and the like, the body is in a healthy condition, death resulting from stoppage of respiration and heart action. The actual restoration of life by renewing breathing and the circulation of the blood, is now known to be possible. This has been demonstrated in Europe by a series of 100 experiments on dogs, in which 16 out of 21 animals that had been killed by chloroform were brought back to life. The process consists in forcing air through a tube into the lungs at usual breathing rate and in opening the chest and squeezing the heart in imitation of the natural contractions. A Danish physician has reported a trial in the case of a man that had died under chloroform. The heart was reached through an opening cut in the chest wall, and was squeezed rhythmically for half an hour, air being at the same time forced into the lungs and as a result respiration was set up and only an occasional compression was needed to keep the heart going. Life continued several hours when breathing suddenly ceased and the patient was dead again.

—WANTED—A canvasser to canvass for the cook book edited by St. Katherine's guild. Good opportunity for some energetic person. Apply to Rev. L. Kroll.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Ed. Huban made a trip to Wild Rose on Tuesday.

W. W. Meade made a business trip to Marshallfield on Tuesday.

John White of Pittsville transacted business in the city on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Ring of Pittsville were in town on Wednesday.

Mrs. F. B. Seymour of Green Bay, is the guest of Miss Helen Kromer.

J. L. Penifill was in the city on Monday and Tuesday on business.

Atty. Theo. A. Brazeau transacted legal business in Marshallfield on Monday.

L. M. Nash and John Farrish transacted business at Vesper on Wednesday.

Hon. F. A. Cady of Marshallfield was in the city on legal business on Thursday.

John Daly, T. E. Nash and Frank Garrison were in Milwaukee on Tuesday.

Attorney E. C. Pors of Marshallfield, transacted business in the city on Tuesday.

G. W. Paulus made a trip to Marshallfield on Tuesday, returning the same evening.

John Conway of Orient, S. D., was in the city last Friday visiting with relatives.

Geo. W. Paulus visited with his brother, Editor Paulus, at Marshallfield on Tuesday.

Mrs. Richard Scheibe and daughter of Nekoosa were in the city shopping on Tuesday.

Attorney P. A. Williams of Marshallfield transacted business in the city on Monday.

Wm. Hooper and Frank Boies of Nekoosa transacted business in the city on Tuesday.

C. F. Kellogg made a business trip to Almond on Wednesday, returning the same evening.

Mrs. W. H. Fitch of Cranmoor was in the city Wednesday visiting with friends and doing some shopping.

J. W. Cameron of Milwaukee was in the city Thursday and Friday, the guest of his son Frank J. Cameron.

Conductor Fred Kellogg and wife of Green Bay were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Kellogg over Sunday.

Richard Scheibe of Nekoosa returned the first of the week from Chicago where he attended the cattle show.

A. W. Bryant of Rhineclander, was in the city Thursday and managed to find time to take in the show and dance.

Mrs. James Blaisdell of Trout Lake, is home visiting her parents. Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Laramie, for two or three weeks.

R. R. DeGroff of Marshallfield arrived in the city on Monday and has been spending the week visiting among friends.

Mr. and Mrs. John Daigle of Rudolph were shopping in the city on Saturday and paid the Tribune office a short call.

Will Carey had so far recovered from his sickness as to be able to be out again on Tuesday, although still pretty weak.

Mrs. J. E. Thomas of Nekoosa was in the city on Monday evening, having come up to attend the meeting of the Woman's club.

Mrs. L. P. Witter left on Monday for Milwaukee to be absent a week or ten days. She will also visit at Racine before returning.

Peter Jepson of City Point was in the city on Saturday on business and while here favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call.

Mrs. C. H. Wilbur and Miss Gay Wilbur of Milwaukee were the guests of Mr. John Bell, sr., a short time the first of last week.

Miss Florence Pepin of Helena, Montana, was the guest of Miss Elenore Statterly in this city from Tuesday until Friday of this week.

Barney Robus, one of the pioneer farmers of Vesper, was in the city Saturday and found time to favor the Tribune office with a pleasant call.

Messrs. C. A. Pelow, Coole Cotey, C. E. Nowatney and D. S. Briggs of Pittsville, attended Michael Strogoff at the opera house, Thursday night.

J. B. Bridge leaves this week for Fruitdale, Alabama, where he will visit with L. H. Read for a time. He expects to be absent for some time.

Miles Grignon departed the first of the week for Bruce, Wis., where he intends to open up a tailor shop. Mrs. Grignon will join her husband later on.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Paulus and Mrs. Beulah Biron expect to spend the coming winter in Washington, D. C. They expect to start shortly after Christmas.

Attorney W. G. Hartwell of Chippewa Falls was in the city on Tuesday and improved the opportunity to visit his friends, I. P. Witter and Atty. Theo. W. Brazeau.

Walter Denis left on Tuesday for Lewiston, Idaho, where he has accepted a position in a large store. Walter's many friends in this city will wish him success in his new field.

Miss Lona Johnson returned on Monday from Milwaukee, where she had been attending Downer college, to spend the weeks until after the holidays with her parents and friends in this city.

Marshallfield Times: G. R. Schuman, the Grand Rapids merchant, was here Monday interviewing our building material men. Most of the sand used in building in this city is shipped by Mr. Schuman.

Atty D. D. Conway and Dr. O. T. Houghton were in Fond du Lac on Monday. The doctor went from there to Chicago, where he saw Henry Irving and Ellen Terry in "King Charles the First," on Tuesday evening.

Wm. Scott and D. J. Arpin left on Saturday morning of last week for the Canadian border, where they go to look after the interests of the Pigeon River Lumber company. They expect to be absent about two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Oster of Stevens Point were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Kromer on Thursday and Friday. Mrs. Kromer and children expect to accompany them to Stevens Point on Saturday for a short visit.

A. H. Dustin left on Monday for Rusk where he went to attend the wedding of Miss Isidore Downing and Dale Sherborn, which occurred on December 11th. Mr. Dustin expects to remain there a few weeks to visit old friends.

Joe Casper of Calumet county, a brother-in-law of Frank Stahl, was in the city the first part of the week and closed a deal for the farm of Louis Lyonnais of Rudolph, consideration \$3000. Mr. Lyonnais and family expect to move in town in about two weeks.

Ed Krouse returned on Wednesday from Chicago, where he had been visiting his mother the past week. The boys had it reported around town that Ed had got married while in Chicago and as a consequence he is receiving the congratulations of his many friends.

S. N. Whittlesey of Cranmoor was in the city on Tuesday. Mr. Whittlesey reports that he is an outcast from home owing to his daughter Harriet being prostrated with smallpox. The case is a light one, however, and there are indications that the young lady will soon be able to be out again.

The Mission band will meet on Saturday afternoon with Miss Addie Baker.

The Woman's Club will meet next Monday evening with Mrs. Wm. Scott.

The Historical and Literary society will meet on Monday evening with Mrs. Isabelle Phillet.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church, west side, will meet on Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. A. C. Benner.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church of east side will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Sable.

A Most Liberal Offer.

All our former readers should take advantage of the unprecedented clubbing offer we this year make, which includes with this paper The Wisconsin Farmer, its special Farmers' Institute Editions and the Poultry Farmer. These three publications are the best of their class and should be in every farm home. To them we add for local, county and general news, our own paper, and make the price of the four one year only \$1.75.

Never before was so much superior reading matter offered for so small an amount of money. The three papers named, which we club with our own, are well known throughout the west and commend themselves to the reader's favorable attention upon mere mention. The Wisconsin Farmer is the great agricultural and live stock paper of the state; The Poultry Farmer is the most practical poultry paper for the farmer, while The Special Farmer's Institute Editions are the most practical publications for the promotion of good farming ever published. Take advantage of this great offer, as it will hold good for a short time only. Samples of these papers may be examined by calling at this office.

Low Rates.

From Dec. 15th to Dec. 21st the Wisconsin Central will sell to teachers and students wishing to return home tickets at one and one-third for round trip. Good returning Jan. 9th provided they have a certificate signed by the principal or president of the school or college.

Dec. 2nd to 13th the Wisconsin Central will sell tickets to Scranton, Pa., account American Federation of Labor convention at one and one-third fare for the round trip, good to return Dec. 13th.

Dec. 6th to 19th the Wisconsin Central will sell tickets to Cincinnati, O., account American Federation of Catholic societies at one and one-third fare for the round trip, good to return Dec. 18th.

Dec. 3rd and 17th the Wisconsin Central will sell Homeseekers excursion tickets to points in Iowa, Minnesota, Dakota, Montana, Nebraska, and Wyoming at one fare plus \$2 for the round trip. For further particulars apply at ticket office.

C. W. Hodson, Agent.

—It is a significant fact after people look elsewhere, they end up at our store and buy their finest china. A. P. Hirzy.

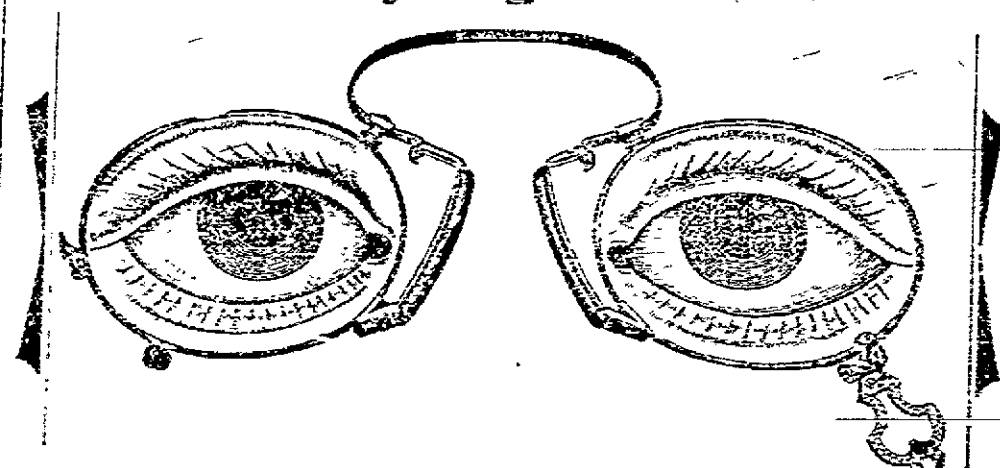
The making of a "geological piano" has been for thirty years the unique hobby of M. Honore Bandre, now living in a small town of India. Stones giving forth musical tones are not common, those emitting a desired note are much more rare, and it was many years before the first "do" of the first of the two octaves was obtained, the last "do" of the second octave being still lacking. With the present instrument, however, the geological musician is able to play a variety of airs. He uses an iron frame, from which the stones are suspended horizontally by double strings, and the best results are had by striking with a hand flint upon the sensitive spot experiment reveals in each stone. Some stones are of curious forms, lower "mi" being a prehistoric axe and "sol" a petrified fish.

—We think if anything our line of hand painted china excels any thing we ever had in our store. Call at Chapman's and be convinced.

—Do not neglect to call at Johnson & Hill Co.'s and examine their line of Holiday Goods and Pictures before making your Xmas purchases.

—A large line of white enamel and gold cases at prices that defy competition. A beautiful picture goes with every sale at Geo. W. Baker's, furniture store.

Defects in Eyesight



Can be corrected by having your eyes fitted accurately to a pair of glasses by J. R. CHAPMAN. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

If you will watch closely our advertisements hereafter you will find something new every week.

EVERY WEDNESDAY Is A Sales Day

Next Wednesday there will be a sale of

LINENS

Buy Now.

You will find something nice for a Christmas present among these goods. N. B. No trading stamps given on goods advertised on sales day

MRS. J. HAMM,

EAST SIDE, TELEPHONE NO. 268.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

LATEST STYLES.

You will probably want some photos during the holidays to give your friends, and if so I think it entirely probable that I can please you at my studio. Photos finished in any style to suit the customer. You cannot appreciate how many new styles there are to select from unless you visit my gallery and look them over.

Views, Crayon and Photo Enlargements, Carbon Prints, etc.

I have an extra nice selection of views from this part of the country. Come and look them over.

O. MORTERUD,

The Photographer.

HOLIDAY FURNITURE

Call at

Geo. W. Baker's

FURNITURE STORE, EAST SIDE

—And see those beautiful—

AXMINSTER RUGS

Extra fine quality made in choice colors and will wear many years. Sizes 9x12 feet.

Kensington Art Squares

Extra super, all wool, Beautiful designs, sizes 9x7½ to 9x10½ feet.

Philippine Brussels Art Squares, extra fine, in solid two tone effects, exquisite designs. Sizes 9x7½ to 9x13 1-2 feet.

Smyrna Rugs, sizes 18x34 to 30x60 in all of which will go at lower prices than can be obtained at any other place in the city. Make your selections early as these goods are bargains.

Your Choice of a Line of Beautiful Colored Pictures GIVEN WITH EVERY PURCHASE.

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.
DRUMB & SUTOR, - Publishers.

SEVERE TEST FOR SUBMARINE BOAT.

The Fulton will Make Trip Under Water from New York to Washington City.

New York, Dec. 10.—The recently completed but already famous Fulton will start tomorrow from its anchorage in Long Island Sound on a 450-mile trip on and under water from New York to Washington. No submarine boat has ever attempted such a task before.

The Fulton will make the trip with its captain, Frank T. Cable, and a crew of seven men. These mariners say that they will feel safer at sea in a storm than in a regular ocean-going craft, for the Fulton is a "trailing storm" and will simply turn its nose toward the bottom of the sea, and when it gets to a depth where the motion of the water is not felt it will go on its course again.

The Fulton will be accompanied by the yacht Graciosa with the Holland's officers.

RIVAL TO BONINE CASE.

Woman Found with Skull Fractured and Jaw Broken—Detectives are at Work.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 10.—Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis, a fashionable dressmaker, was found in an almost dying condition in her room at 5 o'clock this morning under circumstances that promise to rival the Bonine murder case. Her skull was fractured, her jaw broken and left arm almost severed from the head. Her left arm bore bruises indicative of a struggle, and her clothing and bedding were saturated with blood. She was removed to the Garfield hospital and a large force of detectives put upon the case. The name of her assailant is not yet known.

The general belief is that Mrs. Dennis was attacked while asleep in her back room upon the first floor and that the first blow in all probability was administered with the piano stool, which was smeared with blood. The preliminary investigation by police failed to indicate that there was any struggle. Mrs. Dennis in a conscious moment, while being carried to the hospital, said that someone had "hurt" her, but when pressed for details merely responded, "Never mind." Robbery apparently was not the motive for the crime, for as the table at the foot of the bed was found containing a pocketbook well filled with greenbacks and other coin. There was a bloody imprint on the piano lid in that room was open. It is supposed the assailant escaped through this window. When found Mrs. Dennis was lying on her back, her arms and legs were under the cover. She was partly conscious, although she had been unconscious most of the time since. The detectives are satisfied that several blows of the piano stool must have been directed at the head of the victim. Her groans were heard by a woman on the third floor and by occupants of the adjoining house. About the same time Policemen Livingston and a watchman who were two blocks away heard what they believed to be a woman's scream. Mrs. Dennis is about 47 years of age and is one of the best-known women in business here. She is the widow of Walter Dennis, an actor.

An operation was performed on Mrs. Dennis at the hospital this morning. Very little hope is held out for her recovery.

DISASTER AVERTED.

British Attempt to Capture Dewet Nearly Results in a British Defeat.

London, Dec. 10.—An obscure dispatch from Pretoria indicates that an attempt has been made to capture Dewet, with the result that the British force itself escaped capture by the timely arrival of Gen. Kinnington after a night march covering fifty miles. The press recently has reported that the British force had captured both British columns were able to retire to Heilbron, and it is admitted that the British sustained a few casualties.

Details of the affair may be expected to come along in dribbles. The Pretoria dispatch referred to the fact that Gen. Dewet had managed to concentrate about 2000 Boers near Heilbron. Col. Wilson, with Kitchener's scouts, was in close touch with this force for two days. There was danger that Wilson might be surrounded, and Gen. Kinnington was sent to his aid. Gen. Kinnington marched fifty miles by night and relieved Col. Wilson. Both columns then retired to Heilbron. The British sustained a few casualties.

Another dispatch from Pretoria says: "Col. MacKenzie is following Col. Benson's tactics. He is utilizing the Scottish horse for sudden morning rushes and has captured thirteen Boers and 500 head of cattle. The Scots Fusiliers, who are with the column, are doing good work. They marched thirty-five miles in twenty-four hours."

NEW YORK IMPROVED HEALTH.

New York, Dec. 10.—Commandant W. D. Sullivan, formerly on the staff of Gen. Dewet, recently visited Holland and while there spent two days with President Kruger and the envoys. He has returned to this city and reports that President Kruger is enjoying better health than at any time in the last four years. Commandant Sullivan brings from President Kruger a message of thanks to the friends of the Boer cause. It has been definitely decided that President Kruger will not visit the United States.

BATHING DOLLS.

There are many bathing dolls this year, real little tin dolls, and ever so many things in the doll world run to bathtubs and bathing arrangements. The bathing dolls are of celluloid and of Parian and are made with the idea that they will take frequent baths. They cost all prices from 10 cents to \$2.50, and the elaborate bathing outfit will cost more than that.

—Explorers in the neighborhood of Chama, Guatemala, have discovered treasures during their excavations in search of mines. Among the things discovered were buried centuries ago by the Aztecs and Montezumas have been found. So far the valuables have amounted to over \$50,000.

ABSCONDS WITH \$100,000

Trusted Officer of Bank at Los Angeles, Cal., Disappears.

WOMAN IN THE CASE.

Property Left Behind that will More than Cover the Amount of the Shortage.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 10.—Henry J. Fleischman, for years the trusted cashier of the Farmers and Merchants' bank, has dropped from sight, and with him has gone \$100,000 of the bank's currency. The last heard of Fleischman was Saturday morning about 9 o'clock, when he telephoned the bank from the Calif. tennis club that he was not feeling well and would not be down until later.

Even when he failed to put in an appearance later in the day his absence did not attract attention. He was attentive to business and seldom absent. When he failed to appear yesterday when the bank opened for business there was a hurried examination, which disclosed that Fleischman was short approximately \$100,000 in his cash.

Some months ago, president of the bank, said Fleischman evidently had taken the currency with him, as his accounts are all straight. The bank will not lose anything, being amply protected by surety loans and securities standing in Fleischman's name for more than the amount of the shortage.

The missing cashier began work in the bank as a boy, gradually working his way upward, having been with the institution twenty-six years. He was divorced from his wife a few years ago.

It is currently believed that Fleischman took a train for old Mexico where he would arrive via Nogales before the defalcation could be discovered.

Sau Francisco, Cal., Dec. 10.—I. W. Hellman, president of the Nevada bank of this city and holding a similar office in connection with the Farmers and Merchants' bank of Los Angeles, made the following statement:

"The bank will go on as usual. The loss does not affect the capital of the concern at all. I am greatly grieved and disappointed in the man. He has been in our employ for over twenty years, and of course we looked upon him as one of the best men in our service, or he would not have had the position so long."

"I have made up my mind to prosecute him to the end should he be captured. There will be no compromise. The bank is looked upon as one of the model banks of this country. I went over the books and found that the defalcation was straight, so we are reasonably certain that the money was taken within the last few days. I cannot but believe that there is a woman in the case somewhere. I feel certain that the defalcation was not made to cover up private speculative losses."

MAN'S AWFUL DEED.

Cuts Throats of His Wife and Children While They Slept.

Culmet, Mich., Dec. 10.—[Special.]—While in a fit of despondency over his inability to find work and provide for his family, John Kinnonen cut his wife's throat, the throat of a son, 16 years of age, slashed a younger son less seriously and then committed suicide by cutting his own throat.

Kinnonen is dead, but the other members of the family, while in serious conditions, are not fatally wounded, and the attending physicians think that they will recover.

The awful attempt at murder and the suicide took place at Copper Hills, twenty-two miles from this city, at 2 o'clock this morning. All of the family were sleeping when Kinnonen arose from his bed, and taking his razor from the bureau crept to the bed where his wife lay. In a moment he had cut her throat, wounding her in the neck. He then went to the bedroom of his son and cut their throats while they slept.

He then passed the keen blade across his own throat, dying within a few moments.

The younger boy, who was less severely injured than the rest, ran to a neighbor for help, and doctors soon arrived and took charge of the family.

John Kinnonen was 50 years of age and had resided at Copper Falls for many years. He was the father of six children. He had been a miner, but a few months ago he was thrown out of work and since then he had been unable to supply the wants of his family. He looked for work in vain and grew despondent. It is thought that his troubles caused his mind to give way and that he committed the awful deed while temporarily insane.

A GAME PRESERVE ON GRAND ISLAND.

Owners Enclose a Lake Superior Isle with Wire Netting—A Corps of Wardens.

Muskegon, Mich., Dec. 10.—[Special.]—The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company, which owns Grand Island, located off this village, is planning to make the place an extensive game preserve. For several months a crew of men has been at work enclosing the island with wire netting, the object being to prevent the deer from escaping to the mainland when ice forms in the bay. The place fairly teems with deer, partridge and other game, and private wardens are employed to keep poachers out. The island is about eight miles in length and about four miles wide.

TO SEARCH FOR HIS CORPSE.

Peculiar Request Made of John Karlson of Hancock, Mich.

Hancock, Mich., Dec. 10.—[Special.]—To be asked to search for his own corpse was the experience of John Karlson of this city yesterday. It had been supposed that Karlson committed suicide by drowning, and to recover the body Mayor Scott procured grapping hooks and scended his way toward the docks. On the way there he hailed a man and asked his assistance, explaining at the same time the circumstances of the case. On the name of the supposed dead man being mentioned, Karlson exclaimed: "Why, that is my name, and I don't think I am dead." The mayor collapsed. In explanation of this disappearance, Karlson stated that the boat on which he was employed had sailed only for Lake Huron and he did not have time to get his coat and pack which had been left on the dock. The finding of the man's belongings led to the suicide idea after two days of investigation.

JUDGE WOODS' SUCCESSOR.

President Selects Judge Francis E. Baker to Fill Vacancy.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 10.—It was announced after the cabinet meeting today that Judge Francis E. Baker had been decided upon by the President for the vacant judgeship in the Seventh circuit court of Indiana.

STUBBED HIS TOE AND GUN DISCHARGED.

William Hansen of Allouez, Mich., Meets Death While Out Hunting.

Calumet, Mich., Dec. 9.—[Special.]—William Hansen, aged 21, a resident of Allouez, a short distance from this city, died suddenly as the result of an accidental shooting Saturday afternoon. He was out hunting and stubbed his toe on a piece of brush. He fell and the gun was discharged. Hansen received the contents of two barrels in his side.

TRUST COMPANY IS IN DISTRESS.

An Omaha Concern, of Which A. U. Wyman is President, Loses by Shrinkage in Values.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 9.—The Omaha Loan and Trust company, which in the last sixteen years has placed between \$12,000,000 and \$15,000,000 in real estate mortgages, is in financial distress and liquidation is threatened. This condition is due entirely to the shrinkage in real estate values, which has reduced the value of the company's assets.

City property on which much less than the apparent value was loaned some years ago has lost its earning ability, and the company was obliged to take possession of many homes and lots under foreclosure proceedings. The large quantity of this realty is on the hands of the concern, unsalable at anything near the figure it should represent as an asset.

President A. U. Wyman of the company has been considered a man of wealth and influence. He was United States treasurer for a number of years and is well known in financial circles throughout the country. When asked as to the condition of the company's affairs, he admitted that the company was in distress, and with regard to the solvency of the concern said:

"If real estate values were such that we could realize from property what it represents to us there would be no question about the solvency of the company. The condition of the company is as uncertain as real estate values on outlying property have been for the last few years."

PRIEST SUES A BANK.

Put Up Stocks as Security and Accuses Agent of Neglecting His Interests.

Escanaba, Mich., Dec. 9.—Father J. M. Langan of the Catholic church of this city has secured an injunction from the Marquette county circuit court against the Miners' National bank of Ishpeming. The order restrains the threatened sale of \$15,000 worth of railroad and mining stocks.

More than two weeks ago Father Langan purchased stocks through the bank. Later he desired to add to his holdings and turned over the certificates as security for loans secured for the purpose of buying additional stocks.

Recently he arranged to transfer the account to a Marquette broker's house. The bank, however, apparently had not actually purchased the stocks, although it had charged them to the complainant's account, and was unable to make the transfer on the date demanded.

Delivery was offered later, and it was then discovered that the dealer was fictitious. It showed that he had been procured at a much more recent time than when they were reported purchased. The stocks in the meantime having considerably depreciated in value. Father Langan declined to accept these stocks, and the bank, on the other hand, demanded more money to protect them under threat of being sold. Suit was then commenced.

THE WEATHER BUREAU.

Prof. Willis L. Moore Reports on Progress Made During the Last Year.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 9.—The annual report of Prof. Willis L. Moore, chief of the United States weather bureau, says that substantial improvements have been made during the year in the weather bureau system of wireless telegraphy. An agreement has been made with the government experimenters that with no interference by private systems stations can be successfully operated over at least 150 miles of coast line, and are now in operation along the Virginia and North Carolina coasts, and soon will be instituted along the Gulf of Mexico and all the mainland and Tropic of Cancer.

An important extension of the forecast work of the bureau was made during the year whereby meteorological reports from certain points in the British Isles, the continent of Europe, from the Azores are transmitted to Washington, and with observations from Nassau, Bermuda and Turks island, are regularly published on the weather maps.

The distribution of forecasts by rural delivery has become exceedingly popular in the farming districts being supplied with the latest weather predictions.

Subsidiary Referred and Miller called on Higley to make good his promise, but he refused and assigned his farm to his wife. Suit was then brought.

WOULDN'T PAY REWARD

Two Men Who Save Man's Wife from Drowning Secure Judgment Against Him.

Wabash, Ind., Dec. 9.—William Miller and Marion Redford were today paid \$400 for saving Mrs. Sarah Higley from drowning in January, 1900.

The two men were driving along the bank of a swollen creek near Mer when they were attracted by cries for help proceeding from the stream. A moment later a man, who proved to be Higley, rushed up to them:

"I'll give you \$1000 if you save her," he said, and Redford and Miller, at the peril of their lives, rushed in and rescued the woman.

Subsidiary Referred and Miller called on Higley to make good his promise, but he refused and assigned his farm to his wife. Suit was then brought.

VESSEL IN DISTRESS.

Has Drifted Into the Surf and is Being Heavily Pounded on the Sands.

Aberdeen, Wash., Dec. 9.—A big four-masted steel vessel is reported to be in the surf about twelve miles north of the entrance to Gray's harbor. The vessel has been outside several days, but being sighted Friday night. She carried only one sail and had a heavy list. Saturday a fog covered the vessel, but yesterday it was seen that she had drifted into the surf and was being heavily pounded by the surf. It is impossible to decipher the name of the ship. A tug has gone to the scene.

Fire in Michigan Town.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Dec. 9.—The entire business portion of the village of Gobles twenty miles west of Kalamazoo, was destroyed by fire yesterday. Sixteen business places were burned and the total loss is estimated to be about \$100,000.

BATTLE IN TIEN TSIN.

Serious International Complications Likely to Result.

TROOPS IN FREE FIGHT.

British Sentry, Craved with Liquor, Empties His Revolver Into a German Regiment.

Tien Tsin, Dec. 10.—Serious international complications may result from an encounter which took place yesterday between the German troops and a company of Punjabi infantry, which is stationed here.

Three German privates were killed and one German officer was mortally wounded in the fight. On the British side three men were slain and several more wounded.

The accounts of the fray, which was short but decisive, differ somewhat. The Germans claiming that they acted from the last in self-defense, while the British troops say that the Germans were seeking for a chance of showing their hatred for the English.

Cause of the Trouble.

The trouble was started by a sentry belonging to the Indian regiment, who ran amuck and killed two of his comrades. The sentry, who is said to have been crazed by liquor, while quarreling with companions suddenly brandished two revolvers and without a word of warning shot at random into a crowd of unarmed soldiers who had tried to quiet him. Two men were killed outright and others were slightly wounded.

The sentry then ran through the streets of the city, shouting and swearing. The people fled in terror right and left. A company of Punjabi infantry was at once sent out to secure him.

Soldiers in a Free Fight.

The sentry later met a company of German troops, whom he called cowards and brutes, saying that they did not serve to be treated like the Boers in South Africa. He emptied his revolver in the regiment, wounding one German officer mortally. He was shot dead by the Germans.

In the meantime the company of Punjabi infantry arrived on the scene. A gun ensued between the commanding officers of the two companies, and a free fight was precipitated. The battle lasted but a short time, the Punjabis being put to flight, leaving their dead and injured on the street.

Afterward the Germans took the wounded of both sides to their barracks and cared for them.

The German troops have been confined to their barracks until further orders.

GIFTS OF MILLIONS.

Mrs. Stanford Transfers Stocks, Bonds and Real Estate to Stanford University.

Sau Francisco, Cal., Dec. 10.—Mrs. Jane L. Stanford has transferred to the trustees of Stanford university \$18,000,000 in bonds and stocks and real estate that institution property valued at \$12,000,000.

The deeds of gift executed by Mrs. Stanford do not affect her control of that institution during her lifetime. The total of her endowment is said to be three times greater than the endowment given by one individual to educational purposes in the history of the world. It includes interest-bearing stocks and bonds of the highest class, conservatively appraised at \$18,000,000, and mostly bought within the last few years.

Two of the gifts are over 100,000 shares of Southern Pacific stock at \$40 a share, \$11,400,000; 10,000 shares Central Pacific stock at \$25 a share, \$250,000; 10,000 shares Central Pacific stock at \$57 a share, \$570,000; Market Street Railway stock, \$1,300,000; one-fourth interest in Pacific Improvement stock, \$7,000,000; Real estate in twenty-two counties aggregating about 100,000 acres of land valued at \$12,000,000.

One deed transfers the bonds and stocks to the university and provides that nothing shall alienate them. Upon this gift the annual income at 5 percent will not be less than \$400,000. From the real estate the income is probably not over \$250,000. This real estate includes the great Vera ranch of 52,000 acres in Tehama county on which the grapes are converted into brandy. The vineyard covers 3500 acres, and is the largest in the world.

Includes Ranches and Mines.

Another big property is the Grizzly ranch of 35,000 acres, also in Tehama county, which is a great timber and grazing property, and in twenty-five counties of California, and represents ranches, mines, etc.

The grounds of the university proper include 9000 acres, and besides the spacious grounds around the buildings there are a vineyard, orchard and other ranch properties.

A third deed transfers Mrs. Stanford's home on Nob Hill to the university. It was thought she would retain this property until her death, but she declared she wished to make her gift complete. This fine house is superbly decorated and furnished, and is worth \$100,000. This will eventually be converted into an art gallery and museum.

Has Millions Left.

Prepare these big gifts Mrs. Stanford has retained property worth several millions, so that she will be able to provide for many charities and to make a few bequests to relatives and friends. Her great ambition now is to push the university buildings to completion. Many men are now at work on the memorial chapel, which is to be the finest of all the structures. Four other buildings are now going up and plans are being drawn for a great model gymnasium.

Stanford university stands as one of the two great educational institutions west of the Missouri river. With California it ranks in efficiency and scope with Michigan, Wisconsin, Chicago, Pennsylvania and Cornell, and possibly exceeds any of them in financial backing.

Since the university first opened its doors, October 1, 1891, it has received about 4000 matriculated students from all parts of the world and has conferred degrees upon 1200. Instruction at the university is free.

MRS. DALE EXONERATED.

Child's Death Due to Poison Taken Accidentally.

New York, Dec. 10.—Mrs. Elizabeth Howe Dale was exonerated from all blame in connection with the poisoning of her child, Emmeline Dale, by the verdict of the coroner's jury that concluded the inquest. It was found that the child's death was due to poison, but that this had been taken accidentally and without the knowledge of the mother.

Mrs. Dale is the Chicago woman whose child died suddenly while the two were living temporarily in Hoboken. Charges have been preferred against her and despite the action of the coroner's jury she must face a grand jury in connection with the death. Her attorneys announce that they will ask her release on bail pending the hearing by the grand jury.

CONGRESS.

The Senate was the only branch of Congress in session on the 10th. The early business included a flood of executive communications, mainly formal. The President sent to the Senate a new Hay-Pauncefote treaty for an Isthmian canal.

Senator Burrows introduced a bill for the protection of the President of the United States. It provided that anyone who shall attempt to do violence to the President shall be punished by death. Any person who shall counsel or advise the killing of the President shall be imprisoned twenty years. Any person who shall aid the escape of any person concerned in the killing or counseling the killing of the President shall be punished equally with an accomplice.

Senator Burrows introduced a bill to provide for the exclusion and deportation of alien anarchists. Senator Lodge had a bill to provide revenue for the Philippines and Senator Hale reintroduced the Pacific cable bill as it passed at the last session of Congress.

Senator McComas (Md.) made an extended and carefully prepared speech in the Senate on the 30th with anxiety for his theme, and was followed by some brief remarks by Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts on the same subject.

The Senate also received from the President a bill for the regulation of immigration, prepared by himself and the commissioner-general of immigration, and a bill to amend the act of March 3, 1899, relating to the regulation of the laws upon this question.

Mr. Penrose favorably reported from the committee on education and labor the bill containing the new general act of March 3, 1899, in order that it may close up work now in hand, and secured immediate consideration for the measure. The bill was passed.

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White Hand

A Tale of the Early Settlers of Louisiana.

BY AUSTIN C. BURDICK

CHAPTER XXII.—(Continued.)

For some moments after this recital, not a word was spoken, and the only sounds that broke the stillness were the sobs of the marquis.

"Shall such a foul mockery stand?" at length said St. Denis, in agony. "Let it be torn in sunder and cast aside. By the law of justice or right can—"

"Hold!" interrupted Lobo, who had now turned himself up to the conflict. "You but make a useless disturbance when you thus give thought to the idea of annulling the bond of marriage between my wife and myself. Ere I took the final step I consulted with the governor, and he bade me go on, and I have his pledge of sustaining me. You have heard my wife's story. That I used stratagem to gain her hand, I admit, for I saw an interloper was about to snatch the prize from me. And now you know all. Henceforth I trust nothing may occur to mar the harmony of our social intercourse."

Turning to St. Denis, he added, a triumphant look settling on his sharp features: "And as for you, sir, I trust you will see the necessity of removing yourself from the society of those who can only be made unhappy by your presence. If you have the common sense I suppose you have, you will see the necessity of this; and if you have the feelings of a gentleman, you will not hesitate."

Goupard raised his clasped hands towards heaven, exclaiming: "Has it come to this? Must all my hopes thus fall back upon my broken heart, and the sweet dream of years end in black despair? Louise, beloved of my soul, lost, but still cherished one—"

His words failed him, and he bowed his head in a passionate burst of tears. In a moment more he heard a low cry of hopeful tone, and a pair of arms were twined about his neck. He looked up, but it was not Louise. It was the glowing eyes of White Hand that met his own, and darkly stained arms were entwined about his neck. A voice of thanksgiving next fell on his ear, and he saw the Indian girl, her streaming eyes raised heavenward, and giving thanks to the Great Spirit. St. Denis started as he gazed into the deep blue eyes fastened on him. A moment more, he heard his name pronounced in a tone sweet and familiar, that made his heart bound wildly in his bosom.

"This scene has progressed far enough," now spoke the one Simon Lobo, your wickedness has come to a climax, and back on your own head shall fall the terrible consequences of your machinations!"

"Ha—ha, Louise, you have gone too far now!" Lobo, uttered, confidently. "If you imagined your marriage was but a jest, you were mistaken. You'll find the knot too strongly tied to be cast off at will."

"Poor fool! Cannot you open your eyes? Simon Lobo, did you think Louise St. Denis would have married you while she remained? Did you think she would have stooped to mate with you when the grave was open to her?"

"Are you not married to me? Are you not my wife?"

"I think you'd find me a hard one to manage; for at this very moment, were you not beneath my notice, I would challenge you to mortal combat, and I'd serve you worse than Goupard did. Look, Simon! Don't you see that Indian youth resting in Goupard's arms? How I have longed for this moment! Up—up, my father! Thy children are safe, and if they have returned to thee in exchanged guises, be assured they left thee in the same way!"

"How?" gasped Simon, starting back and turning pale. "You—you—"

"Why, I am your wife, Simon, if you say so; but if you keep me, you shall fight a duel with me every morning, and we'll alternate till one of us falls; first morning, pistols—next morning, swords. You have seen me shoot some."

At this juncture the truth had forced itself to the old marquis' mind.

"It must be," he whispered, seizing his noble son by the hand. "It must be my own noble Louis! Assure me I do not dream."

"You do not, father, for I am your own Louis. But see—here comes Louise. Don't cast her off because her skin is dusky!"

"Is it possible?" gasped Lobo, as he saw Louise sink on her father's bosom. "There's been some foul witchery here—some deep, infernal machination! Louise—Louise, the son is the daughter, and the daughter is the son! There's a foul plot here!"

"Ay!" cried Louis, rearing the rich gown he wore from his body, and revealing the light dress of a French officer, "there has been a foul plot, and you can well explain it."

"Me—explain?" stammered the villain, gazing first at the youth and then at the maiden, who yet wore her Indian dress.

"Who are you?" he gasped, starting towards the dusky girl, and seizing the daughter in his arms. "Speak! Who are you?"

"I am one whom you once sought for a wife," Louise St. Julien?"

"Yes."

"Ah! Duped—deceived! But—there's a plot!"

remember on that night when we played 'hide and find me' in the yard, Louise and I went off into the house before we hid. We had planned to have some sport with Goupard. Louise and I never realized how much we resembled each other until we exchanged garbs. When I saw her in my clothes, she looked just like my own self in a mirror; and when I had put on her dress, which had to be let out but very little, she asked me to let her counterpart, and when I looked in the mirror, I could have sworn she stood before me. We had reached the corner of the barn, and I was showing Louise where to hide, intending then to have gone myself to the stable, when a party of Indians rushed and seized upon us, and having gagged us, hurried off through the forest. One of them spoke to me in the Chickasaw tongue, and I was upon the point of answering him, when the thought struck me that he only wished to try if I knew the language; so I pretended to know nothing of it. You know I learned a great deal of it from our old Ojibwa. After I had listened to their conversation, and I found that the chief was to be married to New Orleans, while the boy was to be taken up to the Natchez. Of course, I then knew that Simon Lobo had a hand in this, for he had gone to New Orleans, where he meant to have Louise taken, and there force her to marry him, while I was carried off another way, perhaps to be killed—and thus he would have all our father's wealth. Before morning, we came to the place where we were to separate. I did once feel like giving battle to the whole pack; but I was wholly unarmed, and the thought was dropped. I begged to be allowed to speak a few parting words with my companion, and they granted my request. I told Louise what I had heard. "Now," said I, "they don't distrust the change we've made. I will let them still think I am the girl, and thus you will be free of Simon; while, if you go to the Natchez, still retaining your male disguise, you can at any moment save yourself from death by revealing yourself." At all events, we both concluded that it would be best for each of us to continue the deception, and we did so. And now for Louise's story.

Thus called upon, Louise commenced. She told how she was taken to the village of the White Apple by Stung Serpent; how they meant to kill her, and for what strange purpose; how Coqualla interposed for her, and how it was arranged that she should marry the princess.

"Here I was puzzled," said Louise; "but I determined to throw myself upon Coqualla's friendship. I told her the secret of my sex, and asked her to save me. She threw her arms about my neck and promised to keep my secret, and be to me a sister, while she passed for my wife. So my secret was safe. Only she told her father when he was on his death-bed, and thus he was led to absolve me from my promise to remain with them."

CHAPTER XXIII.

Louise went on and told her startling story, and as she did so, more than one bright look of holy gratitude was cast upon the beautiful Coqualla.

"And now," said she, in conclusion, "I am able to give you some clue to the great mystery which underlies the whole. When Stung Serpent was upon his death-bed, he sent for me, and he told me all, and he gave me this paper in token of his truth. Read it, father, and know what a villain you have kept beneath your room."

As Louise handed her father the paper, Simon Lobo started to his feet.

"Back!" shouted Louis, springing forward and passing him back into his chair. "To my father, watch this man, and see that he does not leave the room."

Old Tony, who had stood by and heard all, now moved to Simon's side, and as the villain gazed upon the huge bulk of the negro, he uttered a stifled groan, and settled back.

The marquis read the paper aloud. It was as follows:

"This is my bond, that I will pay to Stung Serpent one hundred large pieces of gold, in French coin, when he shall have removed Louis and Louise St. Julien from their home. And he, on his part, promises that said Louis shall be killed, and that Louise shall be sent safely to the middle trail on Lake Pontchartrain."

That was enough. Simon denied it all, then swore, then drew his sword, and then—Tony knocked him down; and ere long afterwards he was taken from the room.

Before noon, Louise had contrived, with Coqualla's assistance, to remove the last stain from her skin, and when she stood, all white and pure, she saw a tear on Coqualla's dark cheek.

"What is it?" she asked.

"Nothing," was the reply.

"Ah, tell me the truth. Coqualla will not deceive her sister."

"No—no," murmured the noble girl, throwing her arms about Louise's neck, and pillow her head upon her bosom.

"But you will forgive me, Coqualla has left her people forever, but she has not left her skin."

"But tell me all, my sister."

"Coqualla loved the White Hand, and she was only a sister. Now Coqualla has seen another with the same beautiful face. But she does not murmur. She is content; only—"

"Go on, my sister. Tell me all."

"If Coqualla was white, she could love; O, my sister does not know how she could have been loved had she not been Coqualla's sister!"

Louise had read the girl's secret, and as she gazed into those soft, mild features, she uttered, with all the truth of her soul:

"Coqualla does not need a waiver skin. She is beautiful enough. I know Coqualla's heart, and her face is as pure as that."

The maiden princess blessed her sister, and wiped away her tears, for she heard some one coming.

On the next morning the room where Simon Lobo had been put was found empty, and the slave Peter was also found to be missing; but no search was made for them, for the one was worthless and the other carried guilt enough to punish him with its shame and burden.

And now joy was once more in St. Julien's household. Goupard and Louise wandered about together, and for a while Louis was left alone, for the only other young person with whom he could associate seemed to shun him. One day Louise drew her brother one side, and whispered with him, for she had that

morning found Coqualla in tears, and the poor princess had murmured the thought of going back to the homes of her fathers to lie down by their graves. But what Louise said to her brother may not be known—only, an hour later, Louis and Coqualla walked away down in the garden.

At length the old cure, Father Laugier, made his visit to the chateau, and there was work for him to do. Goupard and Louise were made one for life, and this time the blushing girl was fastened.

But the work ended not here. Louis St. Julien had spent many hours with Coqualla, for he had become her teacher, and he had opened to her mind the riches of the great book. And while she had studied that, he had studied her. At first he was surprised at the wonderful depth of her mind, but he was not less awed by its sublime purity and grandeur of conception. And thus he grew to love her, and his heart was pure as it was generous and loving. Ere he knew it, he had loved her, and almost unconsciously the story of his love dropped from his lips.

"Coqualla," he whispered, "then did I love my sister for her face. Mine is like it. Love me, then, and be mine for life. I love thee, for thou art all love and purity to me."

And Coqualla placed one of her soft hands in his, and then rested her head upon his bosom, and as her dark tresses fell over his shoulders, hiding her face and the tears that shone there, she answered him:

"Coqualla can give thee all her heart, and be to thee a slave for life. But if you make her your wife, O be sure you will never regret it; for Coqualla's heart would break if you loved her no more."

For a long time the panic caused by the fearful plot of the Indians lasted among the colonists, but they gradually waded out of the danger, though their way was through much blood. The Natchez had sealed their own doom, and a few short years sufficed to sweep them from the list of Indian tribes, and the once powerful nation was known no more on earth but in name and the history of the past. Simon Lobo joined the French force, having received a lieutenant's commission from Perier, and he fell at the siege of one of the Natchez forts. So a Natchez bullet found the life of him who had thought to barter away the life of another through the hands of the Natchez.

Troubles came now thick and fast upon the early settlers, and once the marquis told his children that if they wished, he would sell out and return to France. But they did not wish it. St. Denis was happy enough where he was, for Louise was a sufficient shield against every ill from within, and his own bravery and fortitude swept away all other fear. And Louis found himself in possession of a treasure the intrinsic merits of which were every day developing themselves to his understanding; and after a few short months of wedded life, all doubts vanished from Coqualla's mind, for she was assured that a love like her husband's could never grow cold while she remained true and faithful.

"No," said St. Denis, "we will not return, for in this colony, now surrounded by dangers and gloom, I can see the germ of a nation. A soil so productive, with resources and natural advantages so mighty, must one day be reclaimed to civilization of the highest order. There is no reason why this great valley of the Father of Waters should not, at no very distant time, become literally the Garden of the World. And," he added, while his dark eye burned, and his bosom swelled with deep emotion, "may not those who have already subdued the wilderness in the East, at some time meet us of the West, and as one family in the New World, bidding adieu to the thrones of the Old, raise the standard of a united nation, with a government commensurate with the grandeur of the result, and with a perpetuity of purpose worthy the memory of those noble pioneers who first grappled the dark terrors of the wilderness, and opened the way to the architects of a new and more glorious realm?"

(The end.)

His Bluff Did Not Work.

Stories of Yankee shrewdness have always been widely circulated, but when one gets ahead of a Yankee there is very little said about it, especially on the part of the man from the North. Several days ago a hotelkeeper at a small station on one of the roads running out of Memphis put the laugh on a drummer from the North in a very good way, and the traveling man was compelled to beat a hasty retreat. The drummer arrived at the hotel about 8 o'clock in the evening, and fearing that he would not be able to get any supper he asked the landlord what he could get to eat.

"My friend," said the hotelkeeper, "I can give you anything from a pickled elephant to a broiled canary bird's tongue for supper to-night."

The drummer looked at the man, and, thinking that he was jesting, decided to call his bluff.

"All right, my friend," said the drummer, "I'll take some pickled elephant."

"Very well," said the host; "I'll go and get it."

He was gone about five minutes, and when he returned said:

"All right, sir; supper will be ready in a moment. You'll have to take a whole one, as we don't carve them after dark."

The drummer decided that he was not very hungry, and took some cheese sandwiches.—Memphis Scimitar.

Tale of a Tender Heart.

The boy in tears naturally attracted the attention of the sympathetic man.

"What's happened, my boy?" the latter asked. "Perhaps I can help you."

"I lost a quarter," answered the boy, "and when I go home I'll get licked for it."

"Oh, well, don't cry," returned the sympathetic man. "Here's another quarter. How did you lose the first one?"

"Matching," promptly replied the boy.—Chicago Evening Post.

Had to Do It.

Soak—Do you always pay as you go? Freshly—Always.

Soak—Why?

Freshly—Because if I don't they won't let me go.

FARMS AND FARMERS



Feeding and Watering Fowls.

Where there is a scratching shed connected with the poultry-house, all of the feeding should be done there. If, however, this valuable addition can not be had, and the feeding and watering must be done in the roosting room, some provision should be made so that the food will be neither wasted or soiled by the fowls, says the Indianapolis News. Crates are inexpensive, and are readily constructed of light material. The slats should be of smooth lumber and placed so that the fowls can get their heads in and out without difficulty. They should be open in front and on both sides, if placed against the walls of the house, or if set in the open space, they should be open on both sides and both ends. Each crate should have a solid floor of boards and a hinged top, so that the pans of food and water may be placed in position with little trouble, and the crates be readily cleaned. If the house is so small that

these crates can not be a fixture in it, they may be placed in position at feeding time and removed later.

Siloing Sugar Beets.

It is the custom in some localities to haul sugar beets to the factory if possible when harvested, and if it is not possible to do this they are gathered and placed in long ricks or piles on the surface of the ground. The base of these ricks or piles is from 2 to 3½ feet, with a height of 3 to 4 feet, tapering toward the top. Along each side of these ricks several furrows are run with a stirring plow in order to loosen the dirt. The ricks are then completely covered with this dirt by the aid of shovels. This covering is put on to the depth of about 6 inches, occasionally air spaces or ventilators being left on the tops of the ricks, which are usually made by the use of tiling or small elongated wooden boxes or simply straw, the purpose being to prevent fermentation.

Storing the beets in this way is called siloing, and the ricks or piles are called silos. In case severe cold weather comes on, these silos are covered with straw manure, straw or something of that sort, and then an additional amount is thrown on the straw covering. In this way it has been found that the beets will keep in very good condition until the last of January if necessary.

Using Lime Intelligently.

The testimony on the part of farmers to use lime without much regard to the condition of the soil is wrong. Where the soil is plainly acid in character as shown by tests with blue litmus paper the use of lime, in quantities sufficient to reduce the acidity of the soil, is advocated, but its continued use year after year is not in the line of progressive agriculture unless the crops are such as to demand lime in greater or less quantities during the season. Of course, this can only be known by actual tests, for while in one soil currants, barley, oats, onions and other plants, which are benefited by the application of lime in a general way, will respond freely to the lime treatment, in other soils they would not be benefited, but might be injured. The blue litmus paper test referred to consists in placing a small piece of blue litmus paper, obtainable at any drug store, in a crack in the soil made by the blade of a spade and leaving it there for twenty-four hours; if the soil is acid and needs lime the paper will turn red. This should be the general guide in the use of lime on farms where a miscellaneous lot of crops are grown.—Indianapolis News.

Cannibalism Among Swine.

In nine cases out of ten where sows kill and eat their young the trouble is due entirely to improper feeding, and it will be generally found that such sows are fed on a corn diet almost exclusively. The brood sow needs protein before and while she is nursing the pigs. During the period when the brood sow is on the range she should have an abundance of green food and in some variety, rape especially being good for her. The grain foods should be bran, peas, oats, and little or no corn, and when confined she should have plenty of clover hay to take the place of the green food of the summer. Aside from the danger of the sow eating the young, the corn diet is too heavy, nearly always exciting a feverish condition bad for both the sow and the pigs.—Exchange.

Starting in the Poultry Business.

Beginners in poultry keeping try to do too much at the start. This applies quite as much to the average farmer as to any one, for it is admitted that the farmer, as a rule, knows comparatively little about poultry. After a man has

gone through the various trials of three years with poultry, he is in a position to extend his business with profit or to give it up in disgust. If the latter is the result it is proof conclusive that he is not fitted to the business, or that he has not profited by his experience. In either case the loss will not have been very heavy. Get experience, then extend, is the best possible advice for those who want to go into the poultry business, and it applies to those who wish to raise poultry and eggs for the city markets quite as much as to those who expect to become breeders of the fancy. Exchange.

Preserving Eggs.

Numerous methods of preserving eggs are in use, says Field and Farm. The idea of all of them is to keep out the air so that oxygen decay may be arrested for a considerable length of time, especially if the eggs are perfectly fresh at the start and are kept in a cool, dark place. The standard method most used by speculators and dealers is to put eggs in lime water. The process is as follows, this recipe having been widely sold at \$5 under pledge of secrecy. Take two gallons of water, twelve pounds of unslaked lime and four pounds of salt, or in that proportion, according to the quantity of eggs to be preserved. Stir several times daily and then let stand until the liquid has settled and is perfectly clear. Draw or carefully dip off the clear liquid, leaving the sediment at the bottom. Take five ounces each of baking soda, cream of tartar, saltpeter and an ounce of alum. Pulverize and mix these and dissolve in one gallon of boiling water and add to the mixture twenty gallons of pure lime water. This will about fill a cider barrel. Put the eggs in carefully, so as

not to crack any of the shells, letting the water always stand an inch above the eggs, which can be done by placing a barrel head a little smaller upon them and weighting it. This amount of liquid will preserve 150 dozen eggs. It is not necessary to wait to get a full barrel or smaller package of eggs, but can be put in at any time if fresh. The same liquid should be used only once.

For Freecy Bulls.

Herewith is produced an illustration of a device copied from a sketch presented in a leading agricultural paper in Australia. The device is thus described: "A block of wood is screwed on to each horn and a wire stretched from block to block and also to the nose ring, as shown. So long as there is no pressure on the wires between the ring and the horns the nose ring is simply held upward without any discomfort to the animal. Should the bull rush any other animal or attempt to get through any fence the pressure pulls the nose ring upward, causing considerable pain. It requires very few experiences to teach the animal that any misbehavior on his part is attended by suffering to himself. One prominent breeder says even the fiercest of bulls is quickly tamed by his device."

Good Care of Stock Pans.

Never try to lay up a big bank account by raising scrub stock, says the Farmer's Advocate. If you have a good grade of stock and cannot afford to buy one or more thoroughbreds, you can make your grade stock better by liberal feeding and good care. Stunting young stock, though they may be thoroughbreds, will in a short time reduce them to worse than scrubs. Because scrubs are never used to and do not receive very ordinary care. The thoroughbred does expect liberal feeding and good care, and will degenerate without it.

Feeding Grain to Sheep.

Sheep make the best use of grain when it is fed in its original whole, dry condition. Masticating their food thoroughly, the finest weed seeds are totally fined and destroyed. Finely ground grain forms a sticky mass in the mouth and seems distasteful to the sheep.

Dairy Gleanings.

It is not always the man with the biggest herd of cows who clears the most money from his dairy. Gilt-edged butter is more to be desired on the average customer's plate than any delicacy of the season. The dairy woman who churns before "sun up" in the morning often makes firm-grained butter without the use of ice.

Useful Hints.

To prevent iron sticking, rub them on a knife board. This will make them both smooth and clean.

White china, if occasionally washed in water to which a little blue has been added, will preserve its pure color for a much longer time.

Gold and silver articles which have become tarnished are cleansed best and most quickly by rubbing them with a piece of thick blotting paper.

Metal teapots should have a lump of sugar put inside them before they are put away, otherwise they are apt to remain damp and acquire a musty flavor.

Smoking lamps are among the unpleasant things that winter brings, but they can be prevented by soaking the wick in vinegar before using and then letting it dry thoroughly.

Dulled brass may be brightened by rubbing it over with a freshly cut lemon, thus removing the discolorations and then washing it with water in which some ammonia has been poured.

HOUSEHOLD TALKS



Raspberry Marmalade.

Place two pounds of berries in a kettle over a slow fire. Boil thirty minutes, or till reduced one-half. Place at the same time one pint and a half of sugar in a saucepan with half a pint of water, and cook over the fire to a "crack." This may be ascertained by pouring a little of the hot sugar into ice water. If, on taking it between the fingers, it will break like glass, it has cooked enough. When the fruit is boiled enough add the hot sugar, stir and cook slowly five minutes, then put in jars and finish as directed. Strawberry and blackberry marmalade may be prepared with the same recipe. Another way is to boil the fruit thirty minutes, measure it, add to every pint of fruit one pound of sugar, boil ten minutes, and finish as directed.

Irish Moss Blanc Manger.

Let one tablespoonful of Irish moss remain in tepid water for fifteen minutes, then put in a strainer and hold under the faucet, allowing cold water to run over it for one minute. This removes the crude seaweed flavor. Put the moss in one pint of milk and let simmer for fifteen minutes. Remove from the stove and press through a colander to break up the moss, retaining a part of it in the blanc manger. Some persons prefer that the moss be retained. When almost cold, stir in two saccharine tablets which have previously been dissolved in a little water, and add vanilla extract. Pour in individual jelly moulds, and when ice cold serve with cream.

Rice Omlet Souffle.

Boil a quarter of a pound of well-washed Carolina rice in a pint and a half of milk until stiff. Stir in two ounces of butter, half a pint of cream and four eggs yolks beaten light with two ounces of granulated sugar and vanilla to taste, add a quarter of a pound of citron cut fine and two ounces of almonds blanched and pounded fine in a mortar. Stir all well together, adding at the last four whites of eggs beaten very stiff. Put in a pudding dish and bake until firm—about half an hour. Serve immediately in the dish in which it was baked.

Sweet Potatoes Mashed and Browned.

Boil three sweet potatoes of medium size until done. Peel and squeeze through the patent vegetable strainer, add a heaping tablespoonful of butter, salt and pepper to taste, and enough milk to make very soft. Put in a baking dish, dot it over with tiny bits of butter and bake until brown. Serve in the dish in which it is baked. If any is left over remove the thin brown skin, make the potato into small, flat cakes and brown on both sides in a little butter in a spider.

Salmon Loaf.

Melt two tablespoonfuls of butter in a saucepan, add two eggs well beaten, two-thirds of a cup of cracker crumbs, salt and pepper to taste, and all from one can of salmon. Remove the bones and skin from the salmon and add to the above mixture. Work until very fine; put in a greased baking powder can, cover, and steam one hour. Remove from can while hot and set on ice. Serve sliced on platter, garnished with hard-boiled eggs, parsley and quarters of lemon.

Stuffed Eggs.

Cut off the tops of hard boiled eggs and carefully remove the yolks with the handle of a spoon. Cut off the other end of the egg so that they will stand, then fill with the following mixture: the white meat of cold chicken chopped fine, a small piece of melted butter, a pinch of salt, the yolks of the eggs and one teaspoon of cream for each egg used. If eaten cold, garnish the dish with parsley, but if not, serve with drawn-butter sauce.

Apricot Jam.

Pare and cut the apricots in small pieces. Weigh them and add to each pound of fruit one pound of sugar. Place the fruit and sugar over the fire, boil three-quarters of an hour; then pour into the jars.

Squash.

Squash cooked in a steamer is much better than when boiled; for this purpose a colander will answer. If they are boiled, drain through a thin cloth, and season with salt and butter.

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VESPER.

Monday evening a number of Ellsworth P. Murgatroyd's friends were entertained at the home of his parents. Ice cream and refreshments were served. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. William Cole, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Merrill, Lena Otto, Lizzie Dunken, Nellie Flanagan, Mabel Murgatroyd, Clara Johnson, Miss Thompson, Clyde Dunken, John Flanagan, Fred Ellsworth, Roland and Johnnie Murgatroyd.

Vesper Camp M. W. A. will hold an open installation of officers in their hall on January 1st. After the installation they will give an oyster supper and dance for the members and their families. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: C. Otto, V. C.; P. J. Flanagan, W. A. Wm. Cole, banker; J. Flanagan, clerk; P. E. Murgatroyd, escort; Jos. Cizek, watchman; J. Russ, secretary; Dr. F. A. Goedecke, physician.

Among those who transacted business in Grand Rapids during the week were Mr. and Mrs. Timmie, Michael Kane, C. R. Goldsborough, Ed Flanagan, Vinie White, Mrs. Patrick Flanagan, Joseph White, John Murgatroyd and Conrad Bord.

Miss Clara Johnson's school will give an entertainment in the hall on Friday evening, Dec. 20th. After the entertainment there will be an oyster supper. All are invited.

Bills are out for a grand masquerade at the opera hall, December 25th. Connie Hessler and Henry Swarick are managers, and that means a good time.

Mrs. Dr. F. A. Goedecke returned from Milwaukee on Saturday, where she attended the funeral of her brother-in-law.

P. Flanagan's saloon was entered one night last week and a quantity of liquor carried off.

Mrs. Henry Tractel was reported quite ill the past week.

We have struck the popular taste in rings by experience, not by guess, and offer the largest and best line of solid gold set rings in the northwest. A. P. Hirzy.

CRANMOOR.

Miss Harriet Whittelsey has been confined to her home since Friday of last week with an attack of smallpox. The young lady was quite sick for several days but is reported to be better at this writing and her recovery is considered to be only a matter of time. She was able to be up and about the house for a short time on Thursday.

S. N. Whittelsey got off the train at this place on Tuesday only to discover that his home had been quarantined by the development of a case of small pox. He has since been residing in Grand Rapids with his son Charles.

Miss Dorothy Fitch came down from Nekoosa on Thursday and left the day following for Wausau, where she expects to spend some time visiting.

Master Harrison Kruger has been quite sick this week with what is supposed to be the grip. He is somewhat better at this writing.

The home of Ralph Smith has been connected with the outside world by a telephone, the instrument being installed last Friday.

Among the Grand Rapids visitors from this burg last Friday were Mrs. Geo. Scott and James Gaynor.

George Scott spent Sunday with his family at this place, returning to Port Edwards Monday morning.

Mrs. Schaeffer has been in rather poor health during the winter from rheumatic trouble.

Dr. C. A. Boorman visited this place on Wednesday and vaccinated the school children.

Mrs. W. H. Fitch and Miss Carolyn Fitch spent Wednesday in Grand Rapids.

Edward Krager spent one day at Armenia this week.

Women and Jewels.

Jewels, candy, flowers, man—that is the order of a woman's preferences. Jewels form a magnet of mighty power to the average woman. Even that greatest of all jewels, health, is often ruined in the strenuous efforts to make or save the money to purchase them. If a woman will risk her health to get a coveted gem, then let her fortify herself against the insidious consequences of coughs, colds and bronchial affections by the regular use of Dr. Bochee's German Syrup. It will promptly arrest consumption in its early stages and heal the affected lungs and bronchial tubes and drive the dread disease from the system. It is not a cure-all, but it is a certain cure for coughs, colds, and all bronchial troubles. You can get Dr. G. G. Green's reliable remedies at Johnson & Hill Co.'s drug department. Get Green's Special Almanac.

If your dealings with J. R. Chapman have been satisfactory, call and see him this year for Xmas presents. We want to do business on our merits.

ALTDORF.

Dominick, the seven year old son of Jos. Schiller has had an attack of bronchitis but is recovering under the care of Dr. Goedecke of Vesper.

Mrs. H. Bauman and Mrs. A. Arnold went to Grand Rapids Wednesday to do some Xmas shopping.

Mrs. F. Wipfli, Mrs. A. Fertel and Louis Wipfli were Nekoosa visitors Saturday.

RUDOLPH.

Mr. and Mrs. Barnes St. Dennis and Mrs. Louis Livernash were visitors at the paper-mill and poor farm at Port Edwards last Saturday.

Miss Mertie Sharkey of this town spent her Thanksgiving at Merrill and on her way back stopped off at Wausau.

Louis Akey of Grand Rapids, is a business visitor in this town this week.

Bat Sharkey who has been visiting at Merrill returned last Saturday.

Geo. Akey of Quincy, was a visitor in this town Monday and Tuesday.

John Omholt is still purchasing potatoes this week.

Joe Provost departed Monday for Tomahawk.

BABCOCK.

Fox hunting is "all the go" in Babcock these days. It is reported that the woods are full of them. The boys have contrived a unique way of catching them, which is to have one fellow place a "gunny" sack in the mouth of the den and the rest of the boys surround the woods and make a great noise so as to scare the poor fox into going home. Of course the trick is to slip the noose and hold the fox a prisoner in the sack. Did you hold the sack?

The Lyceum held its second election of officers on Wednesday evening and the following persons were elected for the next six weeks: President, Prin. C. W. Jenkins; vice president, Amos Griffith; secretary, Lizzie Sullivan; treasurer, Grover Stout; sergeant-at-arms, Miss Akey; program committee, Miss Emmons, James O'Leary.

Miss Clara Schultz and two sisters, Edith and Emma, and their brother, Harry, were in Grand Rapids Saturday, buying their Christmas presents. Miss Clara is a senior in the Grand Rapids high school, while Miss Emma is in the 8th grade at Merrill.

Richard Crow left Wednesday morning for Kaukauna, where he has a position firing on the Northwestern railroad. Our best wishes are with "Dick."

Miss Eva Muller, who was confined to the home for some time with diphtheria, is able to be out again.

Mrs. Wm. Sullivan arrived home from her shopping trip to Milwaukee on Friday.

Thos. F. Cummings was a business visitor to Grand Rapids on Saturday. Chas. Conklin and Dan O'Brien came down on No. 2 Sunday night.

E. P. Rogers of Finley transacted business in Babcock Monday.

Hon. Jas. K. P. Hiles spent a short time in our town on Sunday.

Dr. Simonson of Tomah was a visitor to Babcock on Tuesday.

Wm. W. Stout made a business trip to Veedum on Sunday.

Services were held in the Catholic church on Sunday.

A. J. Butler of Veedum spent Sunday in Babcock.

Coughs and Colds in Children.

I use and prescribe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for almost all obstinate, constricted coughs, with direct results. I prescribe it to children of all ages. Am glad to recommend it to all in need and seeking relief from colds and coughs and bronchial affections. It is non-narcotic and safe in the most unprofessional. A universal panacea for all mankind.—Mrs. Mary R. McLeary, M.D., Ph. D., Chicago, Ill. This remedy is for sale by Johnson & Hill Co.

SHERRY.

The Sherry Mill Camp M. W. A. erected the following members to the following office, for the ensuing year: V. C.—F. W. Parks, W. A.—Wm. McCormack, C.—Ossida Leroux, E. B.—Hugh C. Jones, Sentry—Wm. Hinsicker, Watchman—John H. Williams, Escort—Harry Thomas. The camp is now in a flourishing condition with 25 members.

The Sherry village blacksmith shop has a very liberal patronage so far and Becker & Sons have the thanks of the community for their enterprise.

Mrs. F. Hipke and family returned here the latter part of the week after being absent at Milwaukee and Thorpe for a few weeks.

Albert Rusch was the victim of an unfortunate mishap last Friday stepping upon a nail which confines him to the house.

John E. Jones returned from Waukesha Tuesday, after being absent for a few days on account of the death of a relative.

C. E. Anderton and family will return to their home at Milwaukee on Thursday for the winter.

The Willing Workers society gave a bean social on Tuesday evening which was a pleasant affair.

Becker Mfg. Co. have been busily engaged hauling lumber to the station the past week.

Mike Moran will soon move his family to his newly erected residence on his farm.

C. N. Vermuelen and family departed Saturday for Beloit, their future home.

A. C. Kelly made a business trip to Junction City the fore part of the week.

Jim Atkins spent Monday at Grand Rapids where he bought a handsome cutter.

Rev. W. J. Agnew attended an organ recital at Stevens Point the last of the week.

Wm. Jones and Wm. Rowland from Cambria are here again for the winter.

Llewellyn Williams of Waukesha, is visiting friends in our midst.

A. C. Cline and family will be residents of our burg soon.

SIGEL.

Though to hear of drunkards prowling around houses is not so common now as it used to be, yet there are still some representatives of that class who have not forgotten the practice. Some nights ago a sot, who, for some reason best known to himself, stayed in town a little longer than he calculated to and as it was dark while he was on the way home, he got lost, not knowing where he was he wandered about Matt Frost's premises for a good share of the night until directed to his home by Mr. Frost.

The reason why no Sigel news was found on this page last week was not that there was none to record, nor that this town was snowbound, but that no mail carrier chanced to come along. The events of the week were mostly common-place and consequently no mention will be made of them here.

Frank Brastowitz has been busy sawing wood for the farmers during the past week. He has a very good outfit for cutting wood and wherever he goes he leaves a big pile of wood in his wake.

The members of the Chas. Rick family, who were reported as having gone to Milwaukee some time ago, have returned home after having spent a number of pleasant days in that city.

The work on James Roshan's house has been completed and now that gentlemen has a comfortable dwelling.

Sunday services are now being held in the new Catholic church.

To get rid of a Troublesome Corn.

First soak it in warm water to soften it, then pare it down as closely as possible without drawing the blood and apply Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice daily rubbing vigorously for five minutes at each application. A corn plaster should be worn for a few days, to protect it from the shoe. As a general liniment for sprain, bruises, lameness and rheumatism, Pain Balm is unequalled. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co.

In the new apiculture, the length of bees' tongues is of importance. The longer the tongue the greater is the honey-gathering capacity, and a new French apparatus, the glossometer, is designed to aid the apiculturist who, by judicious selection, seeks to develop a long-tongued race. The apparatus is simply a glass vessel for syrup, with a lid having numerous perforations, and a floating scale to show the height of the liquid when the bees just reach it through the holes. It is estimated that the ordinary bee can draw sweets from a depth of a quarter of an inch and that selection can increase the range a twenty-fifth of an inch.

Our cut glass sparkies like a myriad little suns, and the prices will surprise you. The designs are all new and by the best makers. A. P. Hirzy.

A mistake not likely to be rectified seems to have been made by the first designers of car-wheels for railways. The flanges, doubtless without special consideration, were placed on the inside, where they may remain, but a Burnham contractor has shown that wheels with outside flanges will safely round sharp curves where those with inside flanges will jam or leave the track.

If you will make a few inquiries about where to take your watch for repairs you will surely take it to J. R. Chapman, the expert watch maker.

The oxygen pellets of G. F. Jandert of Paris, are prepared by mixing 200 pounds of chloride of lime with 78 pounds of sodium dioxide and forming the resulting yellowish-white powder into cakes under strong compression. The cakes are as hard and shiny as crockery. They are used as calcium carbide is used for acetylene and on being placed in water give off a regular and even supply of oxygen gas.

For Sale—A building 16x24 very cheap. Also a lot of studding and joists. Apply to D. FACCETT.

One big load of dry kindling wood delivered to any part of the city for one dollar. BADGER BOX & LUMBER CO. Telephone No. 314.

(First Publication 11-27-14)

Notice of Final Settlement.
State of Wisconsin—Wood County—
In County Court.

In the matter of the estate of Dora King, deceased.
On application of Theodore Lipke, Administrator with will annexed of the Estate of Dora King, deceased, for the adjustment and allowance of his administration account, and for his discharge as such administrator.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, adjusted and allowed, at a special term of said court, to be held in the court house, in the city of Grand Rapids, said county of Wood, on the 4th Tuesday of December, to-wit, the 24th day of December, A. D. 1901, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of said account, be given to all persons interested, by publication of a copy of this order, for three consecutive weeks here and said day, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a weekly newspaper published at the city of Grand Rapids, in said Wood County.

Dated November 19th, A. D. 1901.
By the Court, JOHN A. GAYNOR,
County Judge.

MUSICAL

MERCHANDISE.

Can be found in great quantities at Hirzy's store.
Biggest stock in the county.

Watches, And JEWELRY of all kinds
suitable for holiday gifts.
Diamonds, Don't buy until you see my
goods and hear my prices.

A. P. HIRZY.

Magnificent Holiday Stock

Our Store is crowded with it. Choose your gifts before the inevitable rush. Stocks are now at their best. Hordes of appropriate presents for young and old displayed in every department.

ONLY 9 DAYS MORE

to make up your mind in, and if you wait until the 9th day you may be everlastingly too late.

JUST ARRIVED

A beautiful assortment of PICTURES in carbon, black and white and pastel, varying in price from 50c to \$8.50

Also a new lot of Burnt Leather Goods, in Music Rolls, Book Covers, Magazine Covers Racks, etc., all at our usual low prices.

SPECIAL.

100 beautiful PICTURE FRAMES, Size 8x10, Gold, Mahogany, Birch and Ebony finish, gold corners with mat, glass and back complete to go at

25 CENTS.

You cannot duplicate them anywhere for less than 75 cents.

Come in and see the largest display of fine goods ever displayed in Grand Rapids.

DRUG DEPARTMENT

—We want your prescriptions—

Inspect our
Dry Goods Department
for everything for the ladies.

Look over our
CLOTHING DEPT.
for useful gifts for men and boys.

JOHNSON & HILL COMPANY.

Largest Distributors of Merchandise in Wood County.

GRAND RAPIDS, - - - WISCONSIN.